

Stocks firm. Bonds steady. Cotton steady.
Wheat firmer. Corn irregular.

VOL. 88. NO. 352.

REBEL ARMY NEAR TOLEDO, 30 MILES FROM MADRID

Vanguard of Southern
Force at Outskirts of
Spanish City on March
Toward Decisive Battle
for Capital.

NORTHERN TROOPS JOIN IN DRIVE

Artillery and Bombing
Planes Support Advance
—Three Columns Move
on Loyal Soldiers in
Guadarrama Mountains.

(Copyright, 1936, by the Associated Press.)
PAMPLONA, Spain, Aug. 22.—The vanguard of Southern rebel troops has reached the outskirts of Toledo, 30 miles from Madrid, in the march toward a battle for possession of the Spanish capital, Gen. Francisco Franco, commander-in-chief, reported today.

This indicated Fascist armies, in capturing a big drive in the efforts to overthrow the Lefist Government, had turned eastward 90 miles from Navalmaral.

The new position would place the Southern troops directly south of Madrid, with an unimpeded road to the capital if loyalists at Toledo can be dislodged.

Fascist columns marched, also from the North, rebel headquarters here said, their advance preceded by artillery fire and aerial bombardment of loyalist positions.

Rebel officers emphasized, however, that the march would not be a frenzied dash. Troops halted frequently to consolidate positions and map the strategy of the attack.

Three columns already in the Guadarrama Mountains north of Madrid, rebel leaders said, comprised the spearhead of attack from that sector.

Fascist soldiers in the North alone were numbered at 200,000. The Southern army included Moroccan native troops estimated to number 8000 to 12,000, in addition to thousands of regular army forces.

Government Concentrating on Capture of Cordoba.

(By the Associated Press.)
MADRID, Aug. 22.—Government forces today reported capture of the Simancas barracks, "last redoubt of the rebels at Gijon," and several towns in Northern Huesca Province.

Desertion of 6000 rebel soldiers on various fronts was reported in Madrid.

The Government concentrated attention on capture of Cordoba, the War Ministry said, "not only because of its importance as an industrial victory, but because of its strategic position."

"Fall of Cordoba means seizure of valuable railroad telephonic and telegraphic communications. It would also insure an advance to the Granada, attack on Seville, and capture of practically the whole of Andalusia," the ministry said.

Alplane Fight Takes Place Over Huesca Province.

(By the Associated Press.)
BARCELONA, Aug. 22.—A plane fight between Government and rebel planes was reported today over the province of Huesca. There were no reported casualties.

Fascist planes were ordered this morning to bombard Vicen, but the hand grenades they dropped (they had no aviation bombs) did not explode.

Loyal flyers on patrol chased the rebel planes toward Zaragoza.

Reports from other sections of the Aragon front along the French frontier today said that other rebel planes flew over Lefinena, but dropped no bombs.

The airplane fight followed bombardment of Vicen which rebel artillery. Some civilians were killed and wounded.

Loyalists said their forces had captured the town of San Julian de Baza, cutting off communication between Zaragoza and Huesca.

It was this report which prompted Fascist rebel leaders to order the aerial bombardment of Vicen.

French War Correspondent Shot.

(By the Associated Press.)
MADRID, Aug. 22.—Georges le Lorrain, war correspondent for Havas (French) News Agency, was wounded last night by a bullet in his thigh while he toured the Guadarrama battle lines. One other occupant of the automobile in which he was riding was killed and several others were injured.

Tells of Vote for Burke; No Record in Returns

Olive Street Resident Withholds His Name,
Lest Publicity Cause Him to
Lose WPA Job.

An Olive street resident, who declined to permit use of his name for fear of jeopardizing his WPA job, came to the Post-Dispatch yesterday and said he had voted in the primary for William Warren Burke for the Democratic nomination for State Senator in the fourth precinct of the Fifth Ward, although the official election returns show Burke did not receive a single vote in that precinct.

The caller explained he had seen the official returns in an article published in Thursday's Post-Dispatch, detailing the figures of the

vote by which State Senator Michael Kinney was renominated in the Thirty-first Senatorial District over Burke. In the Fifth Ward, Kinney's balliwick, Burke received six votes and Kinney 3658. In six precincts of that ward, including the fourth precinct, the official returns show no votes at all for Burke.

He had voted for many years, the caller said, and was sure he had not mismarked his ballot so that it could have been thrown out as "spoiled." He said he was quite willing to repeat his statement that he voted for Burke before the Grand Jury or other official investigating body.

STRIKE CAUSES SCARCITY OF FOOD IN MINNEAPOLIS

Wholesale Houses Still Closed—
Union Allows Three Grain
Elevators to Reopen.

(By the Associated Press.)
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 22.—Housewives felt the pinch of a grocery shortage here today as truck drivers continued a strike that has halted deliveries from wholesale firms.

Retailers estimated their quick-moving supplies would last about two more days but they said there was a shortage in some canned goods.

Fourteen wholesale establishments were closed when the drivers walked out, seeking wage adjustments and union recognition. Steps were taken to relieve farmers affected by a second strike—that of grain elevator workers who quit three days ago. They demanded union recognition and improved working conditions.

One big flour mill, 35 elevators and a number of feed mills closed, but union officers said the Farmers National Grain Corporation would be permitted to open its three Minneapolis elevators so farm co-operative members could move their grain.

TWO ARMY FLYERS KILLED

Capt. Brann and Lieut. Curcio
Crashed at Altamont Pass, Cal.

(By the Associated Press.)
OAKLAND, Cal., Aug. 22.—The bodies of Capt. Harold Brann and Lieut. Anthony Curcio, Moffett Field army flyers, were found in their wrecked observation plane today in Altamont Pass, eight miles east of Livermore. The plane had hit a hill as the aviators were returning from a flight to Bakersfield. Capt. Brann, the observer, and Lieut. Curcio were still strapped in their seats. The plane did not catch fire.

(By the Associated Press.)
LAKEWOOD, N. J., Aug. 22.—One man was killed and two others severely injured today when an airplane crashed into the Metedeconk River near Lawrenceville. The man was identified as Hubert Weiss, 23 years old, Ridgely Park, and his companions as Raymond L. Raboliolo, 29, of Paterson, and Charles S. Stubbe, 17, of Ridgely Park.

FAIR; NOT MUCH CHANGE TODAY AND TOMORROW

(By the Associated Press.)
The temperature today and tomorrow will be fair, with not much change in temperature.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and tomorrow; not much change in temperature.

Missouri: Partly cloudy, local thundershowers in extreme west portion this afternoon or tonight; tomorrow generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Illinois: Generally fair tonight and tomorrow; continued warm. Sunset, 6:47; sunrise (tomorrow), 5:22.

Temperatures in other cities will be found on Page 5B of this edition.

Stage of the Mississippi at St. Louis, —3.7 feet, no change; at Grafton, Ill., —1.6 feet, no change; the Missouri at St. Charles, 7.8 feet, no change.

Outlook for Next Week.

(By the Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—The weather outlook for next week: For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys—Generally fair weather, but some indications of showers toward end of week; temperature above normal south and near normal north portion.

ANTI-NAZI OUTBREAK ON LINER BREMEN

Demonstrators in Court Say
Ship Sailed With One of
Their Number.

(By the Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Demonstrators protesting against the German Government's Spanish policy precipitated disorder on the liner Bremen today. Twelve persons were arrested on charges of disorderly conduct.

In Police Court the demonstrators said they believed one of their friends, a girl, was aboard the liner when it sailed. Allan Taub, an attorney for the International Labor Defense, said the eight girl prisoners he was defending had assured him a ninth girl was "detained on the vessel."

Magistrate Henry H. Curran paroled the 12 prisoners, charged with disorderly conduct, in the custody of their attorneys for a hearing next Thursday.

About 150 demonstrators, many in evening clothes, quietly boarded the liner more than an hour before it was due to sail early today. As if on a pre-arranged signal, they began shouting exhortations against the Nazi Government, unfurling banners reading "Down with Nazi Intervention in Spain!"

Police officers and crew members rushed the invaders. Deck chairs flew while hundreds of passengers and their friends looked on.

The demonstrators, many of them women, doffed outer wraps and disclosed white sweater shirts bearing red letters in such sentences as "End Nazi War Movements," and "Free Simpson."

Lawrence Simpson, an American seaman, allegedly was imprisoned by the Nazis more than a year ago after his removal from the liner Manhattan in Hamburg.

In groups of two and threes, the demonstrators marched through the ship, passing out handbills. Several girls whipped chains from their clothing and fastened themselves to the railings of the first class deck. The crew chopped the chains with axes.

At the height of the fighting, Max Schmeling, former world heavyweight champion, arrived with his party to sail for Germany. He watched briefly and then retired to his quarters.

Police arrived in response to a riot call, and the outbreak was quelled quickly. The demonstrators were ejected to the pier and then to the street. Eight of those arrested were women.

The incident delayed sailing of the Bremen only five minutes.

The outbreak was the second involving the Bremen in little more than a year.

EARTHQUAKE ON FORMOSA

Entire Island Shaken; Shocks Rattle California Windows.

(By the Associated Press.)
TOKYO, Aug. 22.—An earthquake shook the entire island of Formosa today, the Domei (Japanese) News Agency reported from the city of Taihoku on the northern tip of the Japanese possession. No casualties were reported, although several houses collapsed at Taihu. The seismic center was placed in the sea off Taio Province, about 200 miles southeast of Taihoku.

(By the Associated Press.)
LOS ANGELES, Aug. 22.—A slight, brief earth shock was felt in several Southern California communities last night. Windows were rattled and pictures were moved, but no damage was reported.

Reports of the shock were received from Santa Ana, Santa Fe Springs, Bellvedere Gardens, Anaheim, Whittier and the southwest section of Los Angeles. The tremor lasted but three or four seconds.

Airliner Crashes: One Killed.

(By the Associated Press.)
ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 22.—The Imperial Airways flying boat from Alexandria to Brindisi crashed in landing today on Mirabella Bay. One passenger was killed and another was believed to have been drowned. Five other passengers and a crew of four were rescued.

TREASURY ABOUT TO COMPROMISE WATSON TAX CASE

Ex-Senator Says \$15,000
Has Been Agreed on in
Complaint Involving
\$100,000 in 'Gifts'.

HE RECEIVED THEM WHILE IN SENATE

Political Persecution
Charges Have Figured in
This and Other Income
Levy Proceedings.

(By MARQUIS W. CHILDS,
A Staff Correspondent of the
Post-Dispatch.)

(Copyright, 1936, by Pulitzer Publishing Co., the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. All property rights in news reserved under Federal Court decisions. Reproduction prohibited.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Sensitive to the charge of political persecution frequently raised during the last year, the Bureau of Internal Revenue is about to compromise an income tax charge against former Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, Republican, involving "gifts" to Watson while he was still in the Senate in 1930.

The "gifts" are reported to amount to about \$100,000. One "gift," from a large radio corporation, is said to have been \$50,000. Watson today confirmed reports that the tax charge was about to be compromised for \$15,000. The amount of tax due on the Watson "gifts" could not be computed without a knowledge of the entire amount received in income by the former Indiana Senator in 1930.

Under the income tax law gifts are not subject to taxation. The \$50,000 "gift" is said to have been reported by the radio corporation as a "fee" that was a part of operating expense.

Understanding 3 Months Ago.
"It is wholly a matter of interpretation," Watson said at his law offices here. "Those people down there at the Bureau of Internal Revenue disagree with my interpretation. The thing was in effect concluded three months ago although it is not yet formally settled. I had long since dismissed it from my mind."

Under the strict laws pertaining to secrecy of all income tax matters, officials of the Bureau of Internal Revenue declined to make any comment on the charge. The alternative to compromise would have been to have sought an indictment charging fraud and assessing the fraud penalty in addition to the income tax which the Government claims from Watson. This procedure was followed against Andrew W. Mellon, former Secretary of the Treasury, whose case, involving a tax and fraud penalty of more than \$3,000,000, is still pending before the Board of Tax Appeals.

Although Bureau of Internal Revenue and Treasury officials declined to comment, a Cabinet officer who was asked if the Watson charge had been discussed within the administration, said recently, before the Board of Tax Appeals.

"I know they were after him and things looked hot for a while, but you know there are a number of people in high places here who speak of 'good old Jim.'"

Watson Defeated by Democrat.
Watson during his many years of service in the House and the Senate was known for his geniality and the potency of the political machine he built up in Indiana. He first came to the House in 1895 and served there, with the exception of certain intervals, until he was elected to the Senate in 1916. He was defeated for re-election by Senator Sherman Minton, Democrat.

At the time he received the "gift" from the radio firm in 1930 an act sponsored by Senator Couzens of Michigan was before Congress to put all forms of communication under a single commission, taking the telegraph and telephone from the Interstate Commerce Commission. Control over radio broadcasting would, of course, have been vested in this commission.

Watson was at that time leader of the Republican majority in the Senate, having succeeded with control over broadcasting, was created under another act passed in 1934.

"Nothing Political," He Says.
"There is nothing political about this charge," Watson told the Post-Dispatch. "Hundreds of such cases are on file at the bureau. I cannot see why there should be any special interest in my case. I am merely a private citizen."

He maintains law offices in Indianapolis and Chicago as well as in

Continued on Page 5, Column 6.

MRS. MUENCH, THE DOCTOR AND OTHERS IN BABY HOAX FOUND GUILTY AND FINED

Convicted



ABOVE, DR. AND MRS. MUENCH; below, WILFRED JONES AND HELEN BERROYER.



LONDON CALLS ON U. S. TO STICK TO "AMERICAN WAY"

Assails 'Pig-in-Poke Policies of New Deal' in
Speech at Pennsylvania
Birthplace.

(By the Associated Press.)
WEST MIDDLESEX, Pa., Aug. 22.—Gov. AIF M. Landon today declared the presidential campaign presented a "choice between the pig in the poke policies" of the New Deal and American "freedom of enterprise."

In his first major Eastern address, the Republican nominee pledged himself "so far as it lies within my power to protect for America our heritage of freedom and opportunity."

He spoke from a platform on the Tam O'Shanter golf course, a mile from the village of West Middlesex, where he was born almost 49 years ago. His topic was "The American Way of Life."

"The word 'American' . . . means an attitude of heart and mind," Landon said, "an outlook on life. It means not only deep love of liberty and justice, but courage to face the dangers and responsibilities that go with liberty."

"This American way of life is being challenged. We are told that it does not meet modern requirements. . . . Some are trying to supplant our institutions by others from abroad."

"Periods of depression are favorable for reviving ancient and discredited systems of society and government, and presenting them as the sure way of gaining Utopia. . . . The confidence of many of our people in our way of doing things has been shaken. They are wondering whether we may not have too scrap our American institutions."

"This doubt and distrust is fostered by unstable men to whom it is always dangerous to give political power. . . . Before the depression, there are timid souls who fear that the temporary setback is to be permanent. There is nothing to justify any such conclusion. We have had hard times before. . . ."

"We are told now, however, that 'Let us not surrender to any such counsel of despair,' he said. 'Let us not abandon our determination to win security and abundance without sacrificing any of our precious heritage of freedom.'"

"In this depression, as in every depression, there are timid souls who fear that the temporary setback is to be permanent. There is nothing to justify any such conclusion. We have had hard times before. . . ."

"We are told now, however, that 'Let us not surrender to any such counsel of despair,' he said. 'Let us not abandon our determination to win security and abundance without sacrificing any of our precious heritage of freedom.'"

Continued on Page 5, Column 3.

TWO POLICEMEN INJURED IN REMINGTON RAND CLASH

Free-for-All in Front of Plant at
Syracuse, N. Y.; Several
Shots Fired.

(By the Associated Press.)
SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Two policemen were injured in a renewal of rioting at the Remington Rand Co.'s typewriter factory today. Workers and strike sympathizers exchange blows in a free-for-all on the street in front of the plant. Several shots were fired. One policeman was taken to a hospital after he was felled by a stone.

The fight began when company workers left the plant and started walking through a group of strike sympathizers across the street from the factory.

Jeers and hoots greeted the workers. Rocks began to fly through the air when the workers climbed into automobiles. The workers piled out of their cars and a fight ensued. Lengths of pipe, stones, bolts, small iron balls and clubs appeared.

Police charged the fighting group, arrested 10 and took them to police headquarters.

200 DRIVEN FROM HOMES BY SETTLING OF GROUND

Cave-in Occurs Over Flooded Mines
in Pennsylvania; No
Casualties.

(By the Associated Press.)
WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 22.—Settling of ground at Hughstown drove nearly 200 persons from their homes early today.

A survey by police showed about 50 homes were damaged. No casualties were reported.

The cave-in occurred over workings of a company whose mines were flooded last March. Pumps are still removing water from the pits. Neighbors provided shelter for the homeless.

MUSSOLINI FLIES TO ELBA

Purpose Thought to Be Study for
New Seaplane Base.

(By the Associated Press.)
ROME, Aug. 22.—Premier Mussolini this morning took off on a flight to the Isle of Elba.

The presence of Lieutenant-General Achille Starace, secretary of the Fascist party, and of Giuseppe Valle, under-secretary of the Air Ministry, led to beliefs that Mussolini would study the possibility of establishing a new seaplane base. It was stated, however, that he wished to inspect iron mines.

MAN KILLED IN FALL FROM THIRD FLOOR AT HOME

Peter Devey, Who Had Been Ill,
Plunges to Sidewalk in View
of Wife and Brother.

Peter Devey, 32-year-old railroad crossing watchman, fell to his death this afternoon from a third floor window at his home, 4517 Gibson avenue. His body struck the sidewalk leading to the front porch just as his wife, Helen, and brother, Anthony, were returning after visiting friends across the street.

Mrs. Devey said her husband had suffered a nervous breakdown recently and had been in a patient at the City Sanitarium last year and for several weeks last June. The green in the window from which he fell had been torn open.

The fact that no jail sentences were imposed was due to the compromising necessary to get a guilty verdict as to all defendants. Some of the jurors were in favor of the maximum penalty, a year in jail and a fine of \$1000.

The correspondent learned on good authority that if the majority had insisted on jail sentences for all it would have been impossible to reach a verdict. They decided it was best to let them off with comparatively light penalties, rather than have a hung jury.

The four were charged with criminal conspiracy to transfer custody of a baby to the Muenches without having obtained the approval of the Juvenile Court of St. Louis, so that Mrs. Muench might represent that she was its mother and Anna Ware, 19-year-old Pennsylvania house maid.

Any appeal which may be filed by any of the defendants could be heard only by the St. Louis Court of Appeals. That Court is already familiar with the facts in the case, and its three Judges concurred last December in the decree ordering the return of the baby which Mrs. Muench sought to represent as her own to its real mother, Anna Ware.

Defendants Silent.
The four defendants heard the announcement of the guilty verdict in silence. There was no demonstration in the courtroom.

Circuit Judge Walter A. Higbee allowed each of them 10 days in which to file motions for a new trial. Their bonds, pending formal sentence, were fixed at \$250 each and were signed by Joseph Cusumano of St. Louis.

Prosecuting Attorney James P. Finnegan gave the Post-Dispatch correspondent the following statement: "We are satisfied with the verdict of the jury. The defendants are convicted of the crime with which they were charged. I wish to commend Frank E. Mathews, my first associate, for his splendid

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

SHE AND JONES ASSESSED \$450; HUSBAND \$350 AND FRIEND \$150

Maximum Penalty Under
Charges Would Have
Been Year in Jail and
\$1000 Fine — Verdict
Reached After 48 Ballots.

COMPROMISE ON MRS. BERROYER

One Kahoka Juror. Hold-
ing Out for Her Acquit-
tal, Reported Won Over
by Agreement on Light
Penalty for All.

(By a Staff Correspondent of the
Post-Dispatch.)
KAHOKA, Mo., Aug. 22.—A jury in Clark County Circuit Court this afternoon found Mrs. Nellie Tipton Muench and her three co-defendants guilty of criminal conspiracy in the perpetration of their notorious baby hoax which the Post-Dispatch exposed last September.

Fines were assessed as penalties. Mrs. Muench and Attorney Wilfred Jones, the baby broker, were fined \$450 each. Dr. Ludwig O. Muench, husband of Mrs. Muench, was fined \$350, and Mrs. Helen Berroyer, steadfast friend of the Muenches, \$150.

Maximum penalty for the offense would have been a jail sentence of one year plus a fine of \$1000.

Forty-Eight Ballots by Jury.
The verdict came after more than 13 hours of deliberation, during which the jury took 48 ballots. It was understood that the first ballot was 10 to 2 for conviction of all defendants. Before last midnight the balloting was 11 to 1 for conviction. The one juror, it was understood, favored acquittal of Mrs. Berroyer and conviction of the other three. After much discussion today this juror was won over to a guilty verdict against Mrs. Berroyer by a compromise on a low fine.

The fact that no jail sentences were imposed was due to the compromising necessary to get a guilty verdict as to all defendants. Some of the jurors were in favor of the maximum penalty, a year in jail and a fine of \$1000.

The correspondent learned on good authority that if the majority had insisted on jail sentences for all it would have been impossible to reach a verdict. They decided it was best to let them off with comparatively light penalties, rather than have a hung jury.

The four were charged with criminal conspiracy to transfer custody of a baby to the Muenches without having obtained the approval of the Juvenile Court of St. Louis, so that Mrs. Muench might represent that she was its mother and Anna Ware, 19-year-old Pennsylvania house maid.

Any appeal which may be filed by any of the defendants could be heard only by the St. Louis Court of Appeals. That Court is already familiar with the facts in the case, and its three Judges concurred last December in the decree ordering the return of the baby which Mrs. Muench sought to represent as her own to its real mother, Anna Ware.

Defendants Silent.
The four defendants heard the announcement of the guilty verdict in silence. There was no demonstration in the courtroom.

Circuit Judge Walter A. Higbee allowed each of them 10 days in which to file motions for a new trial. Their bonds, pending formal sentence, were fixed at \$250 each and were signed by Joseph Cusumano of St. Louis.

Prosecuting Attorney James P. Finnegan gave the Post-Dispatch correspondent the following statement: "We are satisfied with the verdict of the jury. The defendants are convicted of the crime with which they were charged. I wish to commend Frank E. Mathews, my first associate, for his splendid

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

FRESH FIGHTING NEAR RUN AFTER MEDIATION FAILS

Rebel Warship Bombards
Three Forts — Forces on
Land Engage in Hand-to-
Hand Fighting.

INSURGENTS ROUTED WITH SMOKE SCREEN

Government Troops Start
Brush Fire, Then Attack,
to Dislodge Fascists on
Hills.

By the Associated Press.
HENDAYE, France, Aug. 22.—Renewing the rebel attack in the San Sebastian-Irun sector, the 12-inch guns of the battleship Espana bombarded the forts of Igualda, San Marcos and Guadalupe today. Observers said the rebels had difficulty in spotting their objectives, but the bombardment continued.

Government militiamen meanwhile gained several strategic points near Ventas in skirmishes with rifles and machine guns, but otherwise the opposing camps maintained their positions on the northern front.

(Copyright, 1938, by the Associated Press.)
IRUN, Spain, Aug. 22.—Hand-to-hand combat broke out on this battlefield last night, substantiating reports that an attempt by diplomats to mediate the Spanish civil war had proved futile.

Government troops recaptured two hills taken earlier in the day by rebels. Insurgent patrols on the hills a few miles southwest of here fired on the Irun-San Sebastian highway.

The Government rushed a column of 500 militiamen, armed with rifles and home-made dynamite grenades, to retake the hills at any cost.

The leftists started a brush fire at the base of the slopes, the smoke, providing a screen for the counter-attack, whipped up to the summits and drove the rebels back. The Government troops followed the fire to the crest of each hill and defeated the rebels in hand-to-hand fighting.

Popular front leaders said 14 revolutionaries were killed and three taken prisoners.

A Government armored train was reported to have backed loyalists in another battle on the road between Tolosa and San Sebastian where the rebels were reported to have lost 100 men (about five miles) from San Sebastian, beleaguered capital of Guipuzcoa province.

Other detachments met on a front between Alunda and La Punched. Both sides suffered losses but neither scored decisively.

Barbed wire entanglements were set up today on all roads leading to San Sebastian, with sand bag barricades as a second defense against rebel attack. Spanish loyalists said a foreign military expert supervised construction of the entanglements.

Collapse of Peace Negotiations at Hendaye Meeting.
HENDAYE, France, Aug. 22.—Efforts of foreign diplomats to find a basis for peace in the Spanish civil war have failed, it was authoritatively reported here last night.

The mediation attempt, undertaken both here and at Madrid, collapsed at a secret meeting in this border city several days ago, reliable sources said.

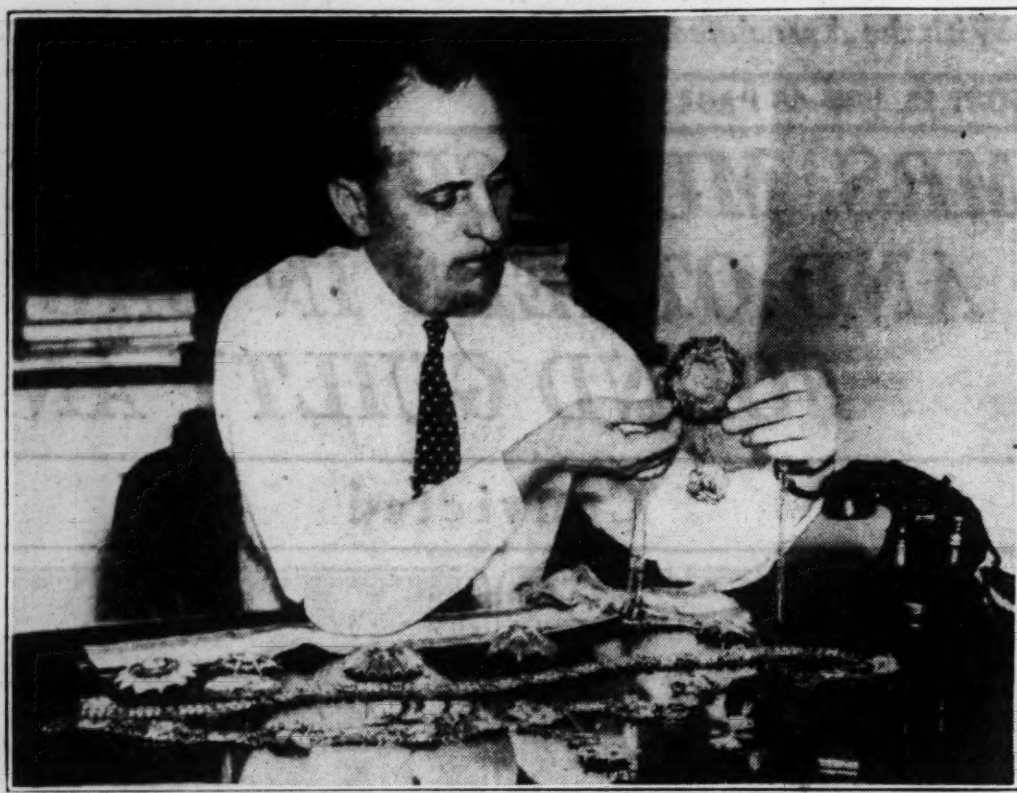
Daniel Garcia-Mandila, Argentine Ambassador to Spain, diplomatic circles said, sponsored the plan among other representatives of foreign governments who fled from Madrid and took refuge here.

The diplomats, it was said, decided the Argentine plan was not feasible "because the Spanish Government did not recognize the rebels as belligerents."

United States Ambassador Claude G. Bowers, although in Hendaye, was understood not to have participated.

Basque Nationalists—whose chief interest in the civil war is to win the autonomy they have long sought—were previously understood to have made peace representations.

Spanish Crown Jewels in Hock



PHILIP E. DONLIN, attorney for British Motors, for which the Count of Covadonga once was a salesman, looking over gold chains and medals at New York, which the son of former King Alfonso put up to get a loan "to buy some things."

ARMED BANDS PILLAGING CATALONIA, REFUGEES SAY

Government Said to Have Completely Broken Down in Province.

By the Associated Press.
PORT VENDRES, France, Aug. 22.—Refugees flooded across the Spanish border yesterday in flight, they said, from banditry in Catalonia.

The Government, they declared, was completely broken down. Many merchants and industrialists who said they were favorable to the Spanish Popular Front, declared neither the Generalitat, Catalanian Government Council, nor the political parties were able to cope with armed looters in bands pillaging the province.

More than 200 persons were executed in Tarragona, they said, and several hundred others were shot without trial at Lerida.

An industrialist who said he belonged to the party of Manuel Azana, President of Spain, declared all his factories had been seized by outlaw committees not recognized by the Generalitat.

The Generalitat recently decreed collectivization of all privately owned industry in autonomous Catalonia on a Communist pattern.

GAMBLING CHARGES AGAINST TRANSIENT CAMP DIRECTOR

Gordon W. Thomas Also Accused of Selling Liquor to Minors at Falcon, Mo.

By the Associated Press.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 22.—Charges of operating a gambling establishment and selling liquor to minors are pending in Laclede County Circuit Court against Gordon W. Thomas, director of the Federal transient camp at Falcon, Mo., as a result of a raid made by Sheriff Sam C. Allen at the camp.

Thomas, director of the transient hotel in Springfield, pleaded guilty in a Lenoan Justice Court of selling beer on Sunday and operating without a county license, and paid fines of \$100 on each count.

He found open selling of beer in one room of the commissary building at the camp and poker playing in another room at the time of the raid, the Sheriff said.

"Besides arresting Thomas, who admitted he operated the commissary as a private business venture, we seized a number of slot machines and enrolees who were selling beer and six men who were at card tables."

The diplomats, it was said, decided the Argentine plan was not feasible "because the Spanish Government did not recognize the rebels as belligerents."

United States Ambassador Claude G. Bowers, although in Hendaye, was understood not to have participated.

Basque Nationalists—whose chief interest in the civil war is to win the autonomy they have long sought—were previously understood to have made peace representations.

Daniel Garcia-Mandila, Argentine Ambassador to Spain, diplomatic circles said, sponsored the plan among other representatives of foreign governments who fled from Madrid and took refuge here.

The diplomats, it was said, decided the Argentine plan was not feasible "because the Spanish Government did not recognize the rebels as belligerents."

United States Ambassador Claude G. Bowers, although in Hendaye, was understood not to have participated.

Basque Nationalists—whose chief interest in the civil war is to win the autonomy they have long sought—were previously understood to have made peace representations.

COURT AUTHORIZES SKOURAS SETTLEMENT WITH BANK

Charles P. and Spiros Skouras to Pay \$76,243 to St. Louis National Receiver.

Authority to compromise the indebtedness of Charles P. and Spiros Skouras, former St. Louis movie theater operators, to the St. Louis National Bank, was granted J. Buckner Fisher, receiver for the bank, by Federal Judge Davis today.

The brothers, now operating on the Pacific Coast, will pay the bank \$76,243 on demand notes, some of which were secured by insurance policies and stock certificates. Payment will be in full, with the exception of one of five notes against Charles Skouras. Interest at 8 per cent after maturity was reduced to 6 per cent on Dec. 1, 1932.

Charles Skouras owed the following notes: \$18,024, \$4500, \$3000, \$1128 and \$17,377. His offer to purchase the latter note for \$9000 was accepted.

The indebtedness of Spiros Skouras was represented by two notes, for \$26,715 and \$7356. Each brother also will pay a stock assessment of \$5500 covering stock they owned in the bank which was closed in January, 1933.

RIVAL SPANISH ENVOYS AT EMBASSY IN BERLIN

Ambassador from Madrid Has Quit and Stayed on as Rebels' Agent.

By the Associated Press.
BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The Spanish Embassy today presented the unusual spectacle of representatives of two opposing Spanish factions housed under the same roof.

In the private ambassadorial apartments upstairs and refusing to give them up was Francisco Agramonte y Cortijo, who resigned as Ambassador of the loyalist Spanish Government July 29. He now considers himself representative of the Burgos Fascist junta, but has taken no steps to present credentials to the Nazi Government.

Such business as he conducts for the Burgos junta is enacted at a private flat of the Spanish naval attaché one mile away. Agramonte usually walks there because the diplomatic house is retained by representatives of the Madrid Government.

The latter hold the chancellery floor and the social rooms and offices of the commercial attaché next door to the embassy.

A loyalist spokesman said, "Relations between us and the German Government simply don't exist. We are standing by our guns and so is Agramonte. The German Government remains aloof from both of us."

The diplomats, it was said, decided the Argentine plan was not feasible "because the Spanish Government did not recognize the rebels as belligerents."

United States Ambassador Claude G. Bowers, although in Hendaye, was understood not to have participated.

Basque Nationalists—whose chief interest in the civil war is to win the autonomy they have long sought—were previously understood to have made peace representations.

Daniel Garcia-Mandila, Argentine Ambassador to Spain, diplomatic circles said, sponsored the plan among other representatives of foreign governments who fled from Madrid and took refuge here.

The diplomats, it was said, decided the Argentine plan was not feasible "because the Spanish Government did not recognize the rebels as belligerents."

United States Ambassador Claude G. Bowers, although in Hendaye, was understood not to have participated.

Basque Nationalists—whose chief interest in the civil war is to win the autonomy they have long sought—were previously understood to have made peace representations.

JURIST URGES COURTS TO FIT LAW TO NEW CONDITIONS

Appeals Judge J. E. Crane of New York Says Clinging to "Outmoded Decision" Is "Absurd"

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 22.—Chief Judge Frederick E. Crane of the New York State Court of Appeals called on the courts last night to "discard those decisions which are no longer of any use and have served their day and generation."

"The time has come when we must make the law fit new conditions and new problems," he said. In an address on the future of the common law before the Harvard tercentenary conference, Judge Crane said the tendency of some judges to cling to "outmoded decisions" was "absurd."

The reply reserved the right to make further comments on other forms of "indirect intervention" and called for adherence by other European nations producing arms.

The Italian Government declared that to make the accord binding, prohibition of shipments of arms should be applied to contracts now in the course of execution and that there should be an interchange of information among interested States.

TRIAL OF NEGRO FOR MURDER OF GIRL IN HOTEL NEARS END

Martin Moore Charged With Killing Helen Clevenger in Room at Asheville, N. C.

By the Associated Press.
ASHEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 22.—Evidence was completed today at the murder trial of Martin Moore, 22-year-old Negro half-brother, charged with killing Helen Clevenger in her room at the Hotel Park Hotel early this morning.

A defense motion for non-suit was denied, and Judge Donald F. Phillips ordered arguments by counsel to start immediately.

Rebuttal testimony ended shortly after James Pinkins, Negro scrub man at the hotel, testified that the defendant sought to evade his work on Miss Clevenger's floor the morning after the crime. Pinkins also contradicted Moore's testimony that he did not know of Miss Clevenger's death until 7 p. m. July 16. Mr. Pinkins was found about 8:30 a. m. on the morning of the murder.

Pat Branch, hotel manager, questioned about Moore's re-enactment of the crime Aug. 9, said he saw no force exerted on him during the demonstration.

The latter hold the chancellery floor and the social rooms and offices of the commercial attaché next door to the embassy.

A loyalist spokesman said, "Relations between us and the German Government simply don't exist. We are standing by our guns and so is Agramonte. The German Government remains aloof from both of us."

The diplomats, it was said, decided the Argentine plan was not feasible "because the Spanish Government did not recognize the rebels as belligerents."

United States Ambassador Claude G. Bowers, although in Hendaye, was understood not to have participated.

Basque Nationalists—whose chief interest in the civil war is to win the autonomy they have long sought—were previously understood to have made peace representations.

The diplomats, it was said, decided the Argentine plan was not feasible "because the Spanish Government did not recognize the rebels as belligerents."

United States Ambassador Claude G. Bowers, although in Hendaye, was understood not to have participated.

Basque Nationalists—whose chief interest in the civil war is to win the autonomy they have long sought—were previously understood to have made peace representations.

ITALY TO DENY ARMS TO SPAIN IF OTHERS DO TOO

Says in Reply to Paris That France, Russia, Britain, Germany, Portugal Must Give Pledges.

ONE CONCESSION BY MUSSOLINI

Note Omits Reference to Previous Stand for Bar on Moral Support to Belligerents.

By the Associated Press.
ROME, Aug. 22.—Italy placed on other European powers today responsibility for guaranteeing neutrality in the Spanish civil war. Italy promised to deny war materials both to rebel and government forces as soon as France, Russia, Great Britain, Germany and Portugal did likewise.

This reply to France's proposal of a hands off agreement, handed to the French Ambassador, Count Charles de Chambrun, by Foreign Minister Count Galeazzo Ciano, made one concession—it omitted reference to Premier Mussolini's previous stand for a prohibition of "moral support" to belligerents.

This demand had been expressed through newspapers and popular demonstration and was pointed directly at asserted sympathy for the Madrid Government by France.

On the other hand, the Italian reply affirmed this nation's view that financial subscriptions and enrollments of volunteers violate neutrality.

The reply reserved the right to make further comments on other forms of "indirect intervention" and called for adherence by other European nations producing arms.

The Italian Government declared that to make the accord binding, prohibition of shipments of arms should be applied to contracts now in the course of execution and that there should be an interchange of information among interested States.

Madrid Says Kamerun Incident Will Be Quickly Settled.

By the Associated Press.
MADRID, Aug. 22.—Augusto Barcia, Spanish Minister of State, said today that the Kamerun incident would be quickly settled to the satisfaction of both Germany and the Madrid Government.

The German Government has sent two protests to the Spanish Government on the reported seizure of the Nazi steamer Kamerun and has indicated that this incident must be cleared up before Germany would bind herself to any neutrality pact in Spain.

Barcia said the Spanish Government was studying the German notes on the Kamerun incident "with all care to the importance of their demands."

"This annoying incident," Barcia said, "would be cleared up quickly." If the Kamerun incident is settled to the satisfaction of the German Government the way for united European neutrality would be materially cleared.

With a British embargo already declared on arms to Spain and Italy having accepted with reservations the French neutrality pact the German situation had presented the most formidable obstacle to a united neutrality policy.

Madrid Compromises on Blockade of British Shipping.

By the Associated Press.
LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Madrid Government compromised today on its announced blockade of British shipping. In official circles it was learned the Madrid Government assured Great Britain it did not propose to exercise its asserted right to search on the high seas British ships suspected of carrying supplies to rebels.

The position of the Government on the blockade inside Spanish territorial waters was still under discussion with British officials, Madrid sources said.

Urgent representations to Berlin and Madrid were made by the British Government to clear up the airplane and steamer Kamerun incidents in order to bring Germany into the French proposed non-intervention agreement.

Chancellor Hitler's Nazi Government has demanded return of a sequestered airplane from the Madrid Government as well as apologies for the Kamerun incident.

POLISH PROTEST TO MADRID

Complaint on Alleged Arrest and Shooting of Consul.

By the Associated Press.
WARSAW, Aug. 22.—The Polish Charge d'Affaires at Madrid lodged a firmly worded protest yesterday against the alleged arrest and shooting by the Spanish People's Militia of the Polish Consul at Valencia, Spain.

Poland demanded a full explanation of the incident. Officials, however, pointed out that the Consul, Vicente Noguera, a Spanish citizen, did not enjoy the diplomatic privileges to which a citizen of another country would be entitled.

BANDIT RAIDERS KILL 32 JAPANESE IN MANCHOUKUO

1000 Attack Walled Town of Fusung, Near Korean Border, Destroy Two-thirds of Buildings.

INVADERS ROUTED BY BOMBING PLANES

Column of Infantry Later Occupies City — Victims Include 27 Civilians and Three Soldiers.

By the Associated Press.
TOKIO, Aug. 22.—Thirty-two Japanese subjects and two Manchoukuoans were killed in a raid by 1000 bandits on the walled town of Fusung, near the Korean border of Manchoukuo, Dornet news agency dispatches said today.

The heavily-armed bandit force swarmed into Fusung last Sunday, overpowered the small Japanese garrison and destroyed more than two-thirds of the buildings.

The attackers carried off hostages when several Japanese army bombing planes from Singking forced them to retreat. A Japanese infantry column from Suping occupied the town after the air raid.

The bandits apparently singled out Japanese or Koreans for their victims. Of those killed three were soldiers, two policemen and 27 civilians.

The attack was part of a revival of bandit activities in Eastern and Central Manchoukuo.

RALPH GREENLEAF, POCKET BILLIARD PLAYER, MISSING

Former Champion Unreported Since December, Ex-Wife Tells Now York Police.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Mrs. Amelia Greenleaf appealed last night to police for aid in finding her divorced husband, Ralph Greenleaf, former professional world champion pocket billiard player, who she said had been missing since December.

She said she remained on their farm in Maryland when he started a trip in August, 1935. She heard from him regularly until December but had no word since that time, she reported.

Detective Bernard Collins said the Chicago agency which booked Greenleaf on his tour last year reported the tour was completed in December and that the agency had not heard from him since.

Greenleaf, now 36 years old, held the pocket billiard championship of the world from 1919 to 1924 and in 1928, 1931 and 1932.

Greenleaf married, at Elkton, Md., in 1925, Amelia Ruth Parker, actress, born of an English father and a Chinese mother and known on the vaudeville stage as Princess Nai Pai Tia.

TREASURY ABOUT TO COMPROMISE WATSON TAX CASE

Continued From Page One.

Washington, spending about a third of his time here. Although he is 72 years old, he gives the impression of being a much younger man. It is generally felt that he is out of the political picture in Indiana.

The income tax charge against Watson is known as a "border-line" case. A number of similar cases involving persons in political life or with important political connections have been compromised in recent months, sometimes because of the repeated cry of political persecution raised by opponents of the administration who have been compelled to appear before the Board of Tax Appeals.

Mellon's attorneys, in course of their defense of the taxpayer, Secretary of the Treasury, denounced the charges filed against him as politically inspired. So did John J. Raskob and Pierre S. du Pont, both founders of the American Liberty League, when income tax charges were instituted against them.

NEW YORK-STOCKHOLM FLIGHT

Swedish Baroness to Take Off in About 10 Days.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Baroness Eva von Bilk-Finecke of Sweden today said she would start in about 10 days a trans-Atlantic flight to Stockholm.

The Baroness is a pilot, but Kurt Bjorkvall, Swedish commercial flyer, will do most of the piloting, she said. She is 27 years old and has a 6-year-old son. She was an automobile racer before she learned to fly in 1932 at Stockholm. Her husband, Baron Bror von Bilk-Finecke, owns estates in Africa, adjoining Ethiopia.

Paris Writer Released in Lisbon.

LISBON, Aug. 22.—Jacques Berthet, correspondent of the Paris newspaper Le Temps, was released today by Portuguese authorities on condition that he leave the country within 48 hours. Berthet was arrested Thursday on charges of sending propaganda from Portugal. The French Government protested against his detention.

MUENCHES, JONES AND MRS. BERROYER ARE FOUND GUILTY

Continued From Page One.

handling of the case and presentation of the evidence. I wish to thank Prosecuting Attorney G. R. Breidenstein of Clark County, for his co-operation throughout the trial.

Members of the jury were: William Blum, Public Administrator of Clark County; H. E. Lang, an insurance agent, and Joe Gallup, Charles Shaverbush, George C. Kirchner, J. L. McAfee, William Shuler, Forrest Kerr, Ernest Newman, Wade Pulliam, Cecil Harris and Del Mulloy, farmers.

The foreman of the jury was Blum, about whom Mrs. Muench once complained to the court, saying that she had seen a stranger talking to him in his office on the evening at his home in Kahoka. As a result of that incident Mrs. Muench made a visit to the home of the juror and told his wife she understood her husband had been promised a present. Blum told the court he had no recollection of the visit with the stranger and the Judge said he was satisfied. Mrs. Muench was sternly warned by the Judge, who described her conduct as inexcusable.

Judge Keeps Jury at Work.
The case went to the jury yesterday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock. The jurors went to dinner at 6 o'clock and returned at 7 to resume their deliberations. Judge Higbee kept them at work until 2:30 a. m. today, when they were called to court to resume their deliberations, continuing until noon, when they went out for lunch.

On their return, at 1:10 o'clock, Judge Higbee told them: "It has taken a long time to try this case and you must be capable of deciding it." About an hour later the jury returned to the courtroom with its verdict.

Through the evening and night many of the persons who had crowded the sweltering courtroom as first arguments were made remained in or near the courtroom. As the night wore on small groups sat on the parched lawn and talked. Some dozed. Judge Higbee remained near, chatting with friends in the courtroom or on the grounds.

The jurors went to dinner at 3 p. m., under the protection of the Sheriff and a deputy. They returned to the jury room at 7.

The defendants remained at the courthouse until the jury was excused and were back this morning. This was the second trial of the case here. The first hearing last April resulted in a mistrial, just as the conclusion of the testimony, when a juror stated under oath that he had been approached with a proposal to "hang" the jury. He said he had been offered \$200 by Harry Spengler, a local surveyor, who is now under charge of attempting to bribe a juror. His trial has not been held.

Although the jury was selected two weeks ago last Wednesday, the actual trial did not get under way until the following Friday. The case, which was brought here on a change of venue from the St. Louis Court of Criminal Correction, when the defendants asserted they could not get a fair trial in St. Louis, went to the jury on the twelfth day of proceedings.

Three-Hour Argument.
Argument took nearly three hours yesterday afternoon, with Associate Prosecuting Attorney Frank E. Mathews of St. Louis making both the opening and closing addresses for the State. Defense argument was made by C. H. Watson, representing the Muenches and Mrs. Berroyer, and by Wilfred Jones acting as his own counsel.

In his closing argument Mathews dwelt at length on the "five phases" of the defense case, as they were described by the State. Thursday. He also carefully reviewed the State's testimony, the high points of which were to the effect that for several months preceding her trial at Mexico, Mo., in Kansas City, Mo., Mrs. Muench had been a mother so she could make Dr. Pitzman believe he was the father, and thereby get money from him; that in furtherance of a scheme to get a baby for her, the defendants procured first the child of Anna Ware, which was represented as having been born to Mrs. Muench and was kept by the Muenches as their own child until restored to its mother. Although the State was not permitted to introduce testimony that the child of Anna Ware, which was represented as having been born to Mrs. Muench and was kept by the Muenches as their own child until restored to its mother, the fact was before the jury by reference in other testimony.

The State closed its testimony, with rebuttal shortly before noon yesterday. The defense did not formally rest, asking for the return to the witness stand of Mrs. Thomasson. State witnesses, for further cross-examination.

Mrs. Thomasson could not be found by the Sheriff and the defense insisted it could not close without her. Judge Higbee required that the trial proceed and ordered the defense case closed.

One purpose of the defense in asking for Mrs. Thomasson's return was so that the warping perjury might be served on her, was issued by a Justice of the Peace on complaint of Dr. Muench, not by the Prosecuting Attorney of Clark County.

Town's Wells Under Lock and Key.

HATTON, N. D., Aug. 22.—Due to a serious water situation in this drought-hit community, eight surface wells are under lock and key, with the town's 800 residents permitted access to them only once a day. On weekdays housewives must have water hauled to their homes, usually from Mayville or Lake Tobacon, near here. The Goose River, five miles west, is dry.

FLORIDA FLOGGING VICTIM FIRED BY WPA

Eugene Poulnot, Socialist Nominee for Congressman, Dropped for "Political Activities."

By the Associated Press.
TAMPA, Fla., Aug. 21.—Frank P. Ingram, WPA district director, said today that Eugene F. Poulnot, prosecuting witness in the kidnapping trial of five former Tampa policemen at Bartow, has been dismissed as a WPA worker because of "political activities."

The Socialist party of Florida recently nominated Poulnot for Congressman from the Fifth District. Five former Tampa policemen were convicted at Bartow for the abduction of Poulnot last Nov. 30, when Joseph Shoemaker was flogged fatally. Poulnot also was flogged.

"We take the position," said Ingram, commenting on dismissal, "that a person able to enter a political campaign, pay his qualification fees and carry on a political drive is not in such destitute circumstances as many other relief clients awaiting assignments. For this reason Poulnot was dismissed."

MUSSOLINI WANTS ETHIOPIANS TO RETAIN NATIVE TONGUE
Will Order, However, Teaching of Italian and Glories of Roman Civilization.
ROME, Aug. 22.—Mussolini has ordered that schools in Ethiopia retain the native languages while teaching Italian and the glories of Rome.

The Department of Education, working closely with the Vice-Roy and the Ministry of Colonies, is planning the extension of schools for natives into the most remote regions.

Many of the 3000 civil service colonial posts recently opened to competition will be awarded to Italian schoolmasters and mistresses of pioneering and missionary spirit.

The school system for Ethiopia, as one high Fascist put it, "will show the type of Italian civilization. Recognizing, for the sake of the native, the bilingual school." Italy proves to all her respect for national rights, and her great liberality."

The same Fascist says the native Ethiopian will not be "snatched away or torn from his traditional environment" in any abrupt colonial measure. Rather, he will be taught to respect the worthy teachings of his ancestors and his

SIX MORE DEATHS IN AUGUST HEAT WAVE

Eleven Successive Days in
Which Temperature Went to
100 or Above.

Six more deaths from heat exhaustion were reported today as the August hot spell entered its eleventh day. There have been 26 deaths in St. Louis and the county during that period.

The dead:

Harry L. Stanton, 37 years old, manager of the Stanton Bros. Plumbing and Heating Co., 2809 Union boulevard.

Mrs. Mary Avero, 58, 4274 Beacon avenue.

Ernest Woodtite, 42, 1923 North Ninth street.

Arthur Norden, 48, 1428 (rear) South Seventh street.

Peter J. Zuehlrott, 26, a patient at the City Sanitarium.

Max Risch, 78, 2822 Russell boulevard.

An unidentified man, about 45 years old, found dead in a vacant lot at Third and Miller streets. The body was found on a consecutive day on which the 100-degree mark was reached or passed. The unofficial reading at 2 p. m. was 101 degrees. The record for consecutive days passes that of July, which was the hottest month in the 99 years for which the Weather Bureau has records. The hottest had been eight consecutive days with temperatures of 100 degrees and over, but there was a 13-day period in which the maximum was below 100 only on one day.

So far this summer there have been 31 days with a maximum of 100 degrees or more. Before this year the greatest number on record was 28. The 28-year-old of St. Louis, Mo., broke the old record.

SIX OIL FIRM EXECUTIVES

ARRAIGNED IN U. S. COURT

**Trust Prosecution to Be
Finger-Printed Overruled.**
By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22. — Six oil company executives were arraigned

Bail for the six, part of a group of 58 individuals and 23 oil companies and subsidiaries named in an indictment returned at Med-

The men were: E. W. Sinclair, president of the Sinclair Refining Co.; H. W. Dodge, vice-president of the Texas Co.; H. E. Brandli, vice-

president and general manager of the Cities Service Export Oil Co.; Frank R. Coates, director of the Cities Service Co., and vice-president of the Tidewater Oil Co., and Harry Fueauff, vice-president of the Cities Service Export Oil Co., the Louisiana Oil Refining Corporation, and the Texas Oil Refining Corporation.

Protests by the defendant's against being photographed and finger-printed, were overruled.

NEW FORTIFICATION OF FRANCE
TESTED IN FALL WAR GAMES

TESTED IN FALL WAR GAMES
Delegation of Soviet Generals Ob-
serves Maneuvers; 100,000 Re-
servists Occupy Works.
 By the Associated Press.
 PARIS, Aug. 22.—France's new
 fortifications along the German

The frontier successfully withstood an "enemy attack" yesterday. The Maginot line of fortresses was put to its first test in the Montmedy region as the army's fall war games began. France has called about 100,000 men, the largest number in years, for the maneu-

A delegation of Soviet generals observed the practice, designed to demonstrate the line's strength against the first shock of invasion. France and Russia signed a defensive military alliance last March. Army observers said "enemy"

troops with the newest and speediest equipment were able to penetrate only at a few places and in small numbers.

The line had been occupied in 6 hours by reservists from the interior of France.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 22.— Mrs. Ann Troyanovsky, wife of Alexander A. Troyanovsky, Soviet Ambassador to the United States, suffered shock and a possible fractured rib, and her 17-year-old son.

2 PLEASE

... Unsurpassed in QUALITY
SPECIAL SUNDAY
FAMILY DINNER

65¢

Served Only Between 12 and 3.
Open From 12 Noon Till 9 P. M.

ASTILLA
WASHINGTON AVE.—1115

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULTZER
December 12, 1878
Published by
The Pultzer Publishing Company
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULTZER.
April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

For Permanent Registration.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I wish to congratulate you for assisting in clearing up the vote fraud in St. Louis. This is one of the worst scandals in many years and, by disposing of the present registration law and enacting a permanent registration law in our State, I am sure a great number of the so-called ghost voters will disappear and thereby give our citizens their lawful authority in selecting candidates.

I wish to go on record as being in favor of a strict permanent registration law. In the primary election just past, I was nominated on the Republican ticket for the office of State Senator from the Third-Sixth Senatorial District, and, if elected in November, it is my intention to cooperate in passing a strict permanent registration law.

Reading in the daily press of the investigations of the grand jury regarding fraudulent registrations, it has been brought to my attention that the sister of Senator Bryan has been appointed stenographer in the grand jury room. Under the present circumstances, I believe that since this young lady's brother is the present State Senator of the Third-Sixth Senatorial District, as well as the present Commissioner of the Third Ward, which is one of the wards under investigation, this appointment should not have been made.

In order to get to the bottom of this great vote fraud, I am sure it will be necessary for this grand jury or any other grand jury to grant immunity to some of the small fry and find out just what ones are at the head.

JOSEPH J. SCHULTZ.

What is a Rain Crow?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I HAVE 20 different kinds of birds in my yard and am friendly with every one, but this question is still unanswered: What is a rain crow? No one has ever been able to tell me. Although I hear them clucking in our big cottonwood tree, I never see one. I suspect he belongs to the crow family—maybe a grackle. Could some of our bird lovers give me light?

ADELAIDE.

"The Drive for Back Taxes."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
PROPERTY owners in St. Louis note with considerable interest your editorial, "The Drive for Back Taxes." This editorial, it seems to me, is eminently fair in that it regards this method of financing relief needs entirely inadequate. It should be brought to the Relief Committee's attention that the back tax drive is inequitable and unjust, so far as the property owner is concerned.

The Relief Committee has forgotten what it should recall vividly: that relief costs have been kept down because of the willingness of many property owners to carry relief clients who could not and did not pay rent. The claims of relief workers that relief funds paid the "carrying charges" (i. e., taxes) to property owners, have not squared with facts in my particular case.

A PROPERTY OWNER.

Unfounded Optimism.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
MANVEL H. DAVIS is asking for the support of St. Louis County voters as candidate for Lieutenant-Governor. This Mr. Davis happened to be a member of the Missouri State Senate at the time the vicious Ralph sewer law was up for repeal. He, like the rest of the Senators, was beseeched by great numbers of St. Louis County people to help rid them of this obnoxious law, but instead of helping out by voting for its repeal, Mr. Davis walked right out on us.

By this action, he passed up an opportunity to render a never-to-be-forgotten service to the county people. Had more Senators followed his lead, no doubt we would still be burdened with a law which could easily have been confiscated much of the property of St. Louis County people. Mr. Davis has a lot of optimism to expect our support, in view of these facts.

ELMA ZIMMERS LOESING.

Defends Father Coughlin.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
ONE of your correspondents refers to Father Coughlin as a mud singer. No doubt the source of this term emanates from the recent reference by Father Coughlin to President Roosevelt. The good Father's terminology was a bit emphatic for a clergyman. However, his truth has not and cannot be denied.

In saying that we have too many politicians, your correspondent is right. Consequently, what we need are more leaders of the caliber of Father Coughlin to help impress upon these professional politicians the needs and rights of the people as a nation, not as a class.

As for being a gambler, gambling, of course, is not to be condoned by either religious or layman. However, this writer prefers following an open and above board gambler, whose proved intelligence and sympathies are for the most part directed to the needy and the needy welfare, than to be tagged and herded by a political setup whose program dare not lean too favorably to the little fellow.

J. J. B.

THE MAKING OF A SENATOR.

How St. Louis buckles down to the job of nominating a candidate for the State Senate is revealed in an examination by the Post-Dispatch of the vote cast in the Fourth and Fifth wards. Both of those wards are in the Third-Sixth Senatorial District, so long represented at Jefferson City by Michael Kinney.

The Fourth Ward is Jimmie Miller's fief. The Fifth Ward is Senator Kinney's freehold. Here's what happened:

Miller's ward gave William Warren Burke, Kinney's opponent, 3394 votes and Kinney 71. That may or may not be the very best Miller could do, but to an astonished bystander it is pretty good.

But look at Kinney's preserve, the Fifth Kinney got 3656 sovereign ballots, while Burke was piling up an aggregate of six. Yes, six is the numeral. One, two, three, four, five—SIX.

The details of that unbalmy August day in the Fifth Ward are not dull. To the contrary, they are what the book reviewers used to call "arresting." There are nine precincts in the Fifth, and in six of those precincts Burke was as perfect a stranger to the citizenry as the man from Mars. They had never heard of him. He didn't get a nod. In the other three precincts Burke was not exactly the toast of the town. He garnered four votes in one precinct, the second, and one solitary cheer in each in the Eighth and Ninth precincts.

Any referee that wasn't "fixed" would surely have to hold up Mike Kinney's right arm, after such a battle, as the symbol of victory.

Oh, the long, long struggle for that seal of freedom, that certificate of political equality—the ballot. What a price has been paid in the red coinage of martyrdom for that priceless privilege! Yet a contest at the polls in the Fourth and Fifth wards of St. Louis is merely a rowdy fight between Jimmie Miller and Mike Kinney.

And this is the record of a day which moved Chairman Waechter of the Board of Election Commissioners virtuously to proclaim that "this election was one of the cleanest in the history of St. Louis."

He ought to furnish us with gas masks before singing his song.

A DEFECT IN THE NEUTRALITY LAW.

A defect in the neutrality law recently passed by Congress is revealed by the civil war in Spain. The law compels the President to invoke embargoes on shipments of arms, ammunition and implements of war and to apply other restrictions in case of war between nations. It is not applicable to civil war.

With perfect impunity, American munitions manufacturers and others selling war materials may ship supplies to either party to the Spanish conflict, or to both. In fact, certain aviation companies have already been approached with tentative offers from Spain and have asked the State Department for a ruling. The State Department, in such a case, cannot forbid the transactions. It can only use moral suasion—and moral suasion often isn't sufficient.

The Spanish situation is full of dynamite. A war between radicals and conservatives, it is bound to have repercussions in every European chancellery. The Italians and the Germans would like to see a Fascist state rise in Spain. The French and the Russian Governments are deeply sympathetic with the present Spanish regime.

It is easy to conceive of the Spanish troubles as the spark to touch off a general European conflagration. We do not say that in an alarmist spirit, but merely to emphasize an inconsistency in our neutrality law.

If that law is to serve the purpose for which it is intended, it will have to be extended to internecine struggles as well as to those between nations.

TROUBLE AT THE U. OF WISCONSIN.

A political controversy over the conduct of a public educational institution is always lamentable. That which finds Dr. Glenn Frank, president of the University of Wisconsin, on one side and the university's board of regents, upholding Gov. Philip La Follette, on the other side, is all the more unfortunate because academic freedom has been a cardinal principle at Madison for nearly 90 years. The university on one hill and the State Capitol on the other have regularly helped each other; political personalities have been kept out of their relationships.

The present differences are said to be over fiscal and administrative questions rather than academic policies. Be that as it may, let Gov. Philip La Follette look to the fine example of his late father in his contacts with the university. Let Dr. Frank recall how closely such stanch leaders of the University of Wisconsin as John Bascom, Edward A. Birge and Charles Richard Van Hise stuck to their work and responsibility. Wisconsin cannot afford to have its best known and most widely admired institution damaged through administrative strife.

NINETY YEARS OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

More than a century has passed since an Oxford gentleman and scientist named James Smithson bequeathed the whole of his property (approximately a half-million dollars) "to the United States of America to found at Washington under the name of the Smithsonian Institution, an establishment for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men."

Congress authorized President Jackson to prosecute the claim for the legacy just 100 years ago this summer. Owing to a difference of opinion as to the propriety of accepting the grant, Congress debated the matter for nearly a decade, and then, 90 years ago this month, approved a bill to permit the creation of the Smithsonian Institution.

As a joiner of scientific advancement and popular education, the Smithsonian Institution has had no equal in the United States. Its first secretary was Joseph Henry, developer of the electro-magnet and one of the first American students of acoustics and meteorology. The second secretary, Spencer F. Baird, was the leading authority on the natural history of the United States in his time, and his successor, Samuel P. Langley, was a pioneer in aeronautical experiments. In biology, in geology, in astrophysics, in paleontology, in ethnology and dozens of other sciences, the institution and its associated agencies have been the means for increasing the world's knowledge.

Each year thousands of visitors from all parts of the United States and many foreign countries explore the seemingly limitless exhibits that crowd the rambling multi-towered building which the institution occupies on the Mall in Washington. The force for education and scientific progress which James Smithson made possible in the United States ought to be known firsthand by every American who visits the national capital. Like the fortress Canadian border, it is one of those ties that symbolize the unity of the English-speaking peoples.

OUR REPLY TO URUGUAY.

The United States Government acts wisely in refusing to offer its services as mediator between the warring forces in Spain. As Acting Secretary of State Phillips has pointed out in his note to Uruguay, author of the well-intentioned mediation proposal, this country is definitely committed to "the principle of non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries." It is a sound principle, and one not lightly to be departed from. The same policy has guided the Government in its refusal to intervene in domestic affairs of Mexico.

Aside from the long-established principle involved, there is the practical consideration suggested by Mr. Phillips in his note, namely, that it is greatly to be doubted whether any useful purpose would be served by an offer of mediation in Spain. The issues which are being fought out in Spain cut too deep, the fighting is of too savage a nature, for any presumption to be entertained that the factions would submit their differences to the proposed arbitration. The madness in Spain which has set class against class is not to be exorcised by any pacific gesture from the United States, any more than the American Civil War could have been brought to an end by the good offices of Europe.

The case for our scrupulous non-interference in the Spanish conflict is clean-cut and compelling, and Acting Secretary of State Phillips has stated it admirably.

UNFIT FOR PUBLIC OFFICE.

James A. Waechter.
Joseph W. Hannauer.
Stephen M. Wagner.
Charles L. Moore.

THE FIRST CURSE.

Chairman Hamilton's critic retracts. The critic, David Lawrence, a syndicated columnist who has been writing politics for 25 years or more, felt that things were not going well at Republican headquarters and ventured that it was there Mr. Hamilton, as generalissimo, ought to be, instead of swinging around the circle making speeches and occupying the headlines. It was a mild reproach, far removed from fault finding, and designed, we should say, to be helpful.

But as the critic himself has proceeded on his tour of observation and has come into contact with the effects of Mr. Hamilton's visits he has withdrawn his soft impeachment. He is now persuaded that the chairman is on the right track, that his roving commission, moreover, was undertaken with Gov. Landens approval, possibly at his suggestion, and that, tactically, it is quite correct. It is Mr. Lawrence's present conviction that the Landon campaign may be the best managed Republican effort since Mark Hanna's classic assault in 1896. Such anxiety, therefore, as may have been occasioned by the first disquieting impression may now be allayed.

Still, we are told that Mr. Hamilton, when in Oklahoma recently, contributed the first high official "damn" to the literature of the current strife. It was in the superlative degree, too, that the chairman employed the expletive. Without being intentionally prudish, we indulge the hope that profanity, even of the milk-and-water genre, will henceforth be avoided. Where, in goodness' name, will it end if they start cussing?

MR. GLENN TALKS FOOLISHLY.

Speaking on the Illinois State Fair Republican day program, former Senator Otis F. Glenn, who is his party's candidate for the seat now occupied by Senator James Hamilton Lewis, explained why Harold L. Ickes is a member of the Cabinet. According to Mr. Glenn, President Roosevelt was unable to find an Illinois Democrat whom he could trust for a Cabinet post, and so was forced to appoint a Republican, Mr. Ickes, as Secretary of the Interior. By the same token, then, Herbert Hoover appointed a Democrat, William D. Mitchell of Minnesota, to be his Attorney-General because he could not find a Republican he could trust as head of the Department of Justice. Mr. Glenn's remark, obviously, is as senseless as that which we set against it. A candidate for the United States Senate in one of the most important states of the Union ought to be able to keep his campaign on a higher plane.

GERTRUDE IN THE COUNTING HOUSE.

Gertrude Stein, who wrote forward, backward and sideways in the days when she was one of transition's stars, has come around to the Saturday Evening Post and synd. She has retained her interestingly gymnastic mind, but where she once devoted her attention to tripping her readers, she now appears to have gone in for tripping herself.

The twisting of an old observation that man's ability to laugh distinguishes him from animals into a statement that the power to count marks man from beast is a good example of her mental agility. From this, she turns to a comparison of man's mathematical practices and a government's. She points out amusingly and with slight exaggeration how an individual counts by ones, but a government by several. A man, for example, is much concerned over whether the price of a suit is \$35 to \$36, but the Government, Miss Stein says, with some justification, thinks of a program in terms of 15 or 20 billion dollars.

But notwithstanding the fact that she has entered the literary counting house, Miss Stein is not thoroughly disciplined. A five-word paragraph in the middle of the first column of her brief essay, proves it. "Everybody," she says, "is always counting money." The syntax is good, but the thought is tommyrot. The word "everybody" is the refuge of the lazy or purposely inaccurate writer. It takes in too much territory. There are, unfortunately, several million Americans who seldom count money, and if Miss Stein doesn't know it, the editorial staff of the Saturday Evening Post does. There are many who, like Roy Helton's mountain boy, are:

Pore as a whippoorwill.

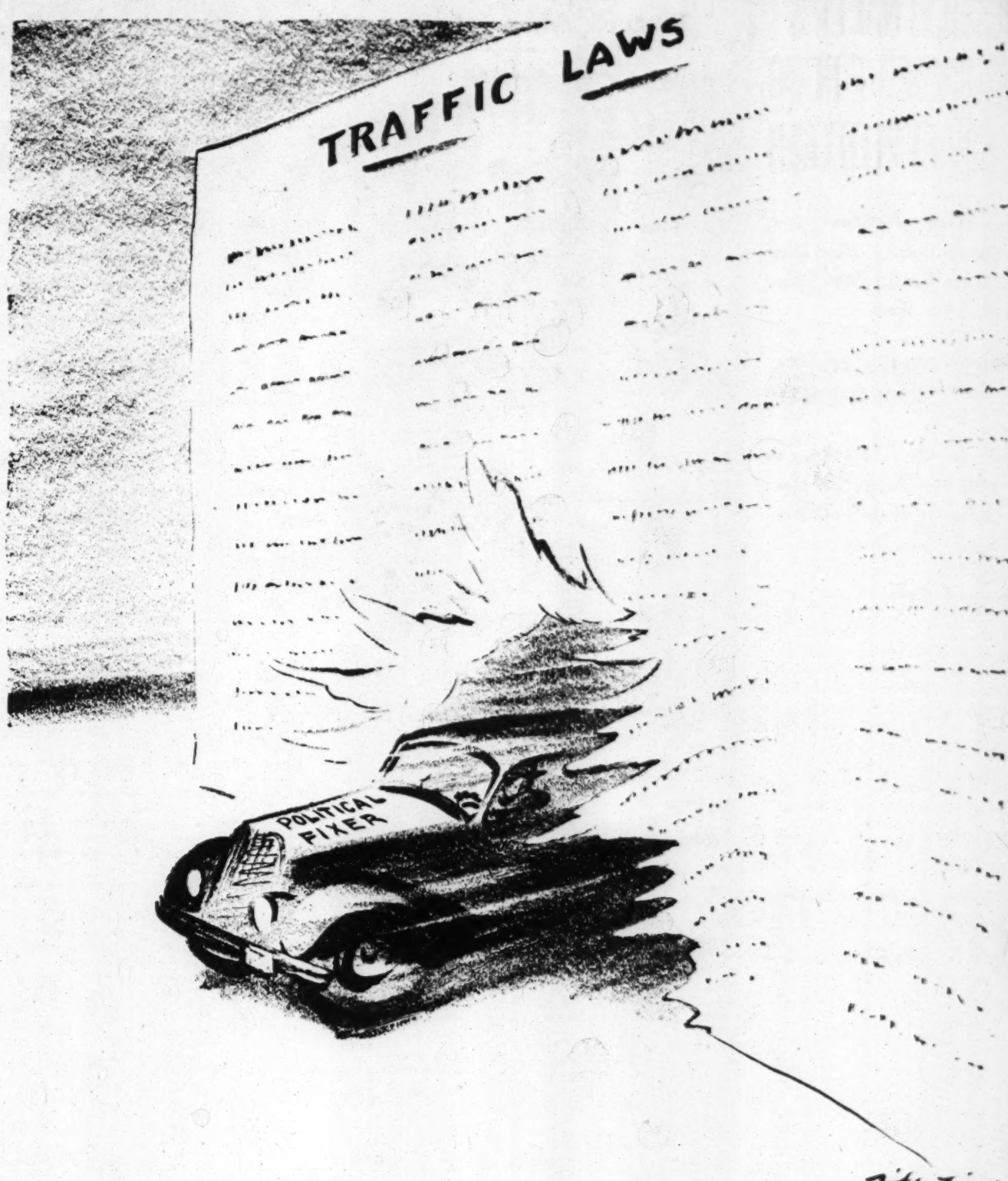
Bent like a grass blade;

Counting up the stars.

Till they count too high.

Yes—they are counters, but they are not, as Miss Stein so blandly says, "always counting money."

Here we are with August rapidly peeling off its remaining days and nobody has seen a sea serpent yet this summer. Are the liars on relief, do you suppose?



HELPING THE DEATH LIST.

Bonds Without Buyers

Any person who has a \$500 bank deposit is the unwitting buyer of \$200 in Government securities, with which the banks are loaded; newspaper thinks it would be more wholesome if small investors should buy them direct; to that end, suggests higher interest rates; favors end of tax-exemption.

From the Christian Science Monitor.

ASK the average American bank depositor how many Government bonds he owns and he will probably reply, "Thanks for the compliment, but I don't own any. Why?" Well, the fact is that of the roundly 30 billions' worth of loans and investments which American banks, members of the Federal Reserve System own as backing for some 29 billions of personal and business deposits, slightly more than 40 per cent is in United States Government bonds.

In other words, practically speaking, any person who has \$500 on deposit in an average bank has in effect bought \$200 worth of Government securities—whether he knows it or not. Beyond that, the security of his deposit depends partly also on Government bonds held by the Federal Reserve banks and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

That is what Orval W. Adams, vice-president of the American Bankers' Association, pointed out, speaking as an individual and not as an association official, before the Montana State Bankers' Association the other day. So heavily have the banks become loaded with public securities during the last few years a drop of even 10 points in the market for Government bonds would wipe out 40 per cent of the capital of the national banks of the country, he said.

The banks, it can be said, have purchased these of their own volition, but that is somewhat a matter of interpretation. Banks are not obliged to bid for Government bond issues, but there is certainly some incentive to stand well with the Treasury Department, which has hundreds of millions to deposit and which includes the Comptroller of the Currency, who makes rules for national banks. The Treasury, too, has a large voice in the Federal Reserve Board, which can influence largely the investment policy of the Federal Reserve banks and even of their members.

Moreover, the Government is now rather like a man who has borrowed so much from his friends that they have to help him in order to protect themselves. It is rather ironical that the Government, while instituting the SEC to assure that private securities should sell its own securities by this indirect route to people largely unconscious of their purchase.

It has sold some \$12,500,000,000 worth of its securities to the American bank depositor indirectly through his bank. They are good securities, no question about that, though it is tremendously important that Government fiscal policy now shall keep them good.

But would it not be far more wholesome for the American Government and for the American citizen with a small amount of savings if he should be encouraged to buy the bonds of his Government in such a way that he would know he was buying them?

It may be granted that the Treasury Department under the present administration made vigorous efforts to popularize the direct sale of Government bonds in small denominations to individual investors. But the results have evidently been nothing to crow about.

What, then, is lacking to make United States securities attractive to small investors? Calamity howlers to one side, they still rank as gilt-edged for safety. In fact, that is virtually the only attraction offered in the recent campaign. What is needed is a higher rate of interest. The Government could afford to pay this, if it would only tax its bonds.

WARNING IN AUSTRIA.

From the Baltimore Sun.
IT must be profoundly disturbing not only to all Europe but to this country as well to read that Austria is experiencing a new and apparently widespread and very serious outbreak of anti-Semitism. For not only is the ugly cult of "racism," with the barbarities which it inspires, one of the most discouraging evidences of the deepening strain of anarchy and irrationalism in the modern world. Almost invariably it is the symptom of an unrest which is reaching the explosion point and a herald of the surrender of a nation to extremist reaction.

In the case of Austria these signs are all the worse because they follow so soon upon the rapprochement of Vienna and Berlin. From the first there has been reason to suspect that in spite of its pacific pretensions, the Austro-German agreement, far from settling Austria's troubles at rest, would eventually intensify them. Reports from Central Europe in the last few weeks have indicated that ever since the Fascist Schuschnigg Government made its peace with the Third Reich and embraced the Austrian Nazis as friends, the latter have grown more active and more dangerous. Recently a correspondent of the New York Times reported that the Nazis in Austria were winning the youth of the nation, building up a formidable underground movement, gaining strong places in the universities and "penetrating Austria's public and cultural life."

A wing of "radical" Nazis meanwhile prefers "the more heroic ways of open violence."

Seeing how the Brown Shirts did their work in Germany, it is not unlikely that their Austrian comrades are responsible for the new wave of anti-Semitism. All too frequently an impoverished and distraught people make an easy mark for noisily propagandized about the "invader." The fact that Jews prepare the ground for Communism. Moreover, it is an easy step from the turmoil which such propaganda can raise to a demand that the Government be taken over in the name of "order" and "Aryanism."

Senator Couzens' Frankness

From the Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

SENATOR JAMES COUZENS of Michigan was never one to mince words in outlining his views on public questions. It is not always possible to agree with his position, but it is always refreshing to mark the absence of equivocation. This year he is playing a unique role in the campaign which increases his ability to speak frankly and freely. Although he is a Republican, nominally at least, the Democrats of his State at a convention assembled have invited him to seek renomination in their primary in September. There is a good prospect that he will also run independently. In the Republican primary he is being opposed by former Gov. Wilbur M. Brucker.

Addressing a Detroit audience recently he indulged in a great deal of plain talk. The late Nicholas Longworth once gave news reporters a very frank interview in the mistaken belief they understood he wasn't talking for publication, and then stepped before a microphone and delivered a prepared speech expressing very different convictions. Publication of the contradictory views the following day failed to astound newspaper readers. It was understood perfectly that officials have public and private views which do not always agree. But not Mr. Couzens.

He is disgusted, he says, with the talk of balancing the Federal budget; no one could have done it while relief needs were so great. Nor can he stomach the view that Mr. Roosevelt is bankrupting the nation. Congress still to put income tax rates up where he believes, despite his large personal fortune, they should be. The Michigan Senator is a realist; his mind is unfettered by the shibboleths and slogans which cloud so much political thinking. Talk of a Red peril leaves him cold. But this doesn't mean that he agrees entirely with the New Deal. He has probably voted against as many of its measures as any other Republican Senator except a few die-hard ultra-conservatives. But how different the campaign might be if all candidates were as frank and truthful.

A DOUBTFUL BLESSING.

From the Washington Post.
IN ANNOUNCING plans for extra payment for overtime work, the United States Steel Corporation has incidentally disclosed its intention to re-establish the 48-hour week as the basis from which to compute overtime. As the steel industry is now working on an average about 40 hours per week, this promise of extra remuneration does not offer much in the way of immediate gain for employees.

Although the move is designed, it is explained, to prevent a future shortage of certain kinds of labor, if output should continue to increase, the reason for the action remains open to question. The fact that will impress the public most is that the United States Steel Corporation, and other concerns expected to follow its leadership, have decided to revert to the longer working week in preference to spreading employment in periods of high operating activity. To organize labor overtime pay secured under such conditions will seem a doubtful blessing. Certainly it will not weaken the arguments advanced for the campaign mapped out by the C. I. O.

The steel industry owes its employees and the public a more complete and candid explanation of the reasons for the present move. If those reasons are good, it is poor strategy to remain silent as to what they are. If they are not easy to defend, it is worse strategy to conceal them at a time when labor unrest is rife and a policy of cooperative industrial action highly desirable.

DEATH PENALTY DEMANDED FOR SOVIET PLOT

Prosecutor Vishinsky Summation Dec. 'These Fascist Mad Must Be Shot.'

THEIR POLITICAL PROGRAM MURDER

He Assails Trotsky Leader—Three Dants Weep Du Three Hour Denuncia

By the Associated Press.
MOSCOW, Aug. 22.—The penalty for all 16 confessed conspirators against the Soviet was demanded today by Prosecutor Andrei J. Vishinsky, in a dramatic conclusion of Government proceedings lasting more than 10 hours.

"The mad dogs must be killed," Vishinsky declared. "Every one of them must be killed." "I add my voice to the millions of indignation voices of the masses in this demand," he declared, referring to execution as "a full and disgraceful end" for the defendants.

Three of the conspirators, whom admitted a plot to overthrow the Soviet Government and assassinate Dictator Joseph Stalin, as Vishinsky began his final argument.

Their calm indifference to E. Tsvetkov, T. Reingold and T. Tsvetkov, their heads bowed, their arms wept without restraint. The stony reserve of other defendants also was shattered as they faced the bitter denunciations of Vishinsky, known as Government's greatest orator.

Says Their Program Was Murder. "The conspirators' only political program was murder," Vishinsky declared. Speaking rapidly, without foreboding, the prosecutor ran through the whole history of the case, and took up the case of each prisoner separately. The defendants leaned forward to every word as the prosecutor from his notes.

"You'll find we'll take the determined measures," Vishinsky warned the defendants. "Turning viciously on Gregory Zinoviev, one of the principal defendants, Vishinsky said: 'Your cunning stretched to a walling death yet you'd have him (Stalin). You extinguish that proud beacon then like a mourner and began tearing his hair.'

Terminating the conspiracy a shameful infamous treason and betrayal, Vishinsky said, "these were a contemptible, base, vile,picable, rotten band of murderers and traitors."

"They are neither tigers nor dogs, but are mad Fascist dogs, dogs of humanity—the scum of underworld—traitors and bandits," he declared.

Reference to Trotsky. "The evidence produced in court proves the defendants beyond doubt, with Trotsky leading, engaged all plots and terrorist activities."

"His (Trotsky's) instructions were a determining factor in the formation of a united Trotsky-Zinoviev terrorist bloc."

Earlier criminal charges filed against two former officials, Gregory Sokolnikoff, former

Worth Two



DEATH PENALTY DEMANDED FOR 16 SOVIET PLOTTERS

Prosecutor Vishinsky in
Summation Declares
'These Fascist Mad Dogs
Must Be Shot.'

THEIR POLITICAL PROGRAM MURDER'

He Assails Trotsky as
Leader—Three Defen-
dants Weep During
Three Hour Denunciation

By the Associated Press.
MOSCOW, Aug. 22.—The death
penalty for all 16 confessed con-
spirators against the Soviet Union
was demanded today by Prosecutor
Andrey J. Vishinsky, in a dramatic
conclusion of Government argu-
ments lasting more than three
hours.

"The mad dogs must be shot,"
Vishinsky declared. "Every one of
them must be killed."
"I add my voice to the millions
of indignant voices of the toiling
masses in this demand," he said.
He referred to execution as "a pit-
iful and disgraceful end" for the de-
fendants.

Three of the conspirators, all of
whom admitted a plot to overthrow
the Soviet Government and assassi-
nate Dictator Joseph Stalin, sobbed
as Vishinsky began his final argu-
ment.

Their calm indifference broken,
E. Dretzler, T. Reingold and V.
Ternovskan, their heads buried in
their arms, wept without resis-
tance. The stony reserve of the
other defendants also was shaken
as they faced the bitter denunciations
of Vishinsky, known as the
Government's greatest orator.

Says Their Program Was Murder.

"The conspirators' only political
program was murder," Vishinsky
declared. Speaking rapidly, but
without frenzies, the prosecutor
ran through the whole history of
the case, and took up the case of
each prisoner separately. The specta-
tles leaned forward to catch
every word as the prosecutor read
from his notes.

"You find we'll take the most
determined measures," Vishinsky
warned the defendants.

Turning viciously on Gregory S.
Zinoviev, one of the principal de-
fendants, Vishinsky said: "The
blood is still red on your hands.
Your cunning stretched to a point
where you wrote a necrology for
him (Stalin). You extinguished
the proud beacon that had paid
mourner and began tearing your
hair."

Termining the conspiracy a shame-
ful infamous treason and betrayal,
Vishinsky said: "These wreckers
are a contemptible, base, vile, de-
picable, rotten band of murderous
scoundrels."

"They are neither tigers nor lions
but are mad Fascist dogs—the
dogs of humanity—the scum of the
underworld—traitors and bandits."

Reference to Trotsky.

"The evidence produced in court
proves the defendants beyond all
doubt, with Trotsky leading, insti-
gated all plots and terrorist activi-
ties."

"His (Trotsky's) instructions were
a determining factor in the forma-
tion of a united Trotsky-Zinoviev
terrorist bloc."

Earlier criminal charges were
filed against two former officials,
Gregory Sokolnikov, former Am-
bassador to the Court of St. James,
and M. Serednyakoff, former Vice-
Minister of Communications.

At least eight men now or for-
merly high in party circles have
been mentioned in testimony relat-
ing details of the plot. Observers
believed many months would be
required for conclusion of the Gov-
ernment's effort to drive from
power every one of the old guards
who once followed the exiled Leon
Trotsky.

Story of Assassination Attempt.

Highspot of a brief session last
night was testimony by one of the
accused, Fritz David, that he at-
tempted to kill Dictator Josef
Stalin under direct orders from
Trotsky.

Republican Arguments on Wheels



PILOT truck of fleet which the G. O. P. National Committee has sent on the road against the New Deal. Side and rear of glass displays 300 foreign products which the committee says represents evil effects of the reciprocal trade treaties.

12 PAROCHIAL STUDENTS RETURN FROM TOUR OF ITALY

277 Outstanding Pupils of Italian
Descent from U. S. Received
by Pope Pius.

Twelve parochial school students
of Italian descent returned to St.
Louis yesterday after a tour of Italy
as guests of that Government. The
trip was made by 277 outstanding
American schoolboys, and included
visits at Genoa, Milan, Venice, Na-
ples and Rome, where they were re-
ceived by Pope Pius.

The group from St. Louis, accom-
panied by Father Fiorenzo Lupo of
St. Ambrose Church, included Joe
Lucio, Joe di Maggio, Anthony
Montregie, Nuncio Lemana, An-
thony Romano, Ferdinand Cucchi,
Ben Damero, Louis Amigheli,
Sileo Puclir, Caesar Donebra, Lu-
cian Zarlenga and Paul Gianella.

MRS. OSCAR W. RAEDER BURIAL

Services at 1:45 P. M. Monday at
Leidner Mortuary.

Funeral services for Mrs. Oscar
W. Raeder, who died Wednesday of
complications following an opera-
tion in Mount Kisco, N. Y., will be
held Monday afternoon at 1:45
o'clock at the Leidner Mortuary,
2223 St. Louis avenue, with burial
in Friedens Cemetery. She was 76
years old and resided at 2227 War-
ren street.

Mrs. Raeder with her husband, a
former instructor at the Old Man-
ual Training School here, now re-
tired, had been visiting her daugh-
ter at Carmel, N. Y. Surviving, be-
sides her husband, are three sons,
Dr. O. J. Raeder of Boston, Mass.,
Prof. E. W. Raeder of Boulder,
Colo., and Roland P. Raeder, 2227
Warren street, and one daughter,
Mrs. Laporte of New York City.

SAMUEL INSULL JR. MARRIED

Second Wife Is Former Miss Mar-
garet Baynes of Chicago.

By the Associated Press.
CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Samuel In-
sull Jr., son of the former utilities
man, was married today to Miss
Margaret Shearin Baynes, a millin-
ery buyer, at St. Gertrude's Catholic
Church. The bride is the daughter
of Mrs. Margaret E. Baynes and the
late Anthony Baynes of Chicago.

Insull, a widower, is 36 years old
and his bride 30. He is assistant
to the chairman of the Common-
wealth Edison Co. His first wife,
the former Adelaide Lyman Pierce
of Kewanee, died Feb. 11, 1934. He
has a 4-year-old son, Samuel In-
sull III.

BELLEVILLE DIOCESE CHANGES

Three Assistant Pastors at Cath-
edral Assigned to Other Posts.

Transfer of three assistant pas-
tors at St. Peter's Cathedral at
Belleville to other posts in the di-
ocese were announced yesterday.

The Rev. C. E. Hellrung was ap-
pointed chaplain at St. Mary's Hos-
pital, East St. Louis; the Rev. A. E.
Schomaker will become assistant
pastor at St. Mary's Parish, Ches-
ter, Ill. and the Rev. John T. Four-
nie, assistant pastor at St. Andrew's
Parish, Murphersboro, Ill. They will
be succeeded by the Rev. Joseph
B. Stenger, the Rev. Edmund Schu-
macher and the Rev. Elmer Holt-
grave.

Steamship Movements

By the Associated Press.

Arrived.
Hamburg, Aug. 20, Manhattan
from New York.
Southampton, Aug. 20, Deutsch-
land from New York.
Rio de Janeiro, Aug. 21, Southern
Prince from New York.
New York, Aug. 21, Hamburg
from Hamburg.
New York, Aug. 21, Duchess of
Atholl from Montreal.
New York, Aug. 21, Britannic
from Bermuda.
New York, Aug. 21, Champlain
from Havre.

Sailed:
Gibraltar, Aug. 20, Roma for
New York.
Rio de Janeiro, Aug. 20, Northern
Prince for New York.
Southampton, Aug. 21, Hansa for
New York.
New York, Aug. 21, President
Polk for Manila.

FOUR BUSINESS MEN DEFEND ROOSEVELT

Declare New Deal Is Largely
Responsible for Recovery
and Urge His Re-election.



By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Two bank
presidents, a large department-store
head and a manufacturer said last
night that New Deal measures were
largely the cause of business recov-
ery and urged the re-election of
President Roosevelt.

Edward A. Filene, president of
William Filene's Sons Co., Boston
department store; William H. Reg-
nery, president of the Western
Shade Cloth Co., Chicago; Maurice
L. Breidenthal, president of the Se-
curity National Bank of Kansas
City, Kan.; and William T. McCar-
tery, president of the Lincoln Na-
tional Bank & Trust Co., Syracuse,
N. Y., spoke on a nationwide broad-
cast sponsored by the Democratic
National Committee.

"No clear thinking business man
would discharge an executive under
whom business had climbed from
failure to success and hire some un-
known who promised to reduce total
expenditures without reducing any
one expenditure," Filene said, speak-
ing from Boston.

'Successful President.'

Breidenthal, speaking from Kan-
sas City, said:
"Although I have the greatest re-
spect for Gov. Landon personally, I
am genuinely convinced it would be
unwise and harmful to this country
if President Roosevelt should be de-
feeted."

"By every test we can apply, the
present chief executive is entitled
to re-election. He has been a suc-
cessful President; he has brought us
from panic to prosperity; he has
brought us contentment at home
and peace abroad, and for this coun-
try to reject such a gallant leader
would be nothing less than rank
ingratitude."

Speaking from Rochester, McCar-
tery did not subscribe to the
view that recovery, particularly in
the banking field, was due to natu-
ral causes.

"I for one am glad to acknowledge
that a grand job has been done in
the banking field by President
Roosevelt and his administration,"
he said.

"I believe that any individual or
banker unwilling to give Mr. Roo-
sevelt and the present administration
credit for recovery in the banking
business is indeed a scoundrel."

At Chicago, Regnery said:
"Personally, as a business man,
I am for the re-election of Presi-
dent Roosevelt with all the fervor
and all the intensity and sincerity
of my soul."

"It is my firm belief that we are
in the prosperous and enviable po-
sition that we occupy today as a direct
result of the policies which his ad-
ministration put into operation to
rescue the industrial and agricultu-
ral populations of our country from
disaster and ruin."

"There is no sense in the Republi-
can party trying to frighten this
country or to frighten business be-
cause there is nothing to be fright-
ened about."

15 WPA THEATER UNITS TO PRESENT LEWIS PLAY

Drama Is Based on the Novel 'It
Can't Happen Here.'

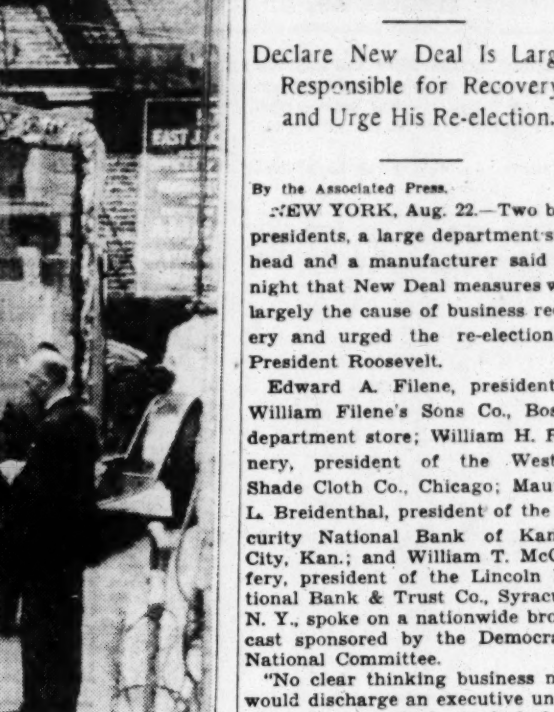
By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Plans
were announced last night by Ad-
ministrator Harry L. Hopkins for
a simultaneous 15-city production
of a play based on the novel "It
Can't Happen Here," under aus-
pices of WPA theater projects.

The performances, Hopkins said,
would take place Tuesday night,
Oct. 20, in Boston, Newark, N. J.,
Los Angeles, San Francisco, Denver,
Chicago, New York, New Orleans,
Cleveland, Dallas, Tex., Tacoma,
Wash., Indianapolis, Syracuse, N. Y.,
Detroit and either Jacksonville or
Miami, Fla.

Hopkins said Hallie Flanagan,
national director of the WPA the-
ater projects has made arrange-
ments with Sinclair Lewis, author
of the book, and his collaborator,
J. C. Moffitt, for dramatization of
the novel.

NAZI PROTEST OVER SOVIET BROADCASTS

Ambassador Complains of
Criticism of German Atti-
tude on Spanish Revolt.



By the Associated Press.
MOSCOW, Aug. 22.—The German
Ambassador to Moscow, it was
learned last night, protested to the
Soviet Foreign Office a few days
ago over recent Moscow radio
broadcasts.

The Ambassador charged that the
German Charge d'Affaires at Ma-
drid had been assailed in the broad-
casts and that Germany's attitude
on the Spanish revolt had been
criticized.

It is understood the Ambassador
was given little satisfaction that the
propaganda would cease.

Newspaper attacks on Germany,
which have become bitter lately,
continued unabated.

The official Communist organ,
Pravda, replied to the allegation in
some Berlin newspapers that the
trial here of persons alleged to
have conspired against the Soviet
Union was organized to attract at-
tention away from what they said
was the Communist International's
policy of foreign intervention.

"It is doubtful whether Fascists,
whose intervention in Spain is get-
ting more and more insolent, will
succeed in diverting attention from
the terrorist activities of the Ges-
tapo (German secret police) agen-
cies in this fashion," Pravda said.

"The Trotsky trial here will re-
veal this."

Diplomats in Berlin Alarmed at Anti-Russian Campaign.

By the Associated Press.
BERLIN, Aug. 22.—An anti-Rus-
sian campaign swept Germany last
night and it was authoritatively said
the Ambassador of one Power ex-
pressed uneasiness to the foreign
office.

The campaign centered on al-
leged war preparations in Western
Russia.

It was asserted that the envoy
told the foreign office he was voic-
ing the sentiment of most of the
diplomatic corps over the German
reaction to Hitler's stand against
Spanish Loyalists. This Ambassa-
dor was informed, it was said, that
the German Government does not
view the European situation with
indue alarm.

Edward Sladek Composer Dies.

Edward Sladek a lino-type opera-
tor employed at the Post-Dispatch
for about 16 years died yesterday
of a glandular disorder at his home,
424 West Lexington avenue. He
was 60 years old. Surviving are his
wife, a son and a daughter. The
funeral will be held at 2 p. m. Mon-
day from the Drehrmann-Haral-
mortuary, 1905 Union boulevard, to
Laurel Hill Cemetery.

POLICE JUDGE DEAD

Succumbs to Heart Disease,
With Heat a Contributing
Cause—38 Years Old.



Police Judge George G. Vest died
at St. Luke's Hospital at 5:45 a. m.
today of heart disease, with heat
exhaustion as a contributing cause.
He entered the hospital Aug. 15.

Judge Vest, 38 years old, was a
grandson of the late United States
Senator George G. Vest. He was a
graduate of Missouri and Prince-
ton Universities and was enrolled
as a member of the St. Louis bar
in November, 1900.

In 1928 he was a candidate for
the Democratic nomination for At-
torney-General, running as a can-
didate opposed to prohibition. He
was appointed Judge of Police Court
No. 2 in April, 1933, by Mayor
Dickmann. In the recent primary
election he sought the Democratic
nomination for Congress from the
Eleventh District, but was defeated
by Congressman Thomas C. Hen-
nings Jr., who had Mayor Dick-
mann's support. He returned to his
duties in Police Court after the
campaign until the day he became
ill.

Judge Vest was the son of Mr.
and Mrs. George T. Vest of Sweet
Springs, Mo. He was an enthusi-
astic horseman, played polo at local
country clubs and in 1925 won a
race for gentlemen riders at Fair-
mount Race Track.

In May, 1933, Judge Vest mar-
ried Mrs. Antonette Taylor, widow
of Bryan Mullinax Taylor. Mrs.
Vest obtained a divorce a year later
on the ground of general indig-
nities. Following the divorce he made
his home at Hotel Kings-Way.

PASTOR NAMED TO NEW POST

The Rev. Harold P. Schultz Ap-
pointed City Missionary.

The Rev. Harold Peters Schultz,
former librarian at Eden Seminary,
has been appointed city missionary
of the Evangelical and Reformed
Church, to work in conjunction
with the Rev. J. W. Varwig and
the Rev. H. J. Damm, under the
direction of the Evangelical Fed-
eration and the Caroline Evangeli-
cal Mission.

The Rev. Mr. Schultz, who lives
at 3402 Longfellow boulevard, re-
cently returned from a tour of in-
spection of missions in Central
America. Among other duties he
will serve as chaplain for his de-
nomination at Koch, Isolator and
City Hospitals. The three mis-
sions are assisted in social service
work by Miss Tillie Hahnen, Miss
Marie Sprick, Miss Violet Haver-
porth, Mrs. Hazel Naylor and E.
Dixon.

GAVE AWAY MILLION IN 1930, FOX RELATES

\$200,000 Check "Pikers"
Gift," Bankrupt Testifies in
Estate Transfer Hearing.



By the Associated Press.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 22.
To William Fox, who says he has
only \$1,600,000 in assets to cover
creditors' claims of \$2,000,000, a gift
of \$200,000 is a "piker's sum."

Smoking a dozen cigars in chain-
fashion, the movie man testified
yesterday before a notary public
that he "gave away" more than \$1-
000,000 to friends in 1930.

The hearing, separate from Fox's
voluntary bankruptcy case, was in
a suit by the Capital Company of
California to set aside the transfer
of Fox's Woodmere (L. I.) estate to
his wife.

Fox laughingly answered ques-
tions by Samuel B. Stewart Jr.,
counsel for the company. He said
the transfer of the estate was "a
gift and for no other reason."

When questioned about a \$200,000
check, one of the several sums he
said he "gave away" in April, 1930,
Fox said:

"Now we are getting down to a
piker's sum."

Wilson Henry Irvine, Artist, Dies.
LYME, Conn., Aug. 22.—Wilson
Henry Irvine of Byron, Ill., a land-
scape painter, died last night after
a year's illness. He was 67 years
old. He was a former president of
the Chicago Society of Artists and
director of several art clubs.



They Got Together

Through a Post-Dispatch Want Ad

and made a transaction so satisfac-
tory and profitable to both parties
that they became fast friends—
always glad to meet and enjoy their
pleasant conversation. Every day
Post-Dispatch Want Ads tell of op-
portunities open for alert readers.

TO PHONE THAT WANT AD

Call MAin 1-1-1 for an Adtaker

Worth Two in the Bush



Elderman in the Washington Post.

A DOUBTFUL BLESSING.
The Washington Post.
ANNOUNCING plans for extra pay-
ment for overtime work, the United States Steel
Corporation has incidentally disclosed its
intention to re-establish the 48-hour week as
basis from which to compute overtime.
The steel industry is now working on an
average about 40 hours per week, this prom-
ise of extra remuneration does not offer
in the way of immediate gain for
employees.

Although the move is designed, it is ex-
pected, to prevent a future shortage of cer-
tain kinds of labor, if output should com-
e to increase, the reason for the action
opens open to question. The fact that will
press the public most is that the United
States Steel Corporation, and other concerns
sought to follow its leadership, have decided
to revert to the longer working week in pre-
ference to spreading employment in periods
of high operating activity. To organized
labor, overtime pay secured under such con-
ditions will seem a doubtful blessing. Cer-
tainly it will not weaken the arguments ad-
vanced for the campaign mapped out by the
U. S. O.

The steel industry owes its employees and
public a more complete and candid ex-
planation of the reasons for the present
move. If those reasons are good, it is they
they remain silent as to what they
If they are not easy to defend, it is
they strategy to conceal them at a time
when labor unrest is rife and a policy of
cooperative industrial action highly desirable.

NORTH ST. LOUIS RIVER FRONT PLAN OF 1929 REVIVED

Originally Put Forth by
City Plan Commission, It
Provides for Airport,
Drive and Park.

EAST SIDE GROUPS
JOIN IN DISCUSSION

Aid of Illinois and Missouri
Legislatures and of Na-
tional Park Service Being
Sought.

The proposal of the City Plan Commission for improvement of the northern St. Louis riverfront, announced in 1929, was revived yesterday at a meeting of the North St. Louis Business Men's Association and North St. Louis service clubs with representatives of East Side organizations at Hotel Statler.

The program, providing for straightening of the Mississippi River, increasing the elevation of two islands by filling, and construction of an airport, riverfront drive to the downtown business district and a recreational area larger than Forest Park, would be undertaken at the outset as a joint project of Missouri and Illinois in co-operation with the National Park Service. Appointment of a committee to enlist the support of the Governors and Legislatures of the two states was authorized.

Dr. J. W. Bechtold, secretary of the North St. Louis Business Men's Association, who described the plan, reported that A. V. Coale, National Park Service official, had expressed his approval after spending last week making a survey.

Cochran Pledges His Aid. Congressman John J. Cochran, one of the proponents of the plan, said he would introduce in Congress, if re-elected, a bill providing for straightening of the channel of the Mississippi River between Chain of Rocks and Bissell's Point (Merchants' Bridge) as a part of the inland waterways improvement program. Sawyer Bend, which would be eliminated by the relocation of the channel, long has been one of the most dangerous and difficult parts of the Upper Mississippi from a standpoint of navigation, Cochran said, and its elimination was proposed by Army engineers as long ago as 1836.

Relocation of the channel to the east side of Cabaret and Rosen-then Islands would place those bodies of land on the Missouri side of the river, but they still would be under Illinois jurisdiction. The relocation of the channel at which the Missouri Legislature is required. It was suggested that Illinois might cede the land to Missouri and that the St. Louis corporate limits might be extended. The cost of acquiring the land from owners is figured at \$2,500,000.

River Would Do Part of Work. The Mississippi, itself, is depended on to do much of the work of increasing the elevation of the islands. Natural accretion of soil would be expedited by construction of dikes and levees and filling to raise the elevation in some places as much as 20 feet, bringing it safely above high water. This cost is estimated at \$5,000,000, and the period of time required at about five years.

As when the plan was first proposed seven years ago, the North St. Louis organizations had no definite proposal for providing funds. That will be left to the committee to be appointed. However, it was emphasized that since several years would be required to reclaim the land and put it in condition for airport and park construction, steps should be taken to start the work which the Federal Government is expected to do as a river channel improvement.

Eventual completion of the project as visualized would require \$22,500,000 including estimated additional expenditures of \$2,500,000 for an airport with runways of 5000 feet, \$3,000,000 for park construction, \$4,500,000 for a six-mile elevated thoroughfare to the downtown business section and \$3,500,000 for viaducts at Adelaide and Calvary avenues.

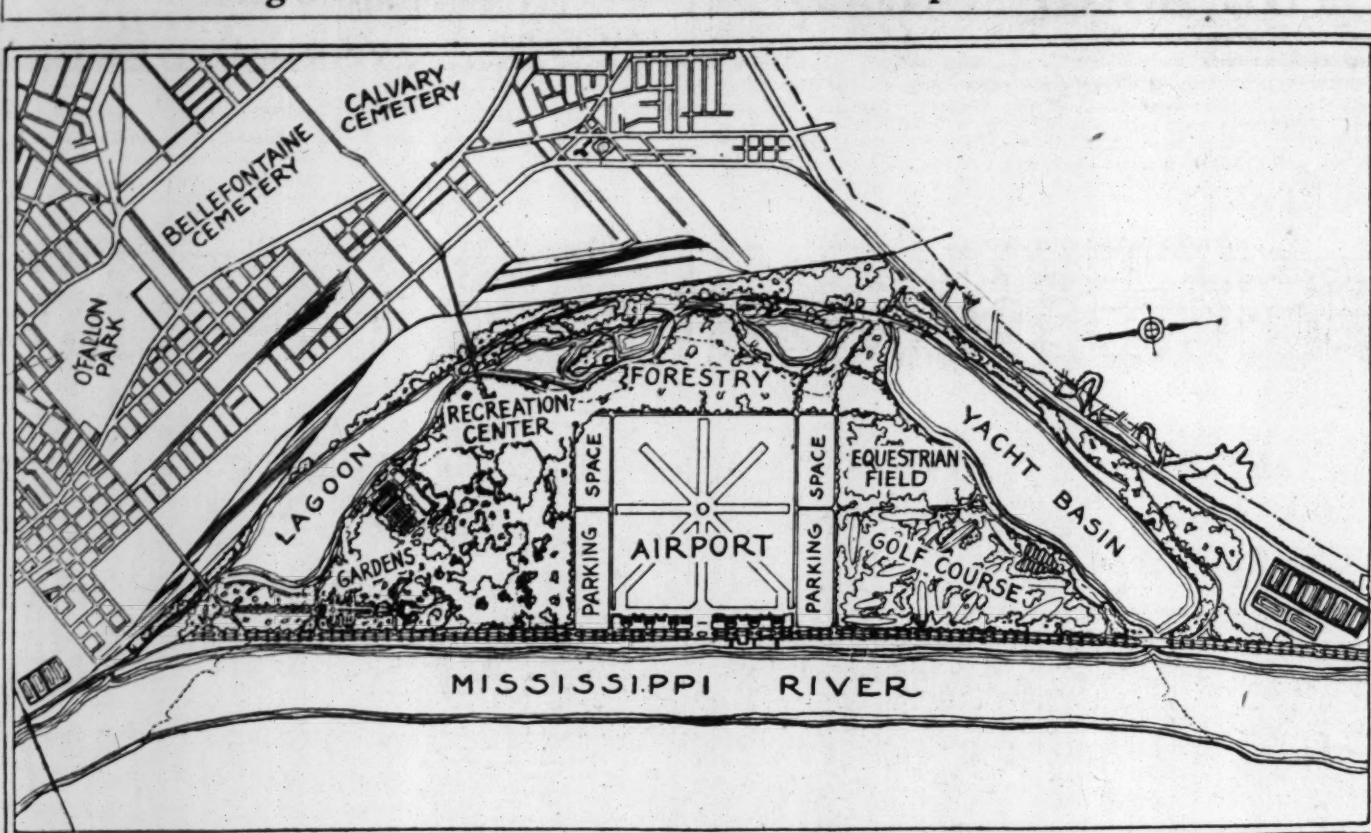
It was pointed out that the expenditures would be made over a period of years and that only a comparatively small part of the total would be required at one time.

Pipe Line Receivership Allowance. By the Associated Press.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 22.—George C. Hering Jr., special master appointed by Chancellor J. O. Wolcott to hear claims and exceptions in the receivership of the Kansas-Missouri Pipe Line Co. (Mokan), allowed upwards of \$333,966 out of a total of \$6,364,172, in his report submitted to the Court of Chancery yesterday.

Fred Waterhouse Dies. Fred Waterhouse, former police sergeant, died last night at his home, 6215 Victoria avenue, after a month's illness. He was 62 years old. Waterhouse joined the police force in 1908 and was promoted to sergeant in 1921. He was reduced to turnkey in the Mounted District in May, 1935.

Diagram of North St. Louis River Front Improvement Plan



THE plan for improvement of the northern river front, suggested in 1929 by the City Plan Commission and revived yesterday when the North St. Louis Business Men's Association and North St. Louis service clubs met with representatives of East Side organizations. By straightening the Mississippi River between Chain of Rocks and Bissell's Point (Merchants' Bridge) and making fills on two islands, five square miles would be added to the northern part of the city. This would be used for an airport and a park larger than Forest Park.

MAN KILLED BY AUTO IN CROSSING STREET

Arthur Klorer, 50, Walking
With Wife and Four Other
Persons When Hit.

Arthur Klorer, 50-year-old electrician, 1440 East Linton avenue, was killed at 11:25 o'clock last night when he was struck by an automobile while attempting to cross the street in the 4600 block of West Florissant avenue.

He was walking from the north curb with his wife, Catherine, and four other persons and was hit by an eastbound automobile driven by Paul Gruner, a sheet metal worker, 1374 Temple place.

Klorer to Christian Hospital, where he died a few minutes later of fractured legs and a crushed chest. Gruner was released on \$2500 bond pending an inquest. He made no statement.

Man, 74, Dies of Injuries: Hit Aug. 14, When Pushing Cart. Charles Bernier, 74 years old, 2714 Walton road, St. John's Station, died at 5 p. m. yesterday at St. Louis County Hospital of a fractured skull suffered Aug. 14 when he was struck by an automobile while trundling a pushcart in the 8900 block of Burton avenue, Overland.

The driver, Robert E. Lewis, 3713 Marvin avenue, Overland, said Bernier apparently became confused and swerved the cart into the path of his automobile.

J. STEWART WALKER FUNERAL

Private Services Held for Former Trust Company Officer.

Private funeral services for J. Stewart Walker, former assistant treasurer of the St. Louis Union Trust Co., who died Thursday at his home, 4749 Westminster place, following a long illness, were held today, with burial in Bellefontaine Cemetery. He was 65 years old.

Starting as an office boy, 35 years ago, Mr. Walker subsequently served in every department of the bank, retiring three years ago because of ill health. He was assistant treasurer for the last 10 years. Surviving is his brother, Maurice A. Walker.

MILES POINDEXTER TO WED

Former U. S. Senator from Washington Gets License.

By the Associated Press. HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 22.—Miles Poindexter, former United States Senator from the State of Washington, and Mrs. Elinor Jackson Junkin Latane of Hartford obtained a marriage license yesterday. They said their wedding would take place Thursday in the Trinity Chapel.

Poindexter, whose home is at Greenlee, Va., represented Washington in the Senate from 1913 until 1923, when he became United States Ambassador to Peru, a post he held until 1928.

Heads Union Electric Legion Post.

Edward J. Dannacher, 2354 South Milton avenue, Overland, has been elected commander of the Union Electric Light & Power Co. Post 179, American Legion, succeeding W. C. Goblein of Webster Groves.

Officers are: F. C. White and F. A. Silvers, vice-commanders; W. H. Coquelin, adjutant; N. H. Naurt, finance officer; Herman Weber, chaplain; Theodore Bauer, sergeant-at-arms, and John E. Gruner, historian.

Phone Companies Reclassified.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The Communications Commission ruled yesterday three telephone companies in Missouri, Illinois and Indiana were subject to Federal regulation as connecting carriers.

The companies were: Capital City Telephone Co., Jefferson City, Mo.; Intra State Telephone Co., Galesburg, Ill., and Princeton Telephone Co., Princeton, Ind.

LONDON CALLS ON U. S. TO STICK TO "AMERICAN WAY"

Continued From Page One.

We got out of previous depressions because of the natural growth of the country and the westward expansion of the frontier. We are warned that we are at the end of that era of expansion and must now face a new situation.

"The remedy offered is that the Federal Government shall restrict production, dole out jobs and parcel out business opportunities. This argument, instead of being progressive, is 20 years behind the times."

"Frontier of New Wants." During the depression of the 1890's, London said, a "new frontier" was discovered—"the frontier of invention and new wants."

"Under our American way of life," he continued, "men with courage and imagination were free to occupy this new frontier and develop it. They built a greater America. Our people were able to buy the new luxuries, comforts and conveniences because they had new purchasing power—new purchasing power that came not in checks from the Treasury, but from the production of goods."

"All this was achieved without undermining any American institutions. It was achieved by continuing to encourage free enterprise."

"Freedom of enterprise does not mean that the Government must do nothing. Government must always be on the alert to repress violence and fraud, to terminate special privilege and unfair practices, to protect the everyday American in carrying on projects that are beyond the scope of private enterprise."

State and Federal Power.

Referring to "proposals for changing" the form of government, London said "Government power must always be used unflinchingly to correct the abuses and inequalities which admittedly exist."

"So far as possible," he said, "this should be done by the individual States or by compact among the States. In the case of abuses beyond the power or jurisdiction of the States, Federal authority should be used."

I am, however, against the transfer of Federal power to the States which can be more safely and efficiently administered by State and local governments.

"It is a fundamental principle of our American system that the Federal Government in Washington shall have only such powers as are specifically granted to it. The founders of our government knew all too well the evils of being governed from a distance."

"That distrust of centralized power was the beginning of our American way of life. We are now asked to barter it away for nervous handouts which have been tried and found wanting."

Unemployment Problem.

He said unemployment and "examples of special privilege" were defects which called for remedies. "But I believe," he said, "that there is more promise for their solution by clinging to American ideals than under any other plan which has been proposed."

The remedy for unemployment is not a permanent dole. Of course, relief must be continued as long as the need for it exists. The American remedy for unemployment is real work at good wages. It is clear that limitation of production and destruction of crops is not going to provide this kind of work.

The remedy for monopoly and special privilege is to do away with them. This must be one of our first objectives. One of the chief causes of our economic difficulties is the tendency of monopoly to fix prices and retain special privilege."

London said "the frontier of new wants points the way to a better standard of living in this country."

"Even in our most prosperous days many of our people did not live well enough. How can it be said that we have over-production when so many Americans are badly clothed and badly housed? How can it be said we have over-production when large groups of our fellow citizens are neglected, underpaid or unemployed? How dare we talk about over-production when the vile effects of these conditions run beyond the tragedy of stunted lives and challenge the welfare of the nation?"

These can never be stifled within our boundaries. It means an outlook on life. It means not only deep love of liberty and justice, but courage to face the dangers and responsibilities that go with liberty.

Our fathers cherished this way of life because they bought it with their own blood. We have received it as a free gift from them. There is danger that we may not prize it as we should. This American way of life is being challenged. We are told that it does not meet modern requirements. The conditions of the time incline some of our people to listen to these accusations. Some are trying to supplant our institutions by others from abroad.

Periods of depression are favorable for reviving ancient and discredited systems of society and of government and presenting them as the sure way of gaining Utopia. In the waste and extravagance of the boom days and the hardships of the depression many of us went wool gathering.

So it is not surprising that the confidence of many of our people in our way of doing things has been shaken. They are wondering whether we may not have to scrap our American institutions. This doubt and distrust is fostered by unstable men to whom it is always dangerous to give political power.

World-Wide Distrust.

This feeling of doubt and distrust, like the depression, is world-wide, and not confined to the United States. It challenges not only the economic system of free enterprise, but even the representative form of government. Behind the depression such phrases as "the onward sweep of democracy" were commonplace. Now in many parts of the world democracy is in retreat and dictatorships are advancing.

Today we can well review the way of life that has brought us thus far on the road to national greatness and ask ourselves whether the end of that road has been reached.

Let us look at the picture as it exists in thousands of American communities, as they are in normal times. We see men, women and children living together in families in homes. We see that the family and the home are the foundation of national life. We also see the heads of families assuming responsibility for their support. We see them facing life with cheerfulness and courage, asking no favors, taking pride in their independence, supporting their families, helping those in need. We see them rising through the ranks to the highest positions in every field.

We also see them solving their larger problems by voluntary co-operation with their friends and neighbors, through economic, educational and political organizations. We see them, generally speaking, traveling from the cradle to the grave without ever feeling the coercive or directing hand of government, except insofar as they may have transgressed the rights of others. We take all this as a matter of course.

Restrictions in Other Lands.

This freedom from the coercive hand of government has always been a distinctive feature of American life. Even before the recent revival of dictatorships, the citizens of foreign countries were subject to restrictions unknown in America. Their goings and comings were closely watched and regulated. They could not open new businesses without the consent of a bureaucratic government. Their established businesses were subject to incessant bureaucratic meddling. Economic and social development was bound to be slow under these conditions.

In contrast, the American way of life, had left men and women free from these restrictions. Our people have been free to develop their own lives as they saw fit and to co-operate with one another on a voluntary basis. They have been encouraged to start any

MEANING OF "AMERICAN"

Continued From Page One.

Wherever I have gone in this country, I have found Americans. That is no idle phrase. The word "American" has come to mean something more than a dweller within our boundaries. It means an attitude of heart and mind, an outlook on life. It means not only deep love of liberty and justice, but courage to face the dangers and responsibilities that go with liberty.

Our fathers cherished this way of life because they bought it with their own blood. We have received it as a free gift from them. There is danger that we may not prize it as we should. This American way of life is being challenged. We are told that it does not meet modern requirements. The conditions of the time incline some of our people to listen to these accusations. Some are trying to supplant our institutions by others from abroad.

Periods of depression are favorable for reviving ancient and discredited systems of society and of government and presenting them as the sure way of gaining Utopia. In the waste and extravagance of the boom days and the hardships of the depression many of us went wool gathering.

So it is not surprising that the confidence of many of our people in our way of doing things has been shaken. They are wondering whether we may not have to scrap our American institutions. This doubt and distrust is fostered by unstable men to whom it is always dangerous to give political power.

World-Wide Distrust.

This feeling of doubt and distrust, like the depression, is world-wide, and not confined to the United States. It challenges not only the economic system of free enterprise, but even the representative form of government. Behind the depression such phrases as "the onward sweep of democracy" were commonplace. Now in many parts of the world democracy is in retreat and dictatorships are advancing.

Today we can well review the way of life that has brought us thus far on the road to national greatness and ask ourselves whether the end of that road has been reached.

Let us look at the picture as it exists in thousands of American communities, as they are in normal times. We see men, women and children living together in families in homes. We see that the family and the home are the foundation of national life. We also see the heads of families assuming responsibility for their support. We see them facing life with cheerfulness and courage, asking no favors, taking pride in their independence, supporting their families, helping those in need. We see them rising through the ranks to the highest positions in every field.

We also see them solving their larger problems by voluntary co-operation with their friends and neighbors, through economic, educational and political organizations. We see them, generally speaking, traveling from the cradle to the grave without ever feeling the coercive or directing hand of government, except insofar as they may have transgressed the rights of others. We take all this as a matter of course.

Restrictions in Other Lands.

This freedom from the coercive hand of government has always been a distinctive feature of American life. Even before the recent revival of dictatorships, the citizens of foreign countries were subject to restrictions unknown in America. Their goings and comings were closely watched and regulated. They could not open new businesses without the consent of a bureaucratic government. Their established businesses were subject to incessant bureaucratic meddling. Economic and social development was bound to be slow under these conditions.

In contrast, the American way of life, had left men and women free from these restrictions. Our people have been free to develop their own lives as they saw fit and to co-operate with one another on a voluntary basis. They have been encouraged to start any

Text of Gov. Landon's Speech
On "Protecting Our Heritage
Of Freedom and Opportunity"

He Defends Old Ideals—Says Curb on Production and Destruction of Crops Won't Produce Jobs.

WEST MIDDLESEX, Pa., Aug. 22.

THE text of Gov. Alf M. Landon's address at his birthplace, West Middlesex, Pa., as prepared for delivery, follows:

It is with real happiness that I return today to see again the place of my birth. I have come back to this part of the country almost every summer for over 30 years. I still send to Crawford County every winter for maple syrup. The people of this region are my people. I am one of you, and I greet you with the deepest pleasure.

Although I have spent most of my life in the great State of Kansas, my immediate problems are not very different. You have discussed them among yourselves, just as I have mulled over them with my friends and neighbors out West. In coming to see you and talk with you this afternoon, therefore, I do not feel I am among strangers. I feel I am visiting with old friends discussing common difficulties in an effort to find a real and common sense solution for them.

Let us look first at some of the attributes of our country and of our people. These are more fundamental than political issues. For thought and of action and those social, economic and governmental institutions which create political issues.

Meaning of "American." Wherever I have gone in this country, I have found Americans. That is no idle phrase. The word "American" has come to mean something more than a dweller within our boundaries. It means an attitude of heart and mind, an outlook on life. It means not only deep love of liberty and justice, but courage to face the dangers and responsibilities that go with liberty.

Our fathers cherished this way of life because they bought it with their own blood. We have received it as a free gift from them. There is danger that we may not prize it as we should. This American way of life is being challenged. We are told that it does not meet modern requirements. The conditions of the time incline some of our people to listen to these accusations. Some are trying to supplant our institutions by others from abroad.

Periods of depression are favorable for reviving ancient and discredited systems of society and of government and presenting them as the sure way of gaining Utopia. In the waste and extravagance of the boom days and the hardships of the depression many of us went wool gathering.

So it is not surprising that the confidence of many of our people in our way of doing things has been shaken. They are wondering whether we may not have to scrap our American institutions. This doubt and distrust is fostered by unstable men to whom it is always dangerous to give political power.

World-Wide Distrust.

This feeling of doubt and distrust, like the depression, is world-wide, and not confined to the United States. It challenges not only the economic system of free enterprise, but even the representative form of government. Behind the depression such phrases as "the onward sweep of democracy" were commonplace. Now in many parts of the world democracy is in retreat and dictatorships are advancing.

Today we can well review the way of life that has brought us thus far on the road to national greatness and ask ourselves whether the end of that road has been reached.

Let us look at the picture as it exists in thousands of American communities, as they are in normal times. We see men, women and children living together in families in homes. We see that the family and the home are the foundation of national life. We also see the heads of families assuming responsibility for their support. We see them facing life with cheerfulness and courage, asking no favors, taking pride in their independence, supporting their families, helping those in need. We see them rising through the ranks to the highest positions in every field.

We also see them solving their larger problems by voluntary co-operation with their friends and neighbors, through economic, educational and political organizations. We see them, generally speaking, traveling from the cradle to the grave without ever feeling the coercive or directing hand of government, except insofar as they may have transgressed the rights of others. We take all this as a matter of course.

Restrictions in Other Lands.

This freedom from the coercive hand of government has always been a distinctive feature of American life. Even before the recent revival of dictatorships, the citizens of foreign countries were subject to restrictions unknown in America. Their goings and comings were closely watched and regulated. They could not open new businesses without the consent of a bureaucratic government. Their established businesses were subject to incessant bureaucratic meddling. Economic and social development was bound to be slow under these conditions.

In contrast, the American way of life, had left men and women free from these restrictions. Our people have been free to develop their own lives as they saw fit and to co-operate with one another on a voluntary basis. They have been encouraged to start any

ROOSEVELT SAYS HE WON'T CAMPAIGN BEFORE OCTOBER

Continued From Page One.

Former Gov. Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania and former Senator Henry J. Allen of Kansas boarded the train at Canton.

London paid tribute to McKinley. "Forty years ago in another depression the people found the typical American community of Canton a leader that led the nation to prosperity," he said.

"So far as possible," he said, "this should be done by the individual States or by compact among the States. In the case of abuses beyond the power or jurisdiction of the States, Federal authority should be used."

I am, however, against the transfer of Federal power to the States which can be more safely and efficiently administered by State and local governments.

"It is a fundamental principle of our American system that the Federal Government in Washington shall have only such powers as are specifically granted to it. The founders of our government knew all too well the evils of being governed from a distance."

"That distrust of centralized power was the beginning of our American way of life. We are now asked to barter it away for nervous handouts which have been tried and found wanting."

Unemployment Problem.

He said unemployment and "examples of special privilege" were defects which called for remedies. "But I believe," he said, "that there is more promise for their solution by clinging to American ideals than under any other plan which has been proposed."

The remedy for unemployment is not a permanent dole. Of course, relief must be continued as long as the need for it exists. The American remedy for unemployment is real work at good wages. It is clear that limitation of production and destruction of crops is not going to provide this kind of work.

The remedy for monopoly and special privilege is to do away with them. This must be one of our first objectives. One of the chief causes of our economic difficulties is the tendency of monopoly to fix prices and retain special privilege."

London said "the frontier of new wants points the way to a better standard of living in this country."

"Even in our most prosperous days many of our people did not live well enough. How can it be said that we have over-production when so many Americans are badly clothed and badly housed? How can it be said we have over-production when large groups of our fellow citizens are neglected, underpaid or unemployed? How dare we talk about over-production when the vile effects of these conditions run beyond the tragedy of stunted lives and challenge the welfare of the nation?"

These can never be stifled within our boundaries. It means an outlook on life. It means not only deep love of liberty and justice, but courage to face the dangers and responsibilities that go with liberty.

Our fathers cherished this way of life because they bought it with their own blood. We have received it as a free gift from them. There is danger that we may not prize it as we should. This American way of life is being challenged. We are told that it does not meet modern requirements. The conditions of the time incline some of our people to listen to these accusations. Some are trying to supplant our institutions by others from abroad.

Periods of depression are favorable for reviving ancient and discredited systems of society and of government and presenting them as the sure way of gaining Utopia. In the waste and extravagance of the boom days and the hardships of the depression many of us went wool gathering.

So it is not surprising that the confidence of many of our people in our way of doing things has been shaken. They are wondering whether we may not have to scrap our American institutions. This doubt and distrust is fostered by unstable men to whom it is always dangerous to give political power.

World-Wide Distrust.

This feeling of doubt and distrust, like the depression, is world-wide, and not confined to the United States. It challenges not only the economic system of free enterprise, but even the representative form of government. Behind the depression such phrases as "the onward sweep of democracy" were commonplace. Now in many parts of the world democracy is in retreat and dictatorships are advancing.

Today we can well review the way of life that has brought us thus far on the road to national greatness and ask ourselves whether the end of that road has been reached.

Let us look at the picture as it exists in thousands of American communities, as they are in normal times. We see men, women and children living together in families in homes. We see that the family and the home are the foundation of national life. We also see the heads of families assuming responsibility for their support. We see them facing life with cheerfulness and courage, asking no favors, taking pride in their independence, supporting their families, helping those in need. We see them rising through the ranks to the highest positions in every field.

We also see them solving their larger problems by voluntary co-operation with their friends and neighbors, through economic, educational and political organizations. We see them, generally speaking, traveling from the cradle to the grave without ever feeling the coercive or directing hand of government, except insofar as they may have transgressed the rights of others. We take all this as a matter of course.

Restrictions in Other Lands.

This freedom from the coercive hand of government has always been a distinctive feature of American life. Even before the recent revival of dictatorships, the citizens of foreign countries were subject to restrictions unknown in America. Their goings and comings were closely watched and regulated. They could not open new businesses without the consent of a bureaucratic government. Their established businesses were subject to incessant bureaucratic meddling. Economic and social development was bound to be slow under these conditions.

In contrast, the American way of life, had left men and women free from these restrictions. Our people have been free to develop their own lives as they saw fit and to co-operate with one another on a voluntary basis. They have been encouraged to start any

Text of Gov. Landon's Speech
On "Protecting Our Heritage
Of Freedom and Opportunity"

He Defends Old Ideals—Says Curb on Production and Destruction of Crops Won't Produce Jobs.

WEST MIDDLESEX, Pa., Aug. 22.

THE text of Gov. Alf M. Landon's address at his birthplace, West Middlesex, Pa., as prepared for delivery, follows:

It is with real happiness that I return today to see again the place of my birth. I have come back to this part of the country almost every summer for over 30 years. I still send to Crawford County every winter for maple syrup. The people of this region are my people. I am one of you, and I greet you with the deepest pleasure.

Although I have spent most of my life in the great State of Kansas, my immediate problems are not very different. You have discussed them among yourselves, just as I have mulled over them with my friends and neighbors out West. In coming to see you and talk with you this afternoon, therefore, I do not feel I am among strangers. I feel I am visiting with old friends discussing common difficulties in an effort to find a real and common sense solution for them.

Let us look first at some of the attributes of our country and of our people. These are more fundamental than political issues. For thought and of action and those social, economic and governmental institutions which create political issues.

Meaning of "American." Wherever I have gone in this country, I have found Americans. That is no idle phrase. The word "American" has come to mean something more than a dweller within our boundaries. It means an attitude of heart and mind, an outlook on life. It means not only deep love of liberty and justice, but courage to face the dangers and responsibilities that go with liberty.

Our fathers cherished this way of life because they bought it with their own blood. We have received it as a free gift from them. There is danger that we may not prize it as we should. This American way of life is being challenged. We are told that it does not meet modern requirements. The conditions of the time incline some of our people to listen to these accusations. Some are trying to supplant our institutions by others from abroad.

Periods of depression are favorable for reviving ancient and discredited systems of society and of government and presenting them as the sure way of gaining Utopia. In the waste and extravagance of the boom days and the hardships of the depression many of us went wool gathering.

So it is not surprising that the confidence of many of our people in our way of doing things has been shaken. They are wondering whether we may not have to scrap our American institutions. This doubt and distrust is fostered by unstable men to whom it is always dangerous to give political power.

protect the everyday American in carrying on projects that are beyond the scope of private enterprise.

One of the proposals for changing our America has to do with the form of government. Government power must always be used unflinchingly to correct the abuses and inequalities which admittedly exist. So far as possible, this should be done by the individual States or by compacts among the States. In the case of abuses beyond the power or jurisdiction of the States, Federal authority should be used. I am, however, against the transfer to Washington of any power which can be more safely and efficiently administered by State and local governments.

It is a fundamental law of representative government that nothing shall be done by a larger unit than a small unit can do as well. It is a fundamental principle of our American system that the Federal Government in Washington shall have only such powers as are specifically granted to it. The founders of our government knew all too well the evils of being governed from a distance. They knew from experience that the local colonial governments understood the needs of the colonists better than any distant government. All they asked at first was more self-government. When they found that they could not get it, they demanded independence.

That distrust of centralized power was the beginning of our American liberty, we are now asked to barter it away for persuasive theories which have been tried and found wanting.

Some people now say that the America we have built no longer meets our needs. They point to the unemployed. They cite examples of special privilege. They say that these are inseparable byproducts of our system of free enterprise and of our form of government. They recognize, as all of us do, the lack of balance in our economic structure.

American Plan Best.

These are defects, it is true, and call for remedies, but I believe that there is more promise for their solution by clinging to American ideals than under any other plan which has been proposed.

The remedy for unemployment is not a permanent dole. Of course, relief must be continued as long as the need for it exists. The American remedy for unemployment is real work at good wages. It is clear that limitation of production and destruction of crops is not going to provide this kind of work.

The remedy for monopoly and special privilege is to do away with them. This must be one of our first objectives. One of the chief causes of our economic difficulties is the tendency of monopoly to fix prices and retain special privilege. Great markets yet to be developed lie within our own borders and across the sea. The frontier of new wants points the way to a better standard of living in this country. Even in our most prosperous days, many of our people did not live well enough. However, it is said that we have overproduction when so many Americans are badly fed, badly clothed and badly housed, how can it be said we have overproduction when large groups of our fellow-citizens are neglected, under paid, or unemployed? How dare we talk about overproduction when the evil effects of these conditions run beyond the tragedy of stunted lives and challenge the welfare and the honor of the nation? But beyond the satisfaction of material things lie the longing of the mind and the spirit. These can never be stifled while imagination and industry distinguish American character.

Choice Before Country.

So here at the place of my birth I have sought to make clear what I believe to be the choice now before our country. It is the choice between the pig in the poke policies of the present administration and those American institutions under which we have enjoyed more liberty and attained a higher standard of living than any other people in the world. Once we choose the pig in the poke, I have no doubt of the outcome. I pledge myself, so far as it lies within my power, to protect for America our heritage of freedom and opportunity. We wait very boy and girl to have a better chance in life than we had. We want a government in Washington that will safeguard for the younger generation the opportunity to develop, each in his own way, the American qualities of self-reliance, of honesty, and of generosity. We must maintain a nation of free citizens, each choosing for himself, each holding fast not only to opportunity, but to the truths he has inherited. This—an America of free and independent citizens—recognizing our mutual obligations, one to the other, is the America we should strive to leave for our children.

MAN KILLED IN EXPLOSION

By the Associated Press.
EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., Aug. 22.—One man was killed and two others were injured today when an explosion wrecked a one-story brick building at the Ball Health School here.

William Hildebrand, 24 years old, a painter, was fatally crushed when the concrete first floor fell on him as he worked in the west wing. The injured men were Lee Knot, Excelsior Springs, an employ of Dr. S. W. Hall, head of the school, and W. E. Cupp, a taxi driver. Damage was estimated at \$10,000. The cause of the explosion was not immediately determined.

Landon Gets Indian Peace Pipe

TAMA, Ia., Aug. 22.—Gov. Alf M. Landon, who is a pipe smoker, was given an Indian peace pipe with a stem three and a half feet long here yesterday. A band of Indians from the Tama Reservation, dressed in full tribal regalia, presented the pipe to him during a stop by his campaign train here.

Sports Section

WINFORD PITCHES AND CARDINALS DEFEAT PIRATES, 4 TO 3

Helen Germaine Reaches Public Park Tennis Final

NEW YORK GIRL BEATS EDNA SMITH 6-2, 1-6, 6-2

By Davidson Obar.

Louis Metherell led Carl Fischer, 1 set to 1, in the singles final. Fischer won the first set, 7-5, and Metherell the next two, 6-4, 6-3.

FOREST PARK TENNIS COURTS, Aug. 22.—Helen Germaine of New York moved into the final round of the national public parks women's singles tennis, as she defeated Edna Smith, Cleveland champion, in the semi-final round here this afternoon.

The hard-hitting player from Manhattan was given a good battle before winning in three sets, 6-2, 1-6, 6-2.

In the first set Miss Germaine's steady driving shots proved very effective. Miss Smith opened up the second set with a little more accurate playing, while the New York girl was somewhat erratic.

Miss Germaine started the third set with a barrage of shots which gave her a lead of 5 to 0 in games. The diminutive smiling Cleveland girl refused to yield at this point and won two straight games. The pace, however, in the next game was too much for her. Miss Germaine winning it, taking the set, 6-2, and the match.

The New York girl won the national public parks title at Louisville in 1932 and since that time has been a strong contender. Several years ago she spent months in California under professional coaching and is a strict advocate of proper practice before tournament play.

It just isn't good cricket to have a tennis tournament final without a California player on one side of the net, and so it was not surprising to find that Louis Wetherell, who opposed Carl Fischer of Detroit here this afternoon in a product of Los Angeles. And, on the strength of his showing thus far, particularly his victory over MacNeill Smith of East St. Louis yesterday, the tall Californian was regarded as a probable winner, although his apparent advantage is slight.

The winner will succeed Bernard Welch of Washington, D. C., who did not defend the title this year. Fred Leppel of Chicago was in the umpire's chair.

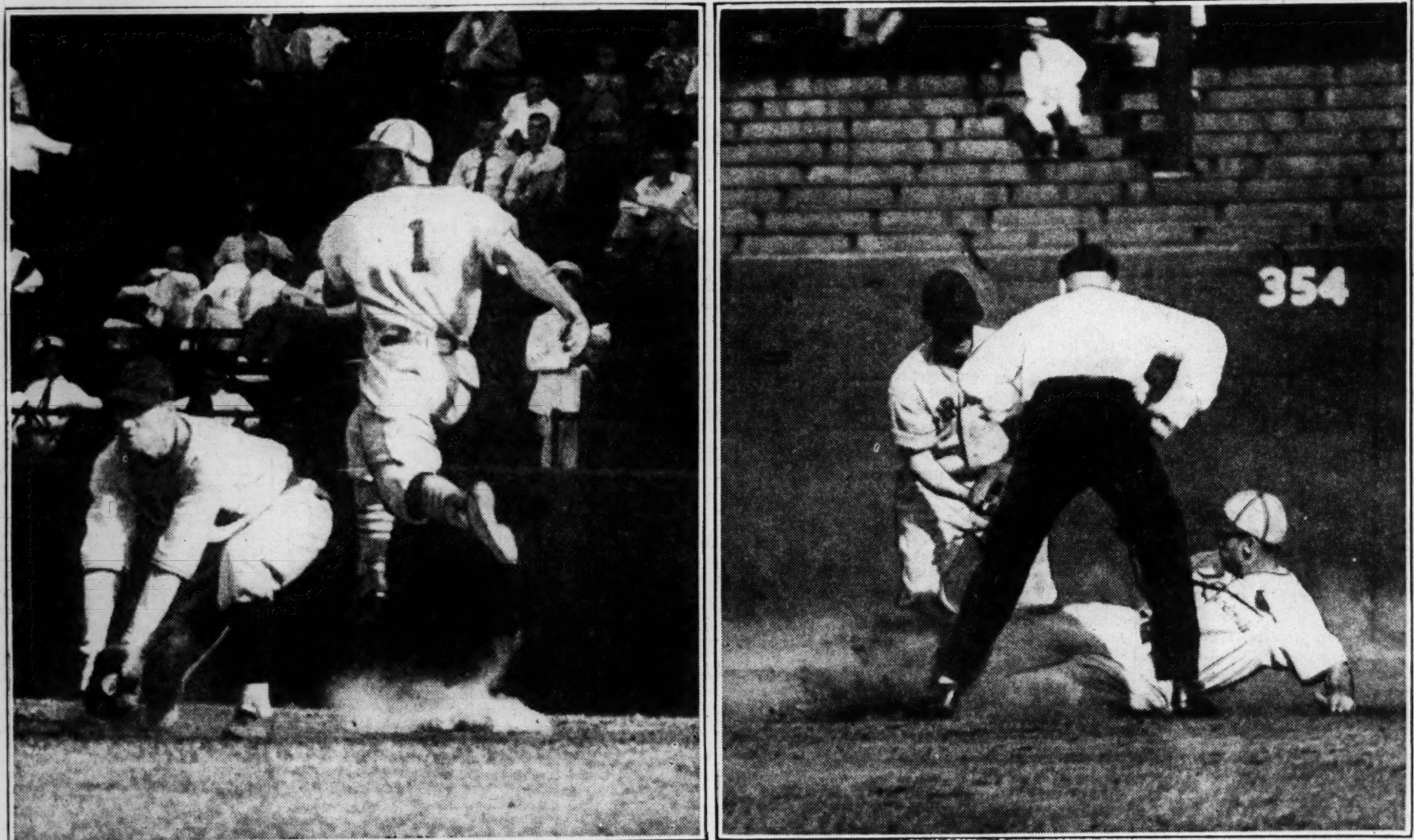
The Favorite.

The Californian appears as a slight favorite over Fischer in the men's singles final today. Wetherell rose to great heights to win from Smith in their five-set battle. The Californian's excellent timing of his shots and his overhead strokes, particularly from the backhand position, enabled him to gain the victory.

Fischer won his way into the final round when his opponent in the semifinals, M. J. McLaney of New Orleans, was forced to default in the third set. McLaney pulled a rib muscle in the fifth game of the first set and after that could not put full force behind his shots. Fischer and McLaney defeated seeded players and it was rather a tough break for McLaney that he lost.

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

The Wild Horse of the Osage Puts on a One-Man Rodeo



Pepper Martin, virtually recovered from two jammed elbows, a lame shoulder, two bruised knees and assorted muscle and bone injuries, uses his galloping speed to good effect, making first, second and third safely as the camera clicks. In the picture, at the left, he is beating Brubaker's throw to first on a slow grounder in the fourth inning of yesterday's game with the Pirates. See how the Wild Horse can leap. At the right, he stretches a single into a double in the fifth inning. It's too bad Johnny Martin is such a physical wreck!

Allen Holds Browns To Three Hits and Indians Win, 6 to 0

By James M. Gould
Of the Post-Dispatch Sports Staff.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 22.—Rogers Hornsby's Browns again were defeated by the Cleveland Indians here this afternoon in the second game of a series of three.

The score was 6 to 0.

Johnny Allen allowed the Browns only three hits.

Manager Hornsby used three pitchers, Hogsett, Liebhardt and Kimberlin.

Manager Hornsby changed his pitching selection and ordered Hogsett instead of Knott to the mound.

Glenn Liebhardt went in to pitch for the Browns in the Cleveland fifth after Hogsett had been taken out for a pinch batter in the Browns' half.

It was hot and muggy and the paid attendance was estimated at \$500. In addition about the same number of boys saw the proceedings.

The game:

FIRST INNING—BROWNS—Larry struck out. Cliff singled to left. Solters lined to Weatherly. Bell fouled to George.

INDIANS—Hughes grounded to Bottomley. Hale doubled to right center. Bejma threw out Averill. Trosky flied to Solters.

SECOND—BROWNS—West lined to Hughes. Bottomley flied to Weatherly. Bejma grounded to Hale.

INDIANS—Weatherly grounded to Bejma. Cliff made a nice play when he handled Vosmik's slow grounder and threw him out at first. George flied to Bell.

THIRD—BROWNS—Allen threw out Giuliani. Knickerbocker threw out Hogsett. Larry popped to Hughes.

INDIANS—Knickerbocker singled off Hogsett's glove. Allen sacrificed. Solters to Bottomley. Hughes flied to Solters. Hale walked. Averill hit over the right field fence for a home run and scored behind Knickerbocker and Hale. Trosky popped to Giuliani. **THREE RUNS.**

FOURTH—BROWNS—Cliff was safe when Trosky juggled Hale's throw. Solters popped to Hale. Bell popped to Trosky. West flied to Averill.

INDIANS—Weatherly was safe when Bottomley fumbled his grounder. Vosmik singled to center.

Continued on Page 3, Column 4.

DIZZY DEAN ILL, BUT HOPES HE WILL RECOVER BY TOMORROW

Jerome Herman Dean, ace of the Cardinal pitching staff, was confined to his hotel room today, after a night of illness. He informed Manager Frisch this morning that he was ailing and would be unable to report at the ball park.

Dizzy told the Post-Dispatch by telephone that he hoped to be ready to pitch in one of the games of a double-header with the Pirates tomorrow.

"I had a miserable night," Dizzy said. "Mrs. Dean gave me some medicine and I think it will lighten me up, though it was a tough night. I told Frankie Frisch this morning that I would make every effort to be ready tomorrow and would pitch if it was humanly possible."

"If Dizzy can't pitch one of the games tomorrow, I don't know who is going to pitch," Manager Frisch said, after his conversation with the elder Dean.

COWRAY'S COLUMN From Berlin

By John E. Wray.
Sports Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

BERLIN, August.

ONE debate of the many that resulted from the Olympic Games centered around determining the winners of javelin throws, shotputs and discus tosses.

Under existing rules the best throw counts whether made in a preliminary or in the final round of the contest.

On the same principle, it was contended, the winner of the fastest heat of a sprint might be entitled to victory, whether he lost a slower final or not.

An international authority was asked his view and with a "please don't bring my name into the discussion" he replied.

"The fairest way to test the ability of these field athletes is to average the throws. An occasional fine effort should not be permitted to outweigh consistent good performance."

"In golf in your country, when they have a driving contest the best average wins. The principle should apply to Olympic field events."

No Change Likely.

HE may be right, but it will not be changed. The spectators would never understand why.

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

PEPPER MARTIN HITS HOME RUN; BIRDS NOW LEAD BY A FULL GAME

By Dent McSkimming

SPORTSMAN'S PARK, Aug. 22.—The Cardinals won from the Pittsburgh Pirates here this afternoon and increased their first-place to a full game over the New York Giants, who were idle because of rain. The victory enabled the Redbirds to even the series with the Pirates.

The score was 4 to 3.

Bill Swift, one of Pittsburgh's best righthanders, was Manager Pie Traynor's pitching selection.

The Cardinals were fighting to protect their slim advantage over the New York Giants, reduced now to half a game. New York was idle this afternoon because of rain at Boston, giving the Redbirds a chance to gain half a game.

It was Ladies' and Girls' day and there were about 5000 paid customers besides the 10,000 women and girl guests when the game started.

Barr, Reardon and Goetz were the umpires.

SCORE BY INNINGS										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T. H. E.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	PITTSBURGH AT ST. LOUIS	3
1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	CARDINALS	4

Cardinals Box Score

girls besides the 10,000 women and adult girls when the game started.

Barr, Reardon and Goetz were the umpires.

The game:

FIRST INNING — PIRATES — Frisch threw out Lloyd Waner. Durocher threw out Jensen. Paul Waner walked. Vaughan flied to Medwick.

CARDINALS—Moore got a double when Lloyd Waner dropped his high fly. Frisch doubled to right center, scoring Moore. Pepper Martin was safe when Vaughan fumbled his grounder. Frisch held the second. Medwick fouled to Swift. Mize hit into a double play, Suhr to Vaughan to Suhr. **ONE RUN.**

SECOND — PIRATES — Frisch threw out Suhr. Brubaker grounded to Garibaldi. Young fouled to Ogrodowski.

CARDINALS — Durocher struck out. Garibaldi flied to Paul Waner. Ogrodowski popped to Young.

THIRD — PIRATES — Padden struck out. Swift doubled to center for the first hit off Winford. Lloyd Waner hit a hot grounder to Durocher and Swift was caught between second and third and run out by Durocher to Frisch. Jensen forced Lloyd Waner, Durocher to Frisch.

CARDINALS—Young threw out Winford. Terry Moore fouled to Padden. Frisch singled to left, but

PITTSBURGH.

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
L. Waner cf	4	1	1	3	0	1
Jensen lf	4	1	1	1	1	0
F. Waner rf	2	0	0	2	0	0
Vaughan ss	4	0	1	2	3	2
Suhr lb	4	0	0	6	0	0
Brubaker 3b	4	0	1	0	0	0
Young 2b	4	0	0	2	1	0
Padden c	4	0	0	8	0	0
SWIFT P	2	0	1	0	1	0
M. BROWN	0	0	0	0	1	0
Lucas	—	1	0	1	0	0
Finney	—	0	1	0	0	0
TOTALS	33	3	6	24	7	3

CARDINALS.

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
T. Moore cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Frisch 2b	4	0	3	3	6	0
J. Martin rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Medwick lf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Mize lb	—	3	1	15	1	0
Durocher ss	3	0	0	4	10	0
Garibaldi 3b	3	0	0	2	2	0
Ogrodowski c	3	0	0	4	0	0
WINFORD P	3	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	31	4	7	27	19	0

hills for the Pirates. Terry Moore was called out on strikes. Frisch's third hit was a single to left. Pepper Martin struck out. Medwick tapped to Brown.

NINTH—PIRATES—Brubaker fouled to Ogrodowski. Durocher threw out Young. Garibaldi threw out Padden.

Three Senators Hit Home Runs In One Inning

By the Associated Press.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 22.—Faced by three homers by Joe Kuhel, Cary Reynolds and Ed Kream in the fourth inning, tying the American League record, Washington came from behind to defeat the Athletics, 12 to 8, in the first game of a doubleheader today. Pinky Higgins of the A's also hit for the circuit.

Football Player Signs

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Stan Kostka, former Minnesota star fullback, has returned his signed contract to play with the Brooklyn Dodgers in the National Professional Football League this year. Kostka was with the team last year but did not get a chance to play much due to an early season injury.

Volleyball Throw Winner

The senior girls' volleyball contest in the Playgrounds championships held at Murphy Playground, Thursday afternoon was won by Miss Mary Alice Guelker.

Municipal Baseball.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 T.
SCHAEFER-LAFAYETTE
0 6 0 2 0
POLISH TRADES
0 1 1 0 0
Batteries—Schaefer, Lafayette, Balaity and Winner.

Ray Dahles
0 0 0 0 0
Smith Und
0 0 3 0 0

Baseball Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T. H. E.	
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	7	1
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	9	0
Batteries: Boston—Grove and R. Ferrell; New York—Brooks and Dickey.										
NATIONAL LEAGUE										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T. H. E.	
0	2	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	6	12
0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	10
0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	10
Batteries: Cincinnati—Derringer and Lombard; Chicago—Carleton and Hartnett.										
PHILADELPHIA AT BROOKLYN										
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	12
0	0	2	0	5	0	0	5	12	17	1
Batteries: Philadelphia—Paseau and Atwood; Brooklyn—Brandt and Phelps.										
Postponed Game.										
NATIONAL LEAGUE.										
New York at Boston; rain.										
MARRIAGE LICENSE										
Joe Medwick, left fielder of the Cardinal club, and Miss Isabelle Heutel of Sappington, Mo., obtained a license to wed at the Marriage License Bureau at City Hall shortly before noon today. As has been previously announced, the wedding is to take place at the home of Miss Heutel next Monday.										
FIRST GAME.										
WASHINGTON AT PHILADELPHIA.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T. H. E.	
0	0	2	5	0	3	0	1	1	12	20
0	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	8	9
Batteries: Washington—Cascarella, Weaver, Cohen, Newsom and Bolton; Philadelphia—Rhodes, Gumpert, Foyne and Hayes.										
SECOND GAME.										
WASHINGTON AT PHILADELPHIA.										
1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0
Batteries: Washington—Whitehill and Miller; Philadelphia—Fink and Hayes.										

DISCOVERY WINS THE WHITNEY BY EIGHT LENGTHS

By the Associated Press.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Alfred G. Vanderbilt's Discovery, held at the short odds of 1 to 5 in a four-horse field, easily won the mile and a quarter of the \$3000 Whitney Stakes this afternoon for his third victory in his last four starts.

Carrying only 126 pounds, 17 less than he packed in losing two weeks ago, Discovery ran the distance over a muddy track in 2:06 4-5. Johnny Bejshak eased up the son of Discovery in the stretch, but he finished eight lengths in front of Mrs. William Ziegler's Esposa.

Louis Strube's Rust was another six lengths behind, showing the way to E. D. Shaffer's St. Bernard, the only other starter.

The IR Table

NATIONAL LEAGUE.										
Including Today's Games.										
FINALS	W.	L.	Pct.	Win. Loss.	Runs.	Hits.	Errors.	Fielding.	Left.	Out.
Cardinals	11	7	.611	615	607	507	28	10	1	1
Pirates	10	8	.556	603	607	508	28	10	1	1
Giants	9	12	.429	573	574	521	27	11	2	1
Braves	8	13	.385	517	521	513	26	10	1	1
Phillies	7	14	.333	493	487	479	25	10	1	1
Reds	6	15	.286	451	466	457	24	10	1	1
Robins	5	16	.238	406	406	407	23	10	1	1
Senators	4	17	.190	353	345	335	22	10	1	1
40	74	48	30.8	400	393	380	20	10	1	1
AMERICAN LEAGUE.										
FINALS	W.	L.	Pct.	Win. Loss.	Runs.	Hits.	Errors.	Fielding.	Left.	Out.
Yankees	11	7	.611	615	607	507	28	10	1	1
Red Sox	10	8	.556	603	607	508	28	10	1	1
White Sox	9	12	.429	573	574	521	27	11	2	1
Twins	8	13	.385	517	521	513	26	10	1	1
Angels	7	14	.333	493	487	479	25	10	1	1
Indians	6	15	.286	451	408	407	24	10	1	1
Browns	5	16	.238	406	406	397	23	10	1	1
40	74	48	30.8	400	393	380	20	10	1	1
Tomorrow's Schedule.										
NATIONAL LEAGUE.										
Cardinals	at St. Louis	(two games).								
Phillies	at St. Louis	(two games).								
Braves	at Chicago.									
Giants	at Brooklyn	(two games).								
AMERICAN LEAGUE.										
Yankees	at Cleveland.									
Red Sox	at Cleveland.									
White Sox	at Detroit.									
Twins	at Philadelphia.									

1067 TO COMPETE IN NATIONAL AMATEUR QUALIFYING TEST

FIVE ENTRANTS
HERE TO PLAY
FOR ONE BERTH
IN TITLE MEET

24 Golfers Are Exempt
From Trials—Championship to Begin at Garden City, Sept. 14.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—In one of the game's greatest free-for-all, 1067 players will compete for 180 places in the 36-hole medal play qualifying tests of the national amateur golf championship next Tuesday on 30 battle fronts spread over the length and breadth of the land.

By the time the wide-spread qualifying trials are over, coupled with the results of the tests previously held on the Pacific coast and inclusion of 24 exempt players, many challengers from England and Scotland, a field of 210 will be eligible for the all-match play championship proper to be played Sept. 14-19 at the nearby Garden City Golf Club.

The exempt players include 10 members of the British Walker Cup team, which will meet an American side at Pine Valley, N. J., Sept. 2 and 3, Capt. William F. Tweddell, Harry Bentley, J. Morton Dykes, Cecil Ewing, Alec Hill, J. D. Langley, P. R. Lucas, Jack McLean, Gordon Peters, Hector Thomson, as well as Tony Torrance, A. R. Aitken, Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Boyd, H. E. Taylor, Stanley Morrison, and Henry Longhurst, all from the British Isles.

Eight Ex-Champions Entered.
Continuing a custom adopted two years ago, eight former amateur titleholders availed themselves of a free ride into the championship fight. They are George T. Dunlap Jr., Charles Evans Jr., Jesse P. Guilford, S. Davidson Herron, Max R. Marshall, Francis Ouimet, Jess Sweetser and C. Ross (Sandy) Somerville. A notable absentee is W. Lawson Little Jr., the two-time San Francisco winner, who quit the amateur ranks last spring.

The six golfers who made the grade on the Pacific Coast in rounds played Aug. 11 are James McHale, San Gabriel, Cal.; Roger Kelly, Beverly Hills, Cal.; and Winfield S. Day of Chicago, all of whom took the first at Los Angeles, as well as Matias Palacio, San Francisco; Ernest Pieper Jr., San Jose, Cal.; and Don Edwards, another San Josean, at San Francisco.

The New York metropolitan district attracted the biggest single sectional entry, 206 players for 31 places. The scramble promises to be the thickest here, what with such stars as George Voigt, Harry Givan and Albert (Scott) Campbell of Seattle, Reynolds Smith and Jack Munger of Dallas, Willie Turnesa, Dick Chapman, Tommy Goodwin, Tommy Talier and Frankie Stracchi taking their chances against a flock of lesser lights who have a peculiar habit of getting better as the year goes by.

105 Entrants at Chicago.
The second largest district entry turned up in Chicago where there are 105 hopefuls for 16 places. Outstanding entries in the Loop sector included George Dawson, Johnny Lehman and Jack Westland. Philadelphia and Boston were third and fourth, with 95 and 90 entries apiece although each will scrap for 15 qualifying places.

Here are the districts, total entries and number of places allotted each: Birmingham, Ala., 10 entries, two places; Little Rock, Ark., 7; Denver, 18-3; Portland, Ore., 6-1; Washington, D. C., 78-12; Tampa, Fla., 27-5; Atlanta, 18-4; Honolulu, 7-1; Chicago, 105-16; Indianapolis, 36-6; Des Moines, Ia., 17-3; New Orleans, 4-1; Boston, 90-15; Detroit, 33-7; Kansas City, 12-2; St. Louis, 3-1; Omaha, 14-3; Buffalo, 33-6; New York City, 206-31; Schenectady, N. Y., 24-4; Winston-Salem, N. C., 34-6; Cincinnati, 26-5; Cleveland, 26-5; Tulsa, Ok., 7-2; Philadelphia, 95-15; Pittsburgh, 42-7; Houston, Tex., 30-8; Richmond, Va., 18-3; Huntington, W. Va., 19-3; and Milwaukee, 20-4.

Under new regulations, players competing outside their home district now compete on an equal basis with the other players of the district in whose rounds he participates, and a place won by a transferred player will be charged against the quota of that district. Thus, fellows like Givan, Smith, Campbell and Munger threaten to crowd out some of the New Yorkers.

ILLINOIS STATE TENNIS
TITLE TOURNAMENT OPENS

By the Associated Press.
CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Dr. Eugene McCauliff of Detroit was ranked at No. 1 in the seeded list, ahead of the defending champion, Russell Ball of El Paso, Tex., as the Illinois State tennis championship tournament opened today.

Other standouts in the tournament were Julius Helman, national junior titleholder from California; Don McNeill of Kenyon College, Ohio; Bob Kamrath, Austin, Tex.; and Leo Lejeck of Chicago, former Big Ten champion while at the University of Illinois.

Catherine Wolf of Elkhardt, Ind., five times winner of the Western women's title, headed her division

She Can Play Tennis, Too



Miss Kay Stammers, British star, who is in America to compete in major tournaments.

Schmeling-Braddock
Bout Off for a Year;
Max Sails for Home

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—In one very busy day along Cauliflower Alley, the Jimmy Braddock-Max Schmeling heavyweight championship has been called off and rescheduled again—this time for either June 3 or 10, 1937.

Champion Jimmy, who started all the furor a few days ago by reporting he had hurt his hand and wanted the fight postponed, made his second appearance before the New York State Athletic Commission, bringing a final report from the bone specialist assigned to examine his mitt, Dr. Fred Albee.

The commissioners, unwilling to call the whole thing off without further notice, ordered Braddock to begin treatments at once and report back for another examination Sept. 16. Since that would delay the program too long to hold an outdoor bout this year, the co-promoters, Madison Square Garden and Mike Jacobs, went into a huddle and came up with the signature of both battlers on a new set of contracts calling for the 15-round bout to take place in June in the Garden's Long Island City bowl.

Dr. Albee's report was that Braddock is suffering from sub-cutaneous arthritis of both elbows and his left hand; that he will have to undergo treatments for several weeks, and during that time he should not undertake the training grind.

Events of the past week lead one to believe that the grand old man of National League pitchers, Jesse Joseph Haines, is no longer a nine-inning pitcher. There is nothing astonishing in the fact that this 43-year-old pitching master has finally weakened after fooling batters for 22 years, but his crack-up happens to come at a time when it has a tremendous effect upon the Cardinals' chances of winning a pennant.

Haines probably would not be regarded as a regular starter this season in a team that had four or five really top-notch pitchers but Manager Frisch has been forced to use him in regular turn because of the loss of Paul Dean and the unreliable work of some of the others on the staff. If, as seems certain, Haines now is to be relegated to the group of "finishers," pitchers who are used only for two or three innings to close a game, the Cardinals have but four men who may be regarded as starters: Dizzy Dean, Jim Winford, LeRoy Parmelee and St. Johnson. Of those four, Dizzy alone may be classed as a great pitcher. So, if Messrs. Bredon and Ricker have anything up their sleeves this looks like the propitious moment to shake it out.

Haines permitted only one hit in the first three innings of yesterday's ball game but the Pirates hammered him out of the box in the fourth when they scored four runs. The Cardinals were never able to overcome that lead and they lost the opening game of the series, 5 to 4.

The defeat, combined with New York's victory over Boston, reduced the Cardinals' hold on first place to half a game.

Breaks and Base Hits.
Just as in his recent game at Pittsburgh, when he was batted out after having permitted only one hit in six innings, Haines may have reason to kick about bad breaks in yesterday's game. The first batter to face him in the fourth, Paul Waner, sliced a grounder down the third base line, in fair territory by the margin of an inch or two. It was good for two bases. Then Vaughan, playing the logical safety game, pulled a swinging punt toward the Cardinals, who didn't look any too good breaking up a

RIGGS DEFEATS
PARKER; WINS
NEWPORT TITLE

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 22.—Bob Riggs of Los Angeles squared his season's accounts with Frankie Parker today when he defeated that experienced Spring Lake, N. J., youngster, 8-6, 4-1, 10-8, 6-1 in the final match of the twentieth Newport Casino tennis tournament.

It was the fourth clash between the two players in a 1936 final round and Riggs evened the score today. The Californian beat Parker for the national clay court championship but lost to him at Spring Lake, N. J., and at Brookline, Mass.

The five-set match was surprisingly close, despite the victor's decisive play in the final set, when he gained an overwhelming lead by sweeping the first four games. During the 58-games match, which found Parker squaring matters after dropping the first two sets, he outpointed the victor by registering 41 placements against 39 and the match's only service ace, which provided Riggs with his winning point in the seventh game of the fourth. Parker, however, was outstayed by the national finalist, held his own scores down to 123 against 138 for Parker.

Parker, who won here last year teamed with Frank Shields, who quit major tennis for a film career, will pair with Gregory Mangin of Newark, N. J., against the United States Davis Cup team, Donald Budge and Gene Mako, this afternoon in the Casino doubles final.

Don Budge and Gene Mako, the U. S. Davis Cup doubles team, gained the Newport title from Parker of Spring Lake, N. J., and Gregory Mangin, Newark, N. J., 6-1, 6-3, 6-4.

Budge, last year's Casino singles winner, did not compete in that branch of this year's tournament.

Riggs became a finalist with a straight set victory over his townsman, Joe Hunt, who was runner-up in the recent National Junior title play, 6-1, 6-4, 6-3. Parker had to play five sets with Bryan (Betsy) Grant before the mighty Atlanta mite, who wrenched his ankle the previous day, stepped out of the path leading to the title. The scores were 7-5, 6-1, 3-6, 0-6, 6-4.

EASTERN DRIVERS WIN
IN MOTORBOAT REGATTA

RED BANK, N. J., Aug. 22.—Clinton R. Ferguson of Waban, Mass., won the Class A outboard event for amateurs today as the National Sweepstakes Regatta got underway on the North Shrewsbury.

Ferguson won the first heat, and although he trailed Jack Van Deman of Red Bank in the second, he scored 700 points. Van Deman, who was third in the first heat, took second place in the event, with 625 points.

Ferguson won the first heat over the five-mile course in 7:03.15 and Van Deman the second in 8:03.15. Fred Jacoby Jr. of North Bergen, N. J., an American high point outboard champion, won the Class A event for professionals in straight heats. His time in the first heat of 8:03 was 15 seconds better than that of C. Mulford Soull of Ventnor, N. J., who was second. Jacoby's speed averaged 37.252 miles an hour.

Manville at Hitting Peak.
Rabbit Manville, at the age of 44, is hitting harder this year than at any time in his long career. His mark with Elmira is around .350. Only once previously, in 1918, when he hit .316 for the Braves, has he been above the .300 mark.

from the box, succeeded by Earnshaw.

The Cards picked up three runs in their half of the inning but the rally bogged down when the lower half of the batting order failed to get the ball out of the infield. Earnshaw was hitless in finishing the fourth but Jensen soaked him for a home run in the fifth, so that Terry Moore's homer in the last half of that inning merely kept the Cards within one run of tying the score. John the Pepper-Martin came off with a brilliant piece of base running in that same fifth inning when he stretched an ordinary single to center into a double without the aid of a fumble. It was just straight stealing and it should have led to big things but there were two out at the time and when Medwick chased Lloyd Waner to the left-center field fence for his drive the inning was over.

Control Wins for Lucas.
Red Lucas, in winning his eleventh game of the season, built up his victory on perfect control. He had the Cardinal batters baffled most of the way, didn't issue a single base on balls, took care of both Medwick and Mize when the tying run was on second base, and fully deserved his victory. He allowed eight hits, four of them crowded into the third inning when Frisch, Martin, Medwick and Mize singled in succession. It looked for a moment as though Manager Traynor was about to remove Lucas, but he thought better of it and Lucas proved Pie a good guesser.

Frisch is obviously not as fast as he should be at second base, but he was fast enough yesterday to start three sparkling double plays, each of them closing an inning when the Pirates looked very dangerous.

There is a lot of solid batting punch in the first five positions in the Cardinal batting order but below that the thing seems to sag.

CRAWFORD
COLUMN

Continued From Page One.

an outstanding single effort should not determine the victor. Besides, it would take much of the thrill away from the events without a climax.

That is one weak point in the decaathlon, as a spectacle. While normally it is the most exacting test on the Olympic program, the fact that it is scored in a fantastic fashion by points and not decided by an actual contest at the finish reduces it to the status of a cross word puzzle for on-lookers.

In the last event of the ten the man who finished first, conceivably might lose in the point total, while the winner of the decaathlon might finish last in the final event.

That is an extreme case, but it illustrates why the all-round struggle can never hope to become a popular spectacle.

Speaking of Aryans.

"WALL BY HIMSELF" asked a reporter who had entered the press box during the running of the 10,000 meter.

Down there, trudging all alone around the red track of the stadium, was a skinny figure with a face warrier than that of any Negro on the American team.

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

That, responded Broadcaster Bull Henry, "is the Maharajah of Sing Sing and he has been lapped for the second time and is still going strong, backwards."

She Pays to Swim.

ELEANOR HOLM JARRETT, dismissed member of the American swimming team, had a unique (for her) experience while in Berlin.

She had to pay to get into a local swimming pool. Desiring to practice, the backstroke record-holder visited a downtown pool where members of the German girls' teams were training. It cost her 20 pfennigs (eight cents) to get in.

"That's the first time in my life I have had to pay my way into a swimming pool," Mrs. Jarrett laughed.

After which she gave the German girls a few pointers about the art of turning.

An Idea in Socks.

THE sock we refer to is not the kind that Max Schmeling expects to hand Jimmy Braddock orders in the sixth inning of the game with the Yankees, just when murderers' row had put the game on ice with a three-run rally.

Cronin, who was in the Red Sox dugout as Ferrell left the mound and started toward the clubhouse, stepped on the field, apparently intending to follow him. He changed his mind, however, and stopped near home plate, obviously wondering what had caused Ferrell's action.

"He Can Go to China."

In the clubhouse later, even a shower didn't cool Cronin's anger. "I'm fining him \$1000 and suspending him for the rest of the season," Cronin snapped. "He can go home. He can go to China. I don't care. I don't want him around."

This started talk that the Sox may consider trading Ferrell when the season winds up.

Ferrell, reached at his hotel room later, expressed surprise at the punishment. "It's a puzzle to me," he said. "I thought he took me out, and I headed for the clubhouse. I had left the clubhouse by the time the game ended, so I haven't seen Cronin."

Ferrell has been the number two hurler on the Sox staff this season, only Lefty Grove topping him. His record, with yesterday's defeat, was 15 victories against the same number of defeats, for a 500 percentage.

Cronin asserted today the \$1000 fine he imposed on Ferrell stands, but denied there had been any previous rift between him and the right-hander.

"As to the suspension, Ferrell will come back whenever the club thinks he is ready," said Cronin. "But if the suspension lasts more than 10 days, then he'll have to appeal for reinstatement to Commissioner."

It is not true that Ferrell walked out on me before. There's also nothing to this story about Ferrell thinking I waved him off the mound. He knows I don't wave my pitchers off. If that were true it would be a fight with somebody and the case would be closed."

Ferrell left for Boston this morning after a futile talk with Cronin last night.

"I'll see him again in Boston Monday," Cronin said.

HELEN GERMAINE IN
PARKS TENNIS FINAL

Continued From Page One.

could not finish the match. Fischer proved in the early rounds that he would be right in the fight for the men's singles title and he will be in there this afternoon with the same determination but will be facing a style of play different from what he has encountered in any of his previous matches.

Ted Drewes and Robert Norton, last of the St. Louis players in the tournament, will meet Bill Hughes and Cecil Metz, Memphis pair, in a men's doubles semifinal match scheduled to start on one of the enclosure courts at 3:30 o'clock.

The Memphis team upset the apple cart at New Orleans last year by defeating Schommer and Britz, defending champions from Minneapolis, in the semifinals only to lose to Welsh and McElvenny of Washington, D. C., in the final.

Buffalo Pair Strong.

In the other men's doubles semifinal round match Joe Turski and Edward Nowak, Buffalo team, will oppose Scott Rensinger and Stuart Cornell from Minneapolis. The Buffalo boys defeated Karl Kammann and MacNeill Smith, East St. Louis champions in the quarterfinal yesterday. The score was 5-7, 6-2, 6-4.

Yesterday's Results.

Men's Singles.
Semifinal round—Wetherell, Los Angeles, defeated MacNeill Smith, East St. Louis, 6-3, 6-0, 6-1.
First round—Cecil Metz, Memphis, defeated MacNeill Smith, East St. Louis, 6-3, 6-0, 6-1.

Women's Doubles.
Semifinal round—Edna Smith and Irene David, Cleveland, defeated Anna Hall and Lucy Montedusa, New Orleans, 6-3, 6-4.

First round—Edna Smith and Irene David, Cleveland, defeated Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Mary Gipe, 6-3, 6-4.

Second round—Edna Smith and Irene David, Cleveland, defeated Gertrude Hanes, Buffalo, 6-2, 6-3.

Some sweet chocolate—one of the few edibles purchasable on the grounds, in the one little food stand operating.

A shoulder pack would ease the situation and it wouldn't attract much attention. Half Germany walks around with something or other strapped on to its back.

And the last was not the least. If you didn't take them with you the chances are you'd have to go without them—or anything else to eat.

To all this impedimenta, and occasionally added a program and

WES FERRELL
FINED \$1000,
SUSPENDED BY
RED SOX LEADER

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Wes Ferrell, the big right-hander for whom Tom Yawkey gave up a large bundle of cash in his expensive rebuilding of the Red Sox, has pitched his last game for 1936—and possibly his last game of all for the Boston outfit.

His prima donna temperament, which once before cost him \$1500 for a 10-day suspension back in his days with the Cleveland Indians, drew a \$1000 fine and a lay-off for the rest of the season from Manager Joe Cronin of the Sox yesterday—the heaviest punishment for any player this year.

He walked off the field without orders in the sixth inning of the game with the Yankees, just when murderers' row had put the game on ice with a three-run rally.

Cronin, who was in the Red Sox dugout as Ferrell left the mound and started toward the clubhouse, stepped on the field, apparently intending to follow him. He changed his mind, however, and stopped near home plate, obviously wondering what had caused Ferrell's action.

"He Can Go to China."

In the clubhouse later, even a shower didn't cool Cronin's anger. "I'm fining him \$1000 and suspending him for the rest of the season," Cronin snapped. "He can go home. He can go to China. I don't care. I don't want him around."

This started talk that the Sox may consider trading Ferrell when the season winds up.

Ferrell, reached at his hotel room later, expressed surprise at the punishment. "It's a puzzle to me," he said. "I thought he took me out, and I headed for the clubhouse. I had left the clubhouse by the time the game ended, so I haven't seen Cronin."

Ferrell has been the number two hurler on the Sox staff this season, only Lefty Grove topping him. His record, with yesterday's defeat, was 15 victories against the same number of defeats, for a 500 percentage.

Cronin asserted today the \$1000 fine he imposed on Ferrell stands, but denied there had been any previous rift between him and the right-hander.

"As to the suspension, Ferrell will come back whenever the club thinks he is ready," said Cronin. "But if the suspension lasts more than 10 days, then he'll have to appeal for reinstatement to Commissioner."

It is not true that Ferrell walked out on me before. There's also nothing to this story about Ferrell thinking I waved him off the mound. He knows I don't wave my pitchers off. If that were true it would be a fight with somebody and the case would be closed."

Ferrell left for Boston this morning after a futile talk with Cronin last night.

"I'll see him again in Boston Monday," Cronin said.

HELEN GERMAINE IN
PARKS TENNIS FINAL

Continued From Page One.

could not finish the match. Fischer proved in the early rounds that he would be right in the fight for the men's singles title and he will be in there this afternoon with the same determination but will be facing a style of play different from what he has encountered in any of his previous matches.

Ted Drewes and Robert Norton, last of the St. Louis players in the tournament, will meet Bill Hughes and Cecil Metz, Memphis pair, in a men's doubles semifinal match scheduled to start on one of the enclosure courts at 3:30 o'clock.

The Memphis team upset the apple cart at New Orleans last year by defeating Schommer and Britz, defending champions from Minneapolis, in the semifinals only to lose to Welsh and McElvenny of Washington, D. C., in the final.

Buffalo Pair Strong.

In the other men's doubles semifinal round match Joe Turski and Edward Nowak, Buffalo team, will oppose Scott Rensinger and Stuart Cornell from Minneapolis. The Buffalo boys defeated Karl Kammann and MacNeill Smith, East St. Louis champions in the quarterfinal yesterday. The score was 5-7, 6-2, 6-4.

Yesterday's Results.

Men's Singles.
Semifinal round—Wetherell, Los Angeles, defeated MacNeill Smith, East St. Louis, 6-3, 6-0, 6-1.
First round—Cecil Metz, Memphis, defeated MacNeill Smith, East St. Louis, 6-3, 6-0, 6-1.

Women's Doubles.
Semifinal round—Edna Smith and Irene David, Cleveland, defeated Anna Hall and Lucy Montedusa, New Orleans, 6-3, 6-4.

First round—Edna Smith and Irene David, Cleveland, defeated Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Mary Gipe, 6-3, 6-4.

Second round—Edna Smith and Irene David, Cleveland, defeated Gertrude Hanes, Buffalo, 6-2, 6-3.

Some sweet chocolate—one of the few edibles purchasable on the grounds, in the one little food stand operating.

A shoulder pack would ease the situation and it wouldn't attract much attention. Half Germany walks around with something or other strapped on to its back.

And the last was not the least. If you didn't take them with you the chances are you'd have to go without them—or anything else to eat.

To all this impedimenta, and occasionally added a program and

WES FERRELL
FINED \$1000,
SUSPENDED BY
RED SOX LEADER

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Wes Ferrell, the big right-hander for whom Tom Yawkey gave up a large bundle of cash in his expensive rebuilding of the Red Sox, has pitched his last game for 1936—and possibly his last game of all for the Boston outfit.

His prima donna temperament, which once before cost him \$1500 for a 10-day suspension back in his days with the Cleveland Indians, drew a \$1000 fine

HORSE TRAINERS MAY BE PLACED UNDER NATIONAL BOARD CONTROL

QUALIFICATIONS OF 30 PER CENT ARE QUESTIONED BY JOS. MURPHY

Commissions of 15 States Vote Today on Proposal to Establish Examining Body.

By the Associated Press.

DETROIT, Aug. 22.—Racing commissioners of 15 States ballot today upon a proposal to establish a national examining commission for trainers and jockeys, and also upon recommendations of their rules committee.

They planned to clear away the business of their midyear convention in time to be guests at the official opening of Detroit's 25-day autumn race season. The feature was the \$5000 Motor City Handicap, with Brownell Combs' mare, Myrtlewood, heading a brilliant field of 11 or more thoroughbreds.

Joseph A. Murphy, director of the Detroit Fairgrounds track, pleaded for the creation of a national examining board yesterday, declaring that "30 per cent of the so-called trainers in the United States never saw a horse before two years ago."

Walter H. Donovan, president of the National Association of State Racing Commissioners, expressed opposition to night meetings, asserting that the running of thoroughbreds under lights was an "unnatural condition" which he hoped would receive no recognition.

Greyhound Trots Mile in 1:57 at Springfield Meet

By the Associated Press.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 22.—Greyhound, winner of the 1935 Hambleton and star of the Hotel Baker Stables, St. Charles, Ill., trotted a 1:57 1/4 mile in the free for all class trot during the closing day of Grand Circuit racing at the Illinois State Fair grounds yesterday.

State Fair officials said it was the fastest mile trotted since Peter Manning did 1:56 again in 1927. They described it as the fastest mile ever trotted against competition.

Sep Palin, Greyhound's driver, took the first heat easily in 2:02. The only opposition was from Angel Child, owned by A. O. Talor, Mayeville, Ky.

Palin scored another straight heat victory with the Baker Stables' Cardinal Prince in the 2:11 class pace, making 1:59 1/4 in the first heat.

Ruth M. Mac, driven by Tom Berry for Coldstream Stud, Lexington, Ky., took both heats of the three-year-old trot in comparatively slow time.

Six events were on the closing Grand Circuit program, two of them postponed from yesterday because of rain. Most of the stables were shipped to Milwaukee for next week's meeting there.

KEN STRONG SIGNED BY AMERICAN GRID LEAGUE

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The American Professional Football League made its first raid on the established National League yesterday when James I. Bush, president of the New York Yankees, signed Ken Strong, a star member of the New York Giants for several years, to play with his club this season.

Dr. Harry A. March, league president, said Strong had been dissatisfied with his contract with the Giants and had refused to sign this year.

Perry in Semifinals

By the Associated Press.

TORONTO, Aug. 22.—Fred Perry, Great Britain's No. 1 tennis star, swept through the semifinal round of an invitation tournament yesterday, defeating Ross Wilson, newly crowned Eastern Canadian singles champion, 6-3, 3-9, 7-7.

Stags Beat New Athens

The Belleville Stags trounced the New Athens (Ill.) nine, 13-2, last night at Athletic Park in Belleville, Ill.

Minor League Results

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
Louisville 11, Columbus 4.
Indianapolis 6, Toledo 2.
Kansas City 5, Minneapolis 2.
Milwaukee 10, St. Paul 8.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.
Little Rock 7, Atlanta 6.
New Orleans 3, Nashville 2.
Birmingham 13, Chattanooga 3.
Memphis 10, Knoxville 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Montreal 4-0, Albany 3-9.
Other games postponed, rain.

WAFLENS LEAGUE.
San Diego 10, Sacramento 3.
Seattle 18, San Francisco 6.
Oakland 6, Missions 4.

PAN AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Dallas 4, Houston 1.
Galveston 6, Fort Worth 1.
Tulsa 4, San Antonio 3.

WESTERN ASSOCIATION.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
Pomona City 10, Bartlesville 3.
Joplin 13, Muskogee 2.
Waterloo 14, Des Moines 4.
Davenport 6, Cedar Rapids 4.

WHERE EVERY PROSPECT PLEASES—You Can't See the Betting Ring



The Steeplechase is the picture race of the turf. Here National Anthem is leading the field over a hedge at the Saratoga track, but when all the barriers had been negotiated, Black Cock, with Jockey L. Stoddard in the saddle, was the winner.

Celebration for American Olympic Athletes Will Be Held in New York, Sept. 3

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—America's Olympic heroes will swing up lower Broadway's granite canyon, Sept. 3, for an old-time "Walker Celebration."

They will ride from the Battery to Harlem, up ticker tape row, and thence to the Municipal Stadium on Randall's Island, where they will be presented with medals donated by the city.

These plans were announced yesterday by Stanley H. Howe, executive secretary to Mayor Fiorello La Guardia.

First of the famous athletes to arrive will be Jesse Owens, winner of four gold medals in the recent games. He will be aboard the Queen Mary next Monday and will be greeted by his wife, mother and father, and members of the New York and Cleveland Olympic committees. He will go to Cleveland in a special car Monday night for a celebration in Cleveland Tuesday, and return to New York for the celebration, Sept. 3.

Arrive on Two Boats. The other members of the American team will get in on two boats, the President Roosevelt scheduled to arrive Aug. 28, and the Manhattan, due Sept. 3.

Secretary Howe announced that the Mayor's committee had arranged for members of the team who arrive on the President Roosevelt to be housed and entertained by the city's hotels, restaurants and theaters.

Then finally on Sept. 3, when the Manhattan arrives, she will be met at the narrows by the committee and by other members of the Olympic team, and the athletes will be landed at the Battery, greeted by Mayor LaGuardia on the city hall steps, and wheeled up Broadway to Central Park and then into Harlem. The presentation of the medals in the Randall's Island Stadium will be open to the public and will be supervised by Jack Dempsey and Bill Robinson, Negro tap-dancer, who are co-chairmen of the Mayor's committee in charge of the presentation.

Robinson talked over the shore-to-shore telephone to Owens on the Queen Mary yesterday. The dancer said that Owens agreed to the plan. Some indication that Owens might tie up with Robinson if and when he turns professional was given when the dancer said to Owens: "I know you've got a lot of offers, but remember what I said: Don't do anything until I see you."

Francis W. Poulson, Ohio Democratic State chairman, in New York to confer with Chairman James A. Farley, said that Ohio's Martin L. Davey has appointed a committee to raise funds to purchase a home for Owens.

"Gov. Davey feels that that fame is fleeting," Poulson said, "and that the State of Ohio should give something substantial to its greatest athlete."

A. L. Maloribus, president of the Cleveland city council, and H. Edward Finkle, chairman of the Cleveland committee to welcome Owens, were in New York today co-operating with the New York celebration committee. Maloribus said that the city would bring Jesse's mother, father and wife here Sunday, and provide a special car to take the party back on Monday.

Winsett Leads the Association Sluggers in Five Departments

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Oscar Eckhardt, Indianapolis veteran outfielder, hammered the ball for a 13-point gain—the only important increase among the leaders—last week to threaten Jack Winsett's hold on the American Association batting leadership.

The Columbus star, who will get another major league trial with Brooklyn next season, remained in the top position by maintaining his average of a week ago, .365, according to figures released today, but was only three points ahead of Eckhardt who jumped from seventh to second place.

Winsett, however, kept a tight grip on his speciality honors. He drove in 10 runs to boost his total to 134, connected for four home runs, giving him 45 for the season, and scored eight times for a leading total of 124 runs. He also led in total bases with 349.

The other individual leaders were well spread around. Henry Steinbacher, third in hitting with a .356 mark, topped the field with 45 doubles. Bill McCulloch of Kansas City, had the most triples, 23; Mel Simons, Louisville outfielder, had 190 hits, and Bernie Uhlert of the league-leading Milwaukee club, owned 34 stolen bases, an increase of five.

Following Winsett, Eckhardt and Steinbacher in the batting list were Fabian Gaffke, Minneapolis, .354; Arnold Owen, Columbus, .348; Simons, .346; Earl Browne, Minneapolis, .344; Rudy York, Milwaukee, .343; Frank Sigafos, Louisville, .338; and Siebert, Indianapolis, and Padgett, Columbus, each at .328.

St. Paul's veteran right hander, Lou Pette, was credited with his twenty-second victory of the season, and continued to pace the hurlers. He had dropped only seven decisions. Forrest Presnell, ace of the Milwaukee corps, also won another and had a record of 18 victories and six defeats. Clyde Hatter, Brewer southpaw, failed to reach a decision in his only appearance, but remained third among the regulars with 13 and six, and remained as strikeout king with 158.

Columbus' team batting mark fell off four points to .302, leaving the Red Birds tied with Louisville which had the same mark as a week ago. St. Paul retained the team fielding leadership, although its average slipped a point to .973. City second at .970, a point better than last week. Milwaukee clicked off 11 double plays for a season mark of 138.

JEFFERSON CITY CLUB IS ELIMINATED IN SEMI-PRO TOURNEY

By the Associated Press.

WICHITA, Kas., Aug. 22.—Three teams trudged disappointed, to the showers yesterday, their hopes of winning the \$5000 first prize purse and the championship of the national semi-pro baseball tournament dashed.

Bismarck, N. D., national champions, eliminated Jefferson City, Mo., 10 to 0; Akron, O., defeated the popular hustling, Mt. Pleasant, Tex., club, 10 to 9; and Elgin, Ill., ousted Phoenix, Ariz., 10 to 6.

LAST NIGHT'S FIGHTS

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO.—Max Baer, 186 1/2, Chicago, stopped Eddie Boyle, 176, Cleveland (3).
ERIE, Pa.—Chuck Woods, 148 1/2, Detroit, outpointed Maxie Strub, 141, Erie (10).
MOLLYWOOD, Cal.—Gus Lenzewich, 160, New Jersey, outpointed Ray Acis, 167 1/2, San Francisco (10).
RENO, Nev.—Carmen Baris, 165, Los Angeles, knocked out Emanuel Rodriguez, 168, Mexico City (2).
SAN FRANCISCO.—Fred Apostol, 160, San Francisco, outpointed Marty Simmons, 161, Saginaw, Mich. (10).

Brendle Scores a First Round Kayo

By the Associated Press.

Al Brendle's loss of weight seems to have given him a new punching power, for last night, fighting as a lightweight instead of a welterweight, he knocked out Jerry Hudspeth of the Business Men's Gymnasium in the first round of their amateur bout at the Coliseum. Al has always been a good boxer, but seldom knocked out an opponent.

After being outpointed during the early portion of the round by Hudspeth, Al caught him with an overhand right and the fight was over.

Jack Conway, Tower A. C. proved how rapidly he is advancing by winning from Eric Koberg, local featherweight champion.

The paid attendance was 334 and receipts were \$116.95. City and State taxes were \$5.44 each, and Federal tax, \$5.30.

The results:
Special Bout.
Al Brendle, unattached, defeated Jerry Hudspeth, Business Men's Gymnasium, one round, knockout. Weight—135 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—135 pounds.
Mills, South Broadway A. C., defeated Donald Schulte, East St. Louis A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—112 pounds.

Jack Conway, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.
James Mundloch, South Broadway A. C., defeated Lawrence Ginzberg, Jewish Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—160 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Joe Schoenberg, South Broadway A. C., defeated Ed Watson, Neighborhood Center, three rounds, decision. Weight—147 pounds.
Patsy Lowrey, Tower A. C. defeated Meyer Kober, South Broadway A. C., three rounds, decision. Weight—126 pounds.
Center, three rounds, Judge's decision. Weight—126 pounds.

Racing Results

By the Associated Press.

At Narragansett.

Weather cloudy; track sloppy.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs.
Dunroak (Smith) — 13.20 6.30 4.70
Merryman (McTaggart) — 5.20 4.30 3.20
Prince Sador (Deering) — 7.40 6.40 5.40
Time, 1:13 1/5. Sopham, Broadway, Miss Neco, Sun Flier, Misapprehension, Lee Hastings and Grey Shot also ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs.
Royal Wager (Hight) — 12.40 5.40 4.40
Golden Fair (F. A. Smith) — 5.40 4.40 3.40
Time, 1:13 1/5. Double Pinesse, Jubilee Jim, Diverging, Zulu Lad and Just Buck also ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs.
Boston Brook (Longden) 8.20 4.80 3.60
Bahamas (G. Smith) — 8.00 5.10 4.10
Golden Fair (F. A. Smith) — 4.50 3.50 2.50
Time, 1:13 1/5. Pitter Pat, Chatusa, dble. Louis also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Beetstank (Porter) — 7.00 4.40 3.40
Red Wagon (Parvin) — 3.90 2.90 1.90
Time, 1:13 1/5. Candy Prince, Stocks, Priddy Cat and Bright and Early also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Appealing (McMurtrei) 8.30 4.90 3.60
Routabout (Stevenson) — 6.30 3.80 2.80
Time, 1:13 1/5. Pitter Pat, Chatusa, dble. Louis also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

EIGHTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

NINTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

TENTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

ELEVENTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twelfth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirteenth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Fourteenth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Fifteenth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Sixteenth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Seventeenth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Eighteenth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Nineteenth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twentieth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-first RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-second RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-third RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-fourth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-fifth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-sixth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-seventh RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-eighth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Twenty-ninth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirtieth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-first RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-second RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-third RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-fourth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-fifth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-sixth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-seventh RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-eighth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Thirty-ninth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Fortieth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-first RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-second RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-third RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-fourth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-fifth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-sixth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-seventh RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

Forty-eighth RACE—Six furlongs.
Erie Lad, Gov. LaFollette, King, Pa. and Western also ran.

At Washington Park.

Weather clear; track fast.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs.
Full Up (Dettler) — 7.00 3.30 2.80
Rabby (McClain) — 4.40 3.40 2.40
Harold Wiley (Neal) — 11.60 10.60 9.60
Time, 1:13 1/5. Out Dolly, Timorous, Star Dink, Good Cheer, Nancy Fight, Annie B. Byrdine, Kayak and Black Peter also ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs.
Rifled Cannon (Hase) 11.40 7.00 6.20
Danke Schen (Balaski) — 5.60 4.40 3.60
Rook Marks (Graham) — 21.20 19.20 17.20
Time, 1:13 1/5. Manner, Fleet Step, Saranaka, Grey Gold, Come to Tow, Live Guard, Prop, J. Benick, also ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs.
Silverette (Rohrer) — 8.80 4.80 3.80
Revercy (James) — 6.00 4.00 3.00
Bartering Kate (Corbett) — 3.80 2.80 1.80
Time, 1:13 1/5. Manner, Fleet Step, Saranaka, Grey Gold, Come to Tow, Live Guard, Prop, J. Benick, also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Fair Lead (Balaski) — 4.00 3.20 2.60
Navarre (Dotter) — 6.00 3.00 2.00
Time, 1:13 1/5. Grey Count, Chire, Belding and Western Slope also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs.
Winaway (Corbett) — 5.40 4.00 2.40
Smart Argo (Balaski) — 6.60 3.00 2.40
Time, 1:13 1/5. Manner, Fleet Step, Saranaka, Grey Gold, Come to Tow, Live Guard, Prop, J. Benick,

L BOARD

SOFTBALL LEAGUES' RESULTS, SCHEDULES

Tonight's Schedules

NATIONAL PARK—Vase vs. K'ed girls (girls); A. G. Edwards vs. North Side (men).
NORTH SIDE PARK—Manning vs. Marx-Hans-Korrek (girls); Kruger vs. Center (men).
SOUTH SIDE PARK—White Line vs. White Way (girls); Independent Park vs. McGraw-Norris (men).
ST. LOUIS PARK—Cardinals vs. McGraw-Norris (girls); K'ed vs. Hamilton-Brown (men).
MAPLEWOOD PARK—Bettendorf's vs. Grandson's (girls); D. M. Wright vs. West Electric (men).
WEST SIDE PARK—Fuchs vs. Fuchs (girls); Currier vs. Fuchs (men).
CHANDLER PARK—Hoffman's vs. Rinehart (girls); Nomads vs. F. A. T. (men).

Last Night's Results

NATIONAL PARK—Barons 4, North Side 2 (men).
SOUTH SIDE PARK—Hermanns 6, K'ed 4 (girls); Hamilton 1, North Side 0 (men).
ST. LOUIS PARK—K'ed 10, McGraw-Norris 0 (girls); McGraw-Norris 1, McGraw-Norris 0 (men).
MAPLEWOOD PARK—Cook's 10, Westing 2 (girls); Club Plantation 4, Rock Hill 2 (men); Lettons 12, U. S. 0 (men).
WEST SIDE PARK—American Life 10, Royals 5 (girls); Vieg 13, Samuels 0 (men).
CHANDLER PARK—Tony Schmidt 4, St. Boniface 1 (men); Nantz 13, Wild Hatters 8 (men).

WEINTRAUB BOOSTS LEAD IN INTERNATIONAL

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Phil Weintraub, the Rochester Red Wings slugger, got back into the batting order again this week, after a layoff of several days with injuries, and immediately pulled further away from the rest of the pack in the International League hitting race.

He collected three hits in his five times up during the week ended with Wednesday's games to boost his pace-setting edge to 10 points over his nearest rival, Smead Jolley of Albany, with an average of .385 to Jolley's .370.

Bert Fletcher, top hitter of the league-leading Buffalo Bisons, only held third place in the batting race, but picked up seven points on Jolley, raising his mark to .360.

Trailing the three leaders were Johnny Dickshot, another of the Bisons hitters, who pulled up from fifth to fourth with a mark of .357; the slipping Frank McGowan, also of Buffalo, with .347; Buster Miller, Rochester; .341; George McGuinn of Toronto, who showed the week's biggest gain with an eight-point rise for a .341 average; and Les Powers, Baltimore, .336.

The rest of the departments of individual play saw no change during the week. Woody Abernathy of Baltimore remained the only double leader, heading the run-scoring with 117 tallies, and the home hitting division, with 35 circuit clouts.

Jolley held onto the lead in base hits, with 187 safe blows; Bob Seeds of Montreal set the pace in doubles, with 45; Babe Dahlgren of Syracuse retained the edge in triples, with 19; Buster Miller's 123 runs batted in was still tops in that department, and Dickshot continued in first place in base stealing, with 26.

Carl Fischer, the No. 1 Buffalo pitcher, topped the elbows with 11 victories and two defeats for an .846 average.

Perkins, With 136, Leads in Golf Tourney

By the Associated Press.

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 22.—Phil Perkins, Britisher who won the English amateur crown in 1928 and was tied for second place in the American Open in 1932, led a field of 96 players today as the final 54 holes play began in the \$100,000 Wheeling Centennial golf tournament.

The now resident of Cleveland put together rounds of 67 and 69 yesterday over the hilly Wheeling golf course for a 136 total, three strokes ahead of Billy Burke, a former National Open title holder, and Ralph Guldahl, of St. Louis, one-time runnerup in the American Open.

Roland MacKenzie of Washington, came next with 140 and tied for fifth were Frank Moore, Cleveland; Joby Connor, Pittsburgh, and Ted Luther, Girard, O., with 141. Sam Parks Jr. of Pittsburgh, 1935 National Open champion, trailed far down the list with 145 and Al Epstein, who won the Ohio Open at Akron, dropped a large gallery by shooting an 80, then a 70 for 150.

M. E. SCHULDE WINS SHELL GOLF TOURNEY

M. E. Schulte won the championship flight of the golf tournament of the Shell Petroleum Corporation, defeating J. R. Black in the final Cup were awarded the winners and runnerups in each of the five classes. Seventy-seven players participated in the five classes.

The results: Championship flight: M. E. Schulte, winner; J. R. Black, runner-up. Class C: G. Gentry, winner; G. L. Wulf, runner-up. Class B: C. Coleman, winner; C. K. Schulte, runner-up. Class A: F. R. Lamm, winner; L. A. Schulte, runner-up.

CURLERS SEEK 41st STRAIGHT VICTORY

Seeking to increase their winning streak, which is unblemished after 40 games, the Curlees girls softball team will oppose the Parochy Ford team of Mayfield, Ill., tonight at West Side Softball Park at 7:30 o'clock. The visitors will close their two-night inter-city series tomorrow night against the West Side All-Stars. The Curlees gained their fourteenth triumph last night when they defeated the Novaks, leading them at East St. Louis, 3 to 0, at the home park as Marie Wadlow whizzed one-hit ball.

ENTRIES and SELECTIONS

COLLYER'S SELECTIONS

At Saratoga.

1—Little Mule, Overlap, Golders.
 2—Vixen, Chief Yeoman, Bravado.
 3—FIELD ENTRY, Third Count, Vanderbilt entry.
 4—Sobriety, Mince Myrman, Dorothy B.
 5—Crossbar, Gobone, Milk.
 6—Wiles, Jacob's entry, whiteaway.

At Washington Park.

1—Madcap Yankee, Starbars, Charwick.
 2—Bill Donoghue, Thierina, Ina Count.
 3—Sleepy Joe, Terrier, Black Peter.
 4—Mucker, Erbsen, Julia Grant.
 5—HILLX ENTRY, Fire Advance, South Gallant.
 6—Earlston, Crout an Poly Cherr.

At Narragansett.

1—Radonia, Tornillo, Yankee Skipper.
 2—Gannonic, Gay Bird, Wild Transit.
 3—Acaton, High Velocity, Beau Phano.

At Dade Park.

1—Grey Broom, Mar, Wavy Sea.
 2—Miss Adams, City Limit, Lucky Star.
 3—Judge Blake, Gammett, Chaimont.
 4—Rider, Bonanza, My Tommi.
 5—ALWINTOR, Sarabond, Funderberg.

At Detroit.

1—Mate Tea, Tempting Witch, Pecky Tork.
 2—Renaissance, Animate, Thoughtful.
 3—Night Mare, Nick's Girl, Barnac.
 4—Rider, Bonanza, My Tommi.
 5—MONDORF, Jada, Miss Bonnie.
 6—Singing Heart, Dora, Miss Gentel Lady.

At Saratoga.

1—Gold Cross, Dark Sun, Riasto.
 2—Vixen, Bravado, Critique.
 3—Vanderbilt entry, No Dice, Charming Cross.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Dade Park.

1—Grey Broom, Wavy Sea, Zarabi.
 2—Whiz, Riddle, Silver Fleet.
 3—Gammell, Night Brigade, Onside.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Washington Park.

1—Charwick, Macawie, Countess Marie.
 2—Trinchera, Bill Donoghue, Ina Count.
 3—Mucker, Erbsen, Julia Grant.
 4—FANERN, Below Zero, South Gallant.
 5—Cerry Time, Forwarded, Eurayus.
 6—Rudens, Animate, Belles.

At Detroit.

1—Mate Tea, Pecky Tork, Mary Ellen.
 2—Renaissance, Ruckus, Animate.
 3—Night Mare, Nick's Girl, Barnac.
 4—Rider, Bonanza, My Tommi.
 5—MONDORF, Jada, Miss Bonnie.
 6—Singing Heart, Dora, Miss Gentel Lady.

At Saratoga.

1—Gold Cross, Dark Sun, Riasto.
 2—Vixen, Bravado, Critique.
 3—Vanderbilt entry, No Dice, Charming Cross.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Dade Park.

1—Grey Broom, Wavy Sea, Zarabi.
 2—Whiz, Riddle, Silver Fleet.
 3—Gammell, Night Brigade, Onside.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Washington Park.

1—Charwick, Macawie, Countess Marie.
 2—Trinchera, Bill Donoghue, Ina Count.
 3—Mucker, Erbsen, Julia Grant.
 4—FANERN, Below Zero, South Gallant.
 5—Cerry Time, Forwarded, Eurayus.
 6—Rudens, Animate, Belles.

At Detroit.

1—Mate Tea, Pecky Tork, Mary Ellen.
 2—Renaissance, Ruckus, Animate.
 3—Night Mare, Nick's Girl, Barnac.
 4—Rider, Bonanza, My Tommi.
 5—MONDORF, Jada, Miss Bonnie.
 6—Singing Heart, Dora, Miss Gentel Lady.

At Saratoga.

1—Gold Cross, Dark Sun, Riasto.
 2—Vixen, Bravado, Critique.
 3—Vanderbilt entry, No Dice, Charming Cross.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Dade Park.

1—Grey Broom, Wavy Sea, Zarabi.
 2—Whiz, Riddle, Silver Fleet.
 3—Gammell, Night Brigade, Onside.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Washington Park.

1—Charwick, Macawie, Countess Marie.
 2—Trinchera, Bill Donoghue, Ina Count.
 3—Mucker, Erbsen, Julia Grant.
 4—FANERN, Below Zero, South Gallant.
 5—Cerry Time, Forwarded, Eurayus.
 6—Rudens, Animate, Belles.

At Detroit.

1—Mate Tea, Pecky Tork, Mary Ellen.
 2—Renaissance, Ruckus, Animate.
 3—Night Mare, Nick's Girl, Barnac.
 4—Rider, Bonanza, My Tommi.
 5—MONDORF, Jada, Miss Bonnie.
 6—Singing Heart, Dora, Miss Gentel Lady.

At Saratoga.

1—Gold Cross, Dark Sun, Riasto.
 2—Vixen, Bravado, Critique.
 3—Vanderbilt entry, No Dice, Charming Cross.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Dade Park.

1—Grey Broom, Wavy Sea, Zarabi.
 2—Whiz, Riddle, Silver Fleet.
 3—Gammell, Night Brigade, Onside.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Washington Park.

1—Charwick, Macawie, Countess Marie.
 2—Trinchera, Bill Donoghue, Ina Count.
 3—Mucker, Erbsen, Julia Grant.
 4—FANERN, Below Zero, South Gallant.
 5—Cerry Time, Forwarded, Eurayus.
 6—Rudens, Animate, Belles.

At Detroit.

1—Mate Tea, Pecky Tork, Mary Ellen.
 2—Renaissance, Ruckus, Animate.
 3—Night Mare, Nick's Girl, Barnac.
 4—Rider, Bonanza, My Tommi.
 5—MONDORF, Jada, Miss Bonnie.
 6—Singing Heart, Dora, Miss Gentel Lady.

At Saratoga.

1—Gold Cross, Dark Sun, Riasto.
 2—Vixen, Bravado, Critique.
 3—Vanderbilt entry, No Dice, Charming Cross.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Dade Park.

1—Grey Broom, Wavy Sea, Zarabi.
 2—Whiz, Riddle, Silver Fleet.
 3—Gammell, Night Brigade, Onside.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Washington Park.

1—Charwick, Macawie, Countess Marie.
 2—Trinchera, Bill Donoghue, Ina Count.
 3—Mucker, Erbsen, Julia Grant.
 4—FANERN, Below Zero, South Gallant.
 5—Cerry Time, Forwarded, Eurayus.
 6—Rudens, Animate, Belles.

At Detroit.

1—Mate Tea, Pecky Tork, Mary Ellen.
 2—Renaissance, Ruckus, Animate.
 3—Night Mare, Nick's Girl, Barnac.
 4—Rider, Bonanza, My Tommi.
 5—MONDORF, Jada, Miss Bonnie.
 6—Singing Heart, Dora, Miss Gentel Lady.

At Saratoga.

1—Gold Cross, Dark Sun, Riasto.
 2—Vixen, Bravado, Critique.
 3—Vanderbilt entry, No Dice, Charming Cross.
 4—Sobriety, Sun Archer, Highgood.
 5—JACKS-RENTY, Ironbound, Wilco.

At Washington Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Saratoga.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Washington Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Narragansett.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Dade Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Detroit.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Saratoga.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Dade Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Washington Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Detroit.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Saratoga.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Dade Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Washington Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Detroit.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Saratoga.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Dade Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Washington Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Detroit.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Saratoga.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Dade Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Washington Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Detroit.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Saratoga.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106 *China Boy 107
 *Equanimity 104 Oza 104
 *Yankee 107 *Deag 99
 *Countess Marie 110 *Sour 102

At Dade Park.

First race, \$500, claiming, two-year-olds and up, six furlongs.
 Polagid 107 *Who Said 99
 Race Brush 107 *Tina Lady 102
 Weapon 104 Mackay 116
 *Diary 102 *Trio 99
 *Amio 106

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

DAILY MAGAZINE

A CIRCUS DINES

It Really Requires a Lot of Food and a Big Kitchen

MEN'S
FASHIONS
BY ESQUIRE
FEATURES
FICTION

ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1936.

PAGES 1-6-C

PART THREE

Today

(Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.)

Airships in England.
No Safety in Holes.
A Professional Army
If the Smash Comes.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE.
(Copyright, 1936.)

ENGLAND still concentrates on defense and attack in the air. A number of important Englishmen, members of the House of Commons and the House of Commons, led by Mr. Churchill, arranged a special call on Prime Minister Baldwin to demand more and better planes, and faster building.

Duff Cooper, British Secretary, announced that the Secretary of the organization arranged to present the organization to the City of London numbers more than 16,000 men—for that one city. At the same time the British Royal Air Force, like the air force of France, admits that no possible anti-aircraft preparation could protect a city against enemy bombardment, even if it were known exactly when the enemy airships would

appear. Experiments have proved that. About the only adequate defense is for a nation to be able to say, "Destroy one of my cities, and I shall destroy all of yours," or "I shall kill you, if you try to kill me." Spain's civil war would be infinitely worse if that country were well equipped with fighting planes. Military men were amazed to read reports that a plane owned by the Spanish insurgents had destroyed a Spanish Government submarine in the Straits of Gibraltar. You would think that if anything could be safe from air attack it would be the submarine.

This country may lose other things, but it intends to "preserve" its gold. The Chicago Great Lakes Construction Co., for \$468,274, builds at Fort Knox, Ky., a "bullion depository" deep down in the earth, with "impregnable vaults," in which to hide Uncle Sam's supplies of gold and silver.

"Impragable," like "impossible," does not exist in real life. The right collection of airplanes visiting this country, supplying necessary arguments, would lead to the President, Secretary of the Treasury and others, by plane, to Fort Knox. The invaders would say: "Open up," and the officials would "open up."

Submarines below water, planes in the air, holes in the ground, would let Uncle Sam keep his gold safe. Washington should never forget Solon's remark to King Croesus: "If anyone comes having better than you, he will be master of all this gold."

Stanton B. Leeds reports France is planning "a professional army,"

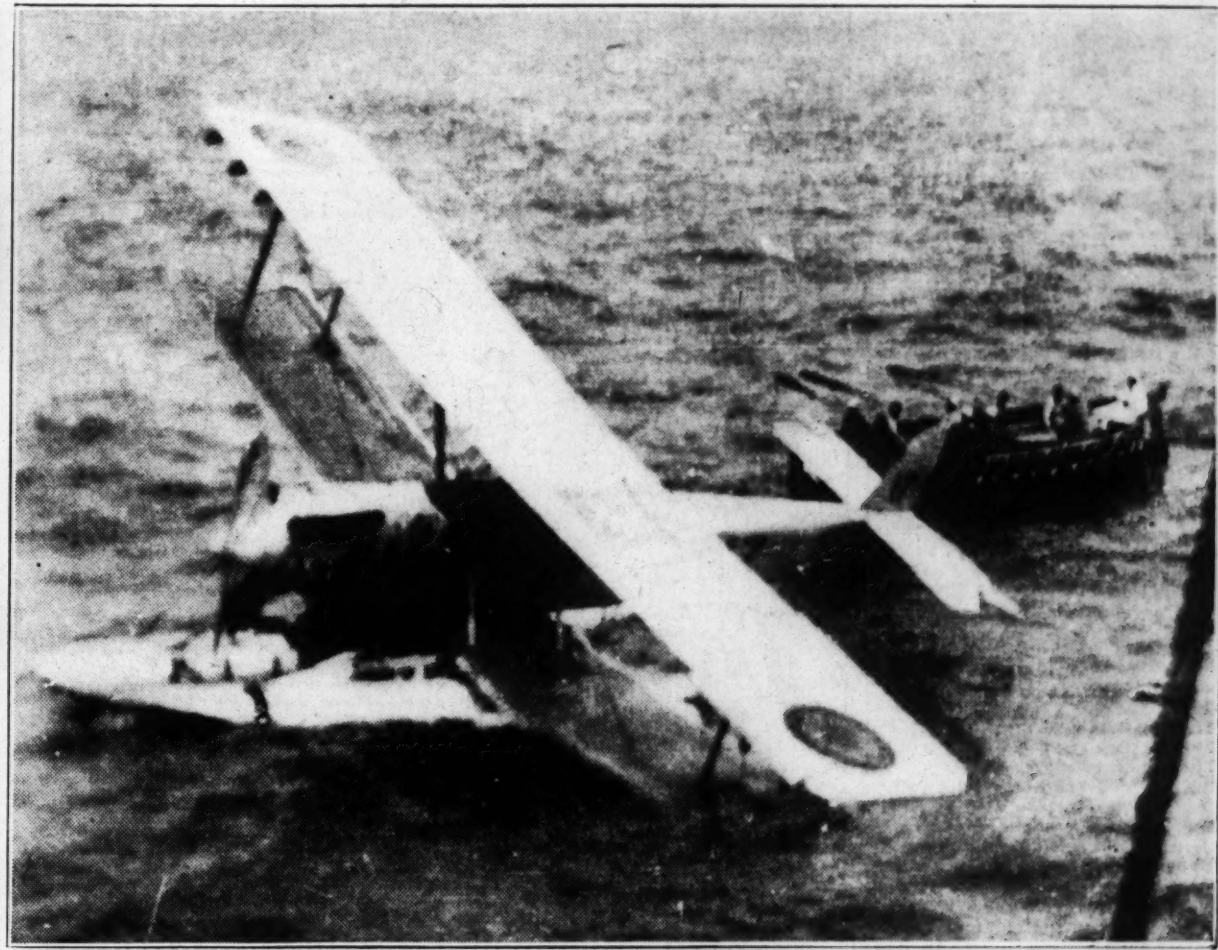
a permanent organization of at least 100,000 men, who will make fighting in the army a career, as others make a career in commerce, law, diplomacy. A French military authority asks:

"If we had had an army made up of experts, thoroughly trained, and completely mechanized, do you think the Germans would have

REX TUGWELL TALKS OVER DROUTH SITUATION



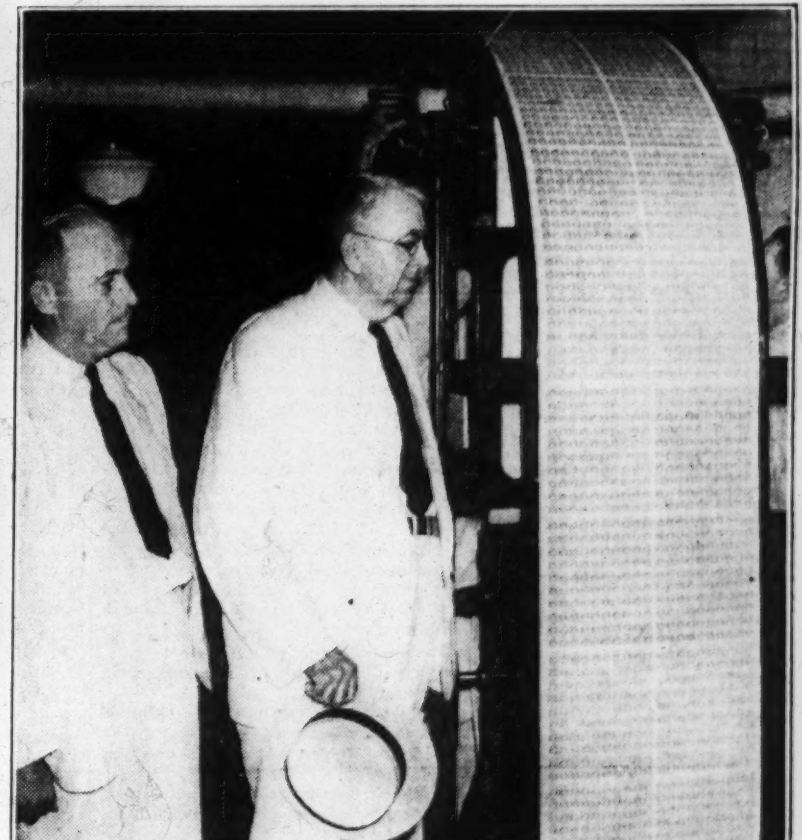
RESCUE OF SPANISH LOYALIST PLANE'S CREW



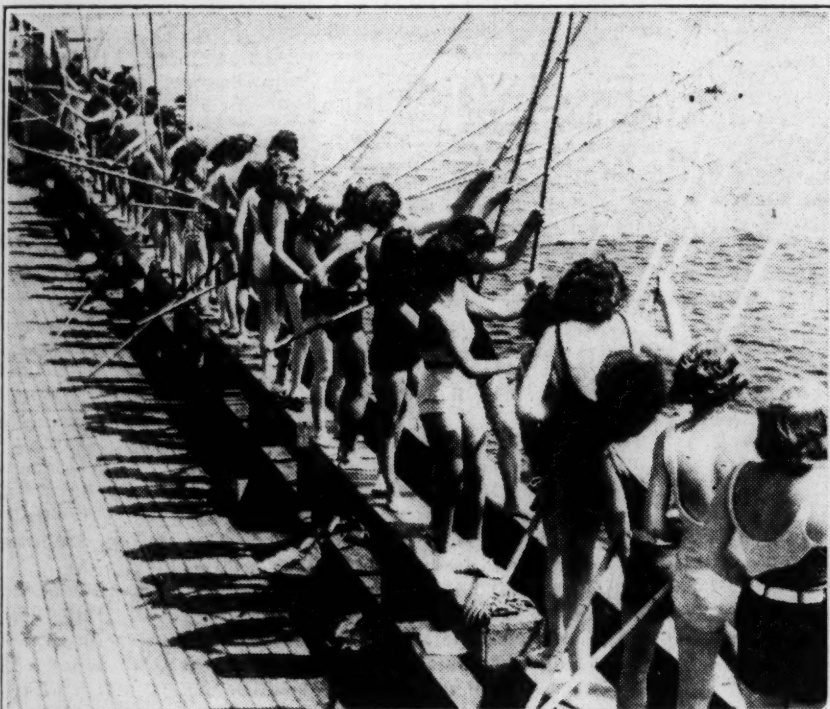
CAUGHT BY MOVIE FANS



FIRST RUN OF SUSAN B. ANTHONY STAMPS



FISHING IN DEEP WATERS



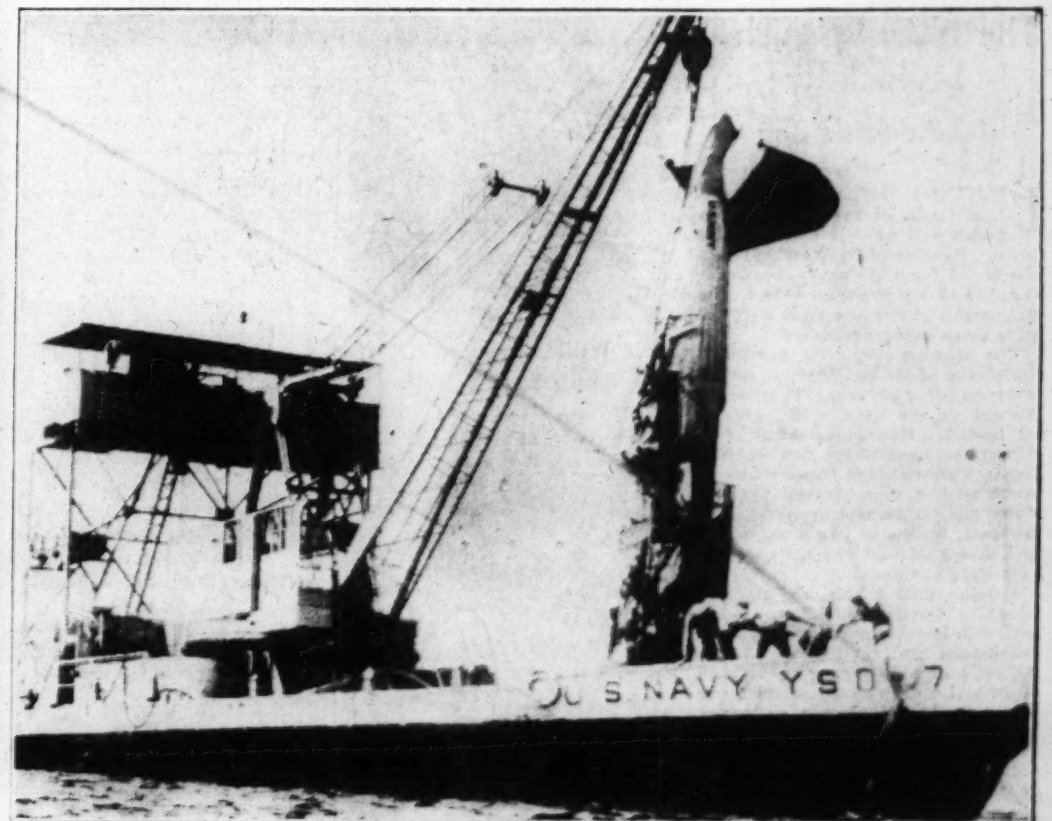
NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF KOREA



MISS BANKHEAD IN HOLLYWOOD



HAULING AIRPLANE FROM CHESAPEAKE BAY



out on slim fitted lines, are stealing a spotlight, and designers predict that the winter advances. After them come a host of short jackets with ripple tails.

IF YOU ASK MY OPINION

By Martha Carr

Stamp Issue For Exhibit Withdrawn

Special Tipex Sheet Sales Are Closed—News for Collectors.

ACCORDING to an announcement made by the Post Office Department, the special sheet of four postage stamps issued in conjunction with the Third International Philatelic Exhibition held in New York from May 9 to 17 has been withdrawn from sale. This Tipex Sheet was taken from sale to the public at the Philatelic Agency on Aug. 12, 1938.

During the three months time in which the Tipex Stamp was on sale a new record for number of stamps sold was established for the Post Office Department. The total sales during this time exceeded three million sheets of this stamp and exceeded a total of \$360,000.

The special sheet was first placed on sale at the Philatelic Agency branch at the Grand Central Palace, New York, on May 9, and at the Philatelic Agency, Washington, two days later. During the exposition more than \$230,000 worth of the special souvenir sheets were sold by the philatelic agency there.

Nothing definite has been done about the Army-Navy Commemorative stamps. President Roosevelt has not as yet approved the designs from which the models and dies for the new stamps are to be made.

According to an official of the stamp division of the Post Office Department, it will be some time after September 15 before the first stamps of the Army-Navy series can be placed on sale, making it almost impossible to issue the remaining eight stamps before the first of the year.

A collector in the East desiring to acquire one stamp of each design issued by the various countries found that a list of the independent countries produced over 4000 distinct designs. These figures do not include the United States, semi-independent countries or colonies.

The current 5d stamp of Great Britain which for years has been printed on "ordinary" paper has been issued printed on "chalky" paper.

A pictorial series consisting of eight denominations in two designs will be issued by the postal authorities of Lebanon. The 1, 3, 10 and 15p will picture the Bay of Djounieh and the other denominations Op. 2, 5, and 20p. will portray a skiing scene. The quantities issued will be 10,000 of the 2p, 20,000 of the 5, 10 and 15p and 60,000 of the rest of the values.

Egypt is preparing a new series of stamps picturing King Farouk. These will be released on Coronation Day.

The current postage stamps of Lithuania are to be changed. The 2 and 5c values are to be printed in a single color in the same smaller format, and on the 15, 30 and 45c values a new portrait of President Smetona will be substituted for the one now in use.

STAMPS and COINS

Wanted
HIGH CASH prices paid for U. S. and foreign stamps; everything for collectors. See us at our new store. Morton Stamp Co., 423 N. 7th St.

For Sale
VIRIT the complete Stamp Store stamp for beginners and advanced collectors. New Museum Stamp Co., 1322 Pine.

Judge Puffle Is Here



The Judge is past (and present) grand master of hilarious exaggeration
In Gene Aher's New Comic Room and Board
In the Daily Magazine of the Post-Dispatch

Windows Lace curtains regain popularity every year—and this year they are as different from the old kind that they are really new. Fine threads and fine designs make novel sheer and shadowy weaves which look handmade. The open, airy patterns harmonize with furniture of eighteenth century elegance or modern sleekness.

WHEN CIRCUS PERFORMERS AND WORKERS EAT IT'S A GARGANTUAN MEAL

By VIRGINIA IRWIN

Candid Camera Photos

By ARTHUR WITMAN

Dear Mrs. Carr:
I AM A GIRL 13 years of age. I am employed as a stenographer. I am supporting myself and helping my parents also. I am not a bad girl, but I am very restless, as you know most girls of this age are. I go out some with young men, but would much rather go to school alone. That is where the trouble comes in. My parents seem to think me a mere child. But I have grown up and want to do my own thinking and use my own judgment. Do you think I am wrong in this?

What I have in mind is to tell my parents that I want to live my own life and also to rule it. Am I wrong in this?

ALONE IN THOUGHT.
You are, no doubt, a serious-minded young girl, and, too, you may have no fear in going about at a late hour. But what you feel in the matter does not at all protect you from such an unpleasant and even tragedy, as too often comes to a girl alone at late hours in a city. In this, your judgment is not mature. And in this, you must remember, also, that the conventions of society, which are based far deeper than you probably imagine, are such that you would undoubtedly be misunderstood far more by the public than you are by your parents. We cannot ignore this apprehension of parents and friends, which is as steadily and tenderly ingrained in those who love us and care deeply when the world hurts us.

Possibly if the picture show were in your neighborhood, your parents would not object to your going to the first show alone, though it does seem a little out of the usual for a girl not to want companionship of the sensible, quiet, appreciative type.

Why, may I ask, would it be necessary for you to confine yourself to embroidery if you remain at home? Cannot you take up the study of something you like, if you are so serious that you must think alone in the picture show? Take up something that is entirely different from your work. Do not, in an immature way, imagine that secluding yourself from natural interests and companionship is demonstrating any particular individuality. Find companionship in your pleasures and hobbies. Join a club, go in for athletics and have a good time in the right way and remember, you are not and will not be for a long time, too old and too resourceful to ignore the counsel of your parents, which experience and good judgment has taught them.

Dear Mrs. Carr:
BECAUSE of the valuable information and sound advice you have given to countless others, I am writing to you asking that you help me in selecting my wardrobe for a two-weeks' vacation in the South sometime in November. I intend to spend the greater part of the time in New Orleans. I have on hand a navy light weight (wool) tailored suit with accessories, and several blouses to wear with it, a navy sheer afternoon dress and a light blue "spring coat" with a white wolf fur collar. I have heard that it is still quite warm in New Orleans at that time of the year, and therefore thought the coat would be suitable. Is it? I should like to know what to take in addition to this. I shall probably need an evening dress and a few sport clothes. What puzzles me is the weight and color of these frocks. I am a brunette with dark brown hair with a suspicion of red in it, dark brown eyes and olive skin. What new fall colors would you suggest? (I'm 5 feet 5 inches and weigh 124.)

INEXPERIENCED TRAVELER.
While I should be very glad to answer this now in detail, I believe it would be very much more satisfactory to you to write me again in October, when all the winter styles will be quite settled. At this time of the season a good many novelties are presented for experiment. Some of them will not be found popular or practical and we will see more of them. Whereas, in October, everything is well-decided and we can be safe in choosing our clothes which we want to wear after as well as in the early fall.

Dear Mrs. Carr:
I HAVE written several poems and would like to have them reviewed and criticized. I would greatly appreciate any information you can give me in regard to this matter.

D. L. H.
This kind of service is professional. If you wish to pay the fee, I can give you one or two names of persons and places where you may have this done, if you will send me a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Martha Carr at the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will endeavor to answer all questions of general interest but, of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. These who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

PERHAPS some time while the circus is here you will sit under the big top and watch the glittering galaxy of acts that take place in the three rings and on the four stages of the giant hippodrome. Perhaps you will thrill to the fearless bareback riding of Dorothy Herbert as she jumps her horse over flaming hurdles. Perhaps you will laugh at the tomfoolery of the clowns and gasp as Hugo and Mario Zaccini are catapulted through space in the same instant from the mouth of a monster reaping cannon. Perhaps you will wonder at Jack Earle, the giant, and feel just a little sorry for the Doll midgets, if you take in the side shows. And you will drink lemonade and buy popcorn and go home with the sound of the trumpets blaring in your ears, and the feel of the circus in your bones.

But there is one amazing part of the circus you won't see, unless you happen to wander way back on the grounds among the ropes and wagons and washing hung on lines—back to the Hotel Ringling, the world's largest traveling restaurant, where 5000 flapjacks is a short order for the flapjack flipper and 200 gallons of stew is child's play for the chef.

Here the 1600 people who travel with Ringling Bros. and Barnum & Bailey Circus are served three palatable meals daily and with less confusion than a bride creates when she opens a can of salmon for the first dinner in the new apartment.

Before dawn yesterday morning, the Hotel Ringling arrived in St. Louis on the first of the four trains that brought the circus here from Decatur, Ill., and before the other three trains were unloaded, the flapjacks were frying on the griddle, coffee was ready in the enormous urns and while the boys who do the heavy work were still geying out the tent ropes to the tune of "Heave it heavy, heave it, shake it, break it, shove it down," the first customers were eating breakfast in the dining tent. By 9:15, the cooks had fried 226 dozen eggs, several hundred pounds of bacon, made flapjacks out of 45 gallons of pancake batter, and stirred up a tub of oatmeal, besides having preparations for the noon meal well under way.

"You're got to eat heavy when you work hard," explained Wilbur Knight, the head chef, as he explained the mechanics of feeding Young John, a member of the Indian troupe, that there would be no more sticking of chewing gum on the underside of plates or on the seats of the benches either, for that matter. It seems that Young John has the habit of disposing of his gum in places where it causes a lot of trouble. One day he pasted it on the underside of his plate and in going through the dishwasher the gum melted and stuck to a half dozen plates, which had to be discarded. Another time he pasted it under his seat at the table, which is in the middle of one of the long boards that take the place of chairs. The next day when the dining room was set up the board on which Young John's chewing gum reposed happened to be placed the other side up at a different table, and the dress of one of the performers was ruined.

"But everything goes pretty smoothly," admits Yorlo. "Everybody acts just like they would at home."

Besides the dining tents and the cookhouse and the butcher shop and supplies tent, the Hotel Ringling includes a boiler wagon from the 3600 ears of sweet corn that would be served during the day and others were slicing tomatoes—six bushels of them—and cleaning green peppers for salad. Two bakers were watching their 350 pies and 14 layer cakes already in the ovens of the 12 big wood-burning stoves. At 11:30 the noon-day meal was ready to be served and the flag was run up on the dining tent to let the performers know it was time to "come and get it."

Under the direction of John Yorlo, who has been head waiter of the Ringling Hotel for 14 years, 65 waiters and eight coffee boys serve the more than 4000 meals that are eaten in the dining room every day. Of course, not all employees arrive for meals at the same time. For instance, breakfast is set up until 9:15; lunch from 11:30 to 1; and dinner from 3:30 to 5. The Negro workmen have their own small tent in back of the kitchen. Tables in the dining room reserved for the staff and performers are covered with clean bright blue and white table cloths but in the workmen's division, cloth is the rule.

"Everybody has his own place at table for the entire season the show is on the road," head-waiter Yorlo explained, "and the same waiter waits on the same tables throughout the season. And, it's up to him to be courteous and obliging as he knows how. The better the people like him the bigger his tip will be at the end of the week when the performers get paid."

If there is any complaint about

BESS of the entire Hotel Ringling is Steward George Blood, to whom the 126 people on the cookhouse staff are responsible. After 15 years—five of them as chef, eight as baker, and the last two as steward—George Blood can tell at a glance if one employee is missing for the day. Besides supervising his staff, he plans the menus for each day, and buys all supplies.

In his tent near the cookhouse, George Blood showed me a list of supplies he had just purchased, and read off the list:
12 sacks of potatoes
4 sacks of onions
110 watermelons
300 dozen ears of corn
3 crates of lettuce
6 bushels of tomatoes
1 bushel of green peppers
2 bushels of carrots
100 pounds of butter
600 pounds of bread
100 pounds of coffee
60 gallons of fresh milk
30 pounds of tea
2 crates of oranges
1 crate of lemons
900 pounds of spareribs
10 cases of eggs
300 pounds of bacon
200 pounds of assorted cold meats
18 smoked hams
20 pounds of chipped beef
40 pounds of cheese
3 tons of ice
Some canned goods and staples

Flapjack artist... and a busy one.

are carried from one jump to another, but always Blood is one day ahead of the show buying supplies to be on hand when the show is unloaded. "And nothing but quality stuff," he insists. "Some shows feed their people bum stuff to keep down expenses, but we don't buy a thing that's second rate."

Blood never has any complaints from the people he feeds. They're pretty well satisfied with the general run of meals that have to be planned with an eye to one-day stands. On two and three days' stands, when there's more time, such things as fried chicken and strawberry shortcake—in season—are served.

George Blood's job—that of feeding 1600 people—may sound like a nightmare to a housewife, but Blood and his staff of 126 have the whole thing worked out to the point where you wouldn't get a square meal by licking one of the 65-gallon kettles when the day is over. There's seldom anything left but stale bread and that goes to the elephants as a special treat. Stale bread to an elephant, the trainers say, is like fudge cake to you—if you like fudge cake.



A big-top diner... a lot of canvas to eat under. The Antaleks, high perch actors, in foreground. Below, right, the giant helps his small friends, the midgets.



"One little Indian"... and lots of melon.



Barbecued ribs... just a sample of what's for lunch.

Every once in a while army officials call at the Hotel Ringling to get some help on feeding problems during the war foreign Government and the boys who work at the big show as the performers who stew have their inning.

On Broadway
By Walter Winchell

(Copyright, 1936.)

The Private Papers
of a Cub Reporter.

The honors paid Lincoln Steffens by the gazettes when he died a few days ago reminded me of the veterans in the editorial departments that he was the victim of the "editorialists" early in the century. Rapped, that is, on the same pages that he had so often soiled with his "muck-raking". This is the handle they fastened on a reporter who was only interested in telling the truth about the corruption in the city.

In dozens of key cities, and out of civic indignation the various town defenders coined that term for him. In later years he was hailed as a man of integrity and high purpose—but the fact is that some of the dustier sheets still have had names to pin on those whose job it is to record what's happening.

The seasoned newspaper men who knew Steffens when he was burned up—not because he blabbed on the towns—but because he beat them to it. And we are comforted in knowing that that still goes.

They are saying that it is barbaric for Kentucky to have public executions. . . . Germany has public beatings and the public is invited to the guillotine routines in France—so what? . . . Fred Lonsdale puts it nicely in a forthcoming film. . . . After the first long kiss, the man sighs and says: "I must have done something terribly nice for someone once—to be rewarded this way". . . . When they don't want to bruise a girl's feelings, when her screen test flops, they tell her sponsor or agent: "She had on too much jewelry"—meaning the rings under her orbs.

Prof. Harold F. Harding warned a class of Republican student spies that arm-waving, flag-waving and name calling are out-of-date among campaign spellbinders, "except in remote places". . . . Remote places like America, he probably meant. You will enjoy Ginger Rogers' toying with "This Is a Fine Romance" in Jerome Kern's next musical, "Swingtime". . . . New Masses open-lettered us, asking if we had ever heard of a man named Al McCarthy, who will eventually be important in the political war. . . . McCarthy is a lawyer of 29 Broadway. His uncle is Supreme Court Justice McCreary. . . . McCarthy's grandfather was a Tammany leader on Washington Heights years ago. To New M.: Please omit flowers.

Abe Lyman, one of the factors in staging Benny Fields' comeback, is furious. . . . Because the radio dramatization of Fields' career up-to-date—ignored Lyman and the Hollywood Restaurant where it happened on Broadway. . . . It couldn't have been Benny's fault, and we're only guessing. . . . Paul Whiteman's recording of "Slaughter on 10th Avenue" (from "On Your Toes") is delightful. . . . "The House of Morgan" is looking for a "front-man" to re-open. . . . Overheard: "He has the nuisance value of a mosquito!"

SUNFLOWER STREET

AT THE BARBER SHOP

SUMMER RATES ARE ON

WHAT'S DE MATTER WID WILLIE?

HE CLAIM IT'S TOO HOT TO WORK

SHAVE YOURSELF 50¢

CUT YOUR OWN HAIR 10¢

SHAMPOO YOURSELF 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

WATER 10¢

DAILY MAGAZINE

BACK TO PORT

A Serial Story

Joe Sterling Makes the Supreme Sacrifice, but Leaves a Token—Safety and Home for Nick and Elsa.

CONCLUSION.

STERLING saw it all now. This rocking hull of a lifeboat was a tribunal. He could stand aside and judge himself. All his life he had been living—but always giving—not what others craved and hungered for, but only what money could buy. Now he remembered; he might have given himself.

There had been a girl—but it was too late now. He smiled faintly. There was his mother, too; she had wanted more than his money could buy her.

He looked at Elsa and Nick. They were young; they should be saved. He reached suddenly for his checkbook. Yes, it was there in his pocket—and his mechanical pencil, too. No doubt the checks were ruined, but if he could make it—it was worth a try.

He drew himself up, almost fainting from the pain in his leg, but he managed to prop against the seat and get the checkbook open. The top check was rumpled. He tore it off. The second one was better. With feverish haste he filled it in, gauging the position of the ink, amount and signature by their distances from the edge of the check. It would be the nearest his money had ever come to buying happiness.

With a tremendous effort he dragged himself over and slipped the check under the edge of the water keg. Cold perspiration stood in beads on his forehead as he crawled back to his place. There was one other thing he could do for them. If the water lasted long enough they stood a better chance of being saved. After all, there was no one to care about him, no one to grieve. He'd wait until later, when he was sure they were all asleep.

Nick stretched out and drew Elsa into the hollow of his arm. They were too far gone to pretend anything. She was wet. He threw his coat over her.

"Elsa, tell me something."

"What?"

"Why did you say you'd never marry me, why did you lie to me about wanting what Cris could give you?" he asked simply.

"How do you know I was lying?"

"Because—I wasn't asleep last night, nor the night before, he whispered in her ear.

"Nick, you—"

"Nick could almost feel her flush.

"Why—why were you holding out on me?" he asked.

"Because you wouldn't have listened to the truth."

"Truth?" he repeated, puzzled.

"That marriage between us would be—would ruin your life."

"How?" he asked grimly.

Elsa caught his face between her hands and kissed him.

"Listen, Nick. We are the whole world apart."

Nick's arms tightened.

"It doesn't seem so to me, and remember, I wasn't asleep last night," he said softly.

Elsa was desperate. In broken sentences she told him of her life from a kid, what a struggle it had all been; of the day in Bert's place when she had ceased to fight; of all the difference in everything about them.

"You poor kid," Nick muttered tenderly. "I'll make it all up to you, honest I will. I can make you happy. I'll."

She interrupted him.

"We couldn't make it, Nick, not with that handicap. I've seen it

TODAY'S PATTERN

Smart Aprons



A "SISTER ACT" in aprons—these two perky household helps, for both diverging designs come from one and the same easy-to-make pattern. Spick 'n' span is tailored style "B" with trim criss-cross straps, comfy belt and interesting round pockets. Vision yourself in one of similarly flowered percale, or in sturdy gingham with contrasting buttons. Apron "A" gives you a chance to indulge in "fluffy ruffles"—for this demure model outlines its smart form and round pockets with a crisp frill of the same or contrasting fabric. A real "tea" style—this apron, and grand in dainty dotted swiss, dimity or organdy.

Pattern 4067 is available in sizes small, medium and large. Small size apron A takes 1 1/2 yards 36-inch fabric; apron B takes 2 1/4 yards.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number.

BE SURE TO STATE SIZE.

Send for your copy of our NEW ANNE ADAMS PATTERN BOOK, just out! See the latest Fall fashions, fabrics, accessories! Learn how easily you can have smart new frocks, a dashing new coat or suit, blouses, skirts, house-dresses. Models to flatter every type and age—from tiny toddler to matrons longing for that slim and youthful look! BOOK FIFTEEN CENTS. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS FOR BOTH WHEN ORDERED TOGETHER.

Send your order to: St. Louis Post-Dispatch Pattern Department, 243 W. 17th St., New York, N. Y.

"He's out of his misery, but oh, God! the pity of it," she had sobbed against Nick's shoulder.

Later feeling for his face and drawing it down to her she asked: "Nick, why did he do it?"

Nick didn't answer. Somehow what Sterling had done wasn't easy to talk about even to Elsa. Nick knew that if they ever got out of this they'd owe it to Sterling and the fact made a saint of Sterling in his eyes.

They could see each other only dimly, as close as they were. Bell to the chert end of the boat might not have been there for all they knew, all was so quiet beyond the veil of fog.

Hope had long since vanished. All that stood between them and eternity was the little water left in the keg, bought with the price of Sterling's life. At what they thought was noon they lunched, not eagerly; they were beyond wanting anything much.

Weakened and wretched in mind and body, they held together in the fog.

"Will it be much longer?" Elsa asked feebly.

Nick didn't answer. He lay his cheek against hers and stroked her hair with a shaking hand.

"Nick."

"Yes, dear?"

"There must be some place—afterward—where we'll be together," her voice trailed off into silence.

Almost spent, Nick drew his coat up over her. He, too, fell into a heavy stupor, bordering on sleep, but from which his mind seemed to detach itself and hover above his body, fashioning curious things. He was sure he heard a foghorn. The sound ran along his taut nerves like an electric shock.

HE TURNED and drew himself up to call out, to fight off the blanket of fog, but he was powerless to move. He thought he felt for Elsa and she was gone, then he seemed to collapse in a lifeless heap in the bottom of the boat.

Suddenly something moving in his arms warmed his body, made him able to feel again, to will his muscles to move. He heard Elsa's voice.

"Nick, I dreamed we were on a steamer pulling for port. There was something you wanted, something I promised to do when we reached port, I don't remember—"

Nick made a tremendous effort to tighten his arms, to let her know he heard. The whole world was rocking, going black, then red. They were going out like this after Sterling had given his life. He wouldn't let go without a struggle. His mind in a dull, disordered way fitted itself back in his body. He was wide awake—or was he dead? He could see Elsa quite plainly. The fog had lifted. Bell lay face down in the bow of the boat, as still as death.

The sea and sky were bathed in a heavenly radiance. A seagull spread its wings against the sudden splendor of a sunset sky. It was like the dove bearing an olive branch in the days of Noah. He passed his hand across his eyes, and raised on his elbow. Blood beat up in a sickening rush, all but blotting out a ship that was almost upon them. A huge liner! Even now they were lowering a boat. He could see officers giving orders and the crew busy with the ropes.

He shook Elsa, drew her up in his arms.

"Elsa—look, it wasn't a dream," he shouted.

She looked up at him with stagnant eyes; the blankness of her gaze filled him with terror. He

legible. His blurred eyes stared at it fixedly, his fevered brain trying to grasp the magnificence of the gesture.

Elsa stirred in his arms. With the check grasped tightly in his hand he made another effort to draw her up on the side of the boat.

"It's all right, darling—we're going back to port," he whispered against her cheek.

She was like lead in his arms, but for a little moment her eyes opened and the light of reason was in them as she gazed fondly at him. She too saw the liner, and smiled weakly before she fell back against him. With his last bit of strength he managed to raise his arm above the side of the boat in answer to the shouts from the ship's crew.

(Copyright, 1936.)
(The End.)

PHOTOPLAY THEATRES

EMPEROR
OLIVE AT GRAND
SPENCER TRACY 'FURY'
SYLVIA SIDNEY
IRENE HERVEY 'STEWART ERWIN'
'ABSOLUTE QUIET'

RITZ
CLARK
GABLE 'MacDONALD'

San Francisco
with Spencer Tracy
SENSATIONAL PICTURE OF THE DAY
'HIT AND RUN DRIVER'

VARSITY
SPENCER TRACY 'FURY'
SYLVIA SIDNEY
IRENE HERVEY 'STEWART ERWIN'
'ABSOLUTE QUIET'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

UPTOWN
Clark Gable
JEANETTE
MacDONALD
IN 'SAN FRANCISCO'

Interiors There are dozens of charming little spring patterns in shades of green and yellow to set the decorative scheme of a room. For instance, brown leaves on white wallpaper, with white woodwork and ceiling painted brown; vivid blue-green carpet and brown and blue green striped chintz upholstery.

By ETHEL WILLIS HEWITT

PHOTOPLAY THEATRES

LOEW'S
Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Now! Perfect Love Team.
Barbara STANWYCK
Robt. TAYLOR
Together in M-G-M's
'His Brother's Wife'

Weaknesses in The Daily Show

Let's EXP

By A

See Whether

AUTHOR'S NOTE: These

are given from the scientific

point of view. Science puts the right

individual.

An exceptionally able editor

is given from the scientific

point of view. Science puts the right

individual.

An exceptionally able editor

is given from the scientific

point of view. Science puts the right

individual.

An exceptionally able editor

is given from the scientific

point of view. Science puts the right

individual.

An exceptionally able editor

is given from the scientific

point of view. Science puts the right

individual.

An exceptionally able editor

is given from the scientific

point of view. Science puts the right

individual.

An exceptionally able editor

is given from the scientific

point of view. Science puts the right

individual.

An

Weaknesses in Business
The Daily Short Story

Let's EXPLORE Your MIND

By ALBERT EDWARD WIGGAM, D. Sc.
See Whether His Opinions Agree With Your Own

AUTHOR'S NOTE: These are not given from the scientific point of view. Science puts the rights of the individual against the rights of the community.

An exceptionally able editorial in *Collier's* Weekly says: "It is a little absurd for any statesman to say that war is inevitable. Wars do not happen. Like all human actions, they are made by men. But a conflict starts some man in a position where his interests will be served by war. If no statesman expects to profit by war, peace prevails. In the result of a decision decided by war, the United States and the United States are not enemies. Yet the economic problems which have to be settled by the Government of Canada and the United States... are just as complicated as any with which Italy or Germany or France has to deal." Loud applause to this column!



Marie Sellers, director of the consumer service of General Foods Corporation, as pointed out in *The Independent Woman*, says that the weaknesses of women show up more in business than do men's, not because they have more of them or are weaker, but simply because generally weaker, in the office gold rule! Men still live their critical life in business, but then under a greater strain and then watch to see if they break under it.

A prominent Chicago engineer owing to the long road to their professional success. As a necessary consequence they are older when their children are born. At the opposite end of the intelligence scale, mothers marry early and the parents average younger than the parents of average children.

RADIO PROGRAMS for TODAY

- ON KSD**
News Broadcasts—8:00 and 11:00 a. m., 12:55, 2:30 and 5:00 p. m.
Weather Reports—11:00 and 12:10 p. m., 2:30 and 5:00 p. m.
Baseball Scores—2:30, 2:59, 3:10, 3:20 and 5:10 p. m. and at intervals between programs.
Market Report—12:10 p. m.
- St. Louis radio stations broadcast on the following channels:** KSD, 550 kc.; KMOX, 580 kc.; KWK, 1250 kc.; WLL, 1290 kc.; WLF, 40 kc.; KFIO, 550 kc.; KJL, 1240 kc.; KLT, 1240 kc.
- 12:15 KSD—MARKET REPORT.**
12:30 KJL—Organ recital. WLL—Gypsy Joe. KWK—Maggie Kitchen.
12:35 WLL—Joe Green and the Layons. WLL—Market. KWK—Whitney. WLL—W. W. Brown. WLL—Hearst.
1:00 KJL—CLINT NOBLE'S ORCHESTRA.
KWK—Last half of Farm and Home.
1:15 KWK—CLINT NOBLE'S ORCHESTRA.
1:30 WLL—Live broadcast. KWK—Live broadcast.
1:45 KWK—CLINT NOBLE'S ORCHESTRA.
2:00 KWK—CLINT NOBLE'S ORCHESTRA.
2:15 WLL—Neighborhood program. WLL—Lane choir. KWK—Sportsman's Park interview. KMOX—Dope from the dugout.
2:25 KMOX and KWK—Baseball game. KWK—Baseball scores. WLL—Baseball scores. KWK—Baseball scores.
2:30 KWK—BASEBALL SCORES. WLL—Baseball scores. KWK—Baseball scores.
2:45 WLL—Headlines of the Air. WLL—Headlines of the Air. WLL—Headlines of the Air.
2:50 KJL—Spanish Hour. WLL—Spanish Hour. WLL—Spanish Hour.
3:00 KJL—Spanish Hour. WLL—Spanish Hour. WLL—Spanish Hour.
3:15 WLL—Front Page Drama. WLL—Front Page Drama. WLL—Front Page Drama.
3:30 WLL—Today's Sports. WLL—Today's Sports. WLL—Today's Sports.
3:45 KSD—FREDERICK GROFF'S ORCHESTRA.
3:50 KSD—BASEBALL SCORES. OTTO THURN'S ORCHESTRA.
4:00 KSD—BASEBALL SCORES. OTTO THURN'S ORCHESTRA.
4:15 KSD—BASEBALL SCORES. OTTO THURN'S ORCHESTRA.
4:30 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.
4:45 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.
4:55 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.
5:00 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.
5:15 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.
5:30 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.
5:45 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.
6:00 KSD—UP-TO-THE-MINUTE BASEBALL SCORES. RHYTHM MARKER.

Programs Tonight

- ON KSD.**
At 8:00, Press News.
At 8:10, Final baseball scores.
At 8:15, Heine's Grenadiers.
At 8:45, Sport Parade, Thornton Fischer.
At 9:00, Eddie Fitzpatrick's orchestra.
At 9:30, Chateau program; Smith Baller, master of ceremonies; Tallulah Bankhead, Joe Cook, Frances Fay and Paul Chottelau, guests; Victor Young's orchestra.
At 9:30, Keith Beecher's Orchestra.
At 9:40, New York Concert Orchestra.
At 9:45, Today's Sports With Jimmy Conzelmann and Ray Stockton.
At 9:50, Ben Pollack's orchestra.
At 9:55, Weather reports.
At 10:00, George Duffey's orchestra.
At 10:30, Jimmy Lunceford's orchestra.
At 11:00, Fletcher Henderson's orchestra.
At 11:30, Alfred Barr's orchestra.
- KWK, Moscow (8.4 mcs.)—News.**
6:15 WLL—Salon music. Sport talk. KWK—JANBOREY—Variety Program with Orchestra and Vocalists; The McVitts; master of ceremonies, WLL—Dance orchestra. KMOX—Columbia Workshop. KWK—Variety program.
6:45 WLL—"Every Youth."
7:00 KWK—Bruna Castagna and symphony orchestra. KWK—Chicago Symphony Orchestra.
7:15 WLL—My First.
7:30 KSD—CHATEAU PROGRAM: Smith Baller, master of ceremonies; Tallulah Bankhead, Joe Cook, Frances Fay and Paul Chottelau, guests; Victor Young and orchestra. Max Teresi, hostess; Peggy Gardner and Jack Nanton.
7:45 WLL—Headlines of the Air. KMOX—Your Hit Parade. WLL—Little Theatre-Airs. WGN 720—Times of Science.
8:00 KWK—RADIO BECKHOF'S ORCHESTRA.
8:15 KWK—Ringing. WLL—Varieties. KWK—Press News.
8:45 KWK—Jimmy Lunceford's orchestra.
9:00 KSD—NEW YORK CONCERT ORCHESTRA.
KWK—Artie Shaw's orchestra. KWK—Ringo's orchestra.
9:15 KSD—TODAY'S SPORTS WITH STOCKTON AND JIMMY CONZELMANN; Weather Report.
9:30 KWK—Helen MacArthur's orchestra.
9:45 KSD—WEATHER REPORT.
9:55 KSD—GEORGE DUFFEY'S ORCHESTRA.
10:00 KMOX—Eddie Dunstetter's orchestra. WLL—Aces of the Air. KWK—Johnny Mulligan's orchestra. CJRA, Lathbridge (11:75 mcs.)—Sport Week.
10:15 WLL—Quartette. KMOX—Jan Garber's orchestra. KWK—Lou Brigg's orchestra.
10:30 KSD—JIMMY LUNCEFORD'S ORCHESTRA.
KWK—Press news. Henry King's orchestra.
10:45 KMOX—Lang Thompson's orchestra. WLL—The King of the King.
11:00 KSD—FLETCHER HENDERSON'S ORCHESTRA.
KMOX—Eddie Howard, organist. KWK—Dance orchestra.
11:15 KMOX—Carl Schreiner's orchestra.
11:30 KSD—ALFRED BARR'S ORCHESTRA.
WGN (720)—Guy Lombardo's orchestra. WLL—Club Calabash.
11:45 KMOX—Joseph Campbell's orchestra. WLL—Club Calabash.
12:00 KWK—Walt Disney's orchestra. WLL—Club Calabash.
12:15 KWK—Walt Disney's orchestra. WLL—Club Calabash.
12:30 KWK—Walt Disney's orchestra. WLL—Club Calabash.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Love's Genius

By Katherine McBride

UNA KALLER's tone was even and without a trace of feeling, as she replied to Lettie Lord's protesting, "Aren't you going a bit tabby-ed, Una?" Lettie, riding high in popularity through the long run of "Knights Still Bold," had all but expressed pity for Una, "featured" leading woman in the play, explaining that the management had agreed to pay her \$200 more per week for next season on tour.

Lettie, who had the ingenu role, had added: "I told him that you, too, deserved a raise; and I think you do; your work in the play is fine—really fine!" Una's eyes were laughing as she responded: "Thanks, Lettie! You don't know how your praising me encourages me to keep trying to get along."

Lettie flushed, and then, patently under restraint, suggested that Una—in her third year on the stage, not yet 23 years old, and of all leading ladies the actress liked best by the older, seasoned drama critics of the metropolis—was slightly catfish, not catfish. Lettie. You in this play are box-office; I am not. I'm simply a well-known name in the ads, and my good performance is taken for granted. I'm a staple, and I know it. But I know also that I can set rings round any other young player, woman or man, on the English-speaking stage today. I have no false modesty about that."

She paused, then went on: "What I lack is something that cannot be acquired by study, practice, or skill. It can't be counterfeited."

"You, Lettie, have something I lack; when you walk onto the stage, something seems to flow out from you into the hearts of the audience. There are nights, as I note the public's response to you, when I feel that I should willingly trade all I know about the art of acting for the something that's missing—the something which you possess so abundantly."

The young actresses had through the run; dined together on matinee days, made free with each other's "things"—cosmetics and the like—and most performances spent their "time out" together. The time out was the half-hour music interval; the matinee interval and 20 minutes at the beginning of the ensuing act when neither was on the stage. Neither had to change clothes for the act.

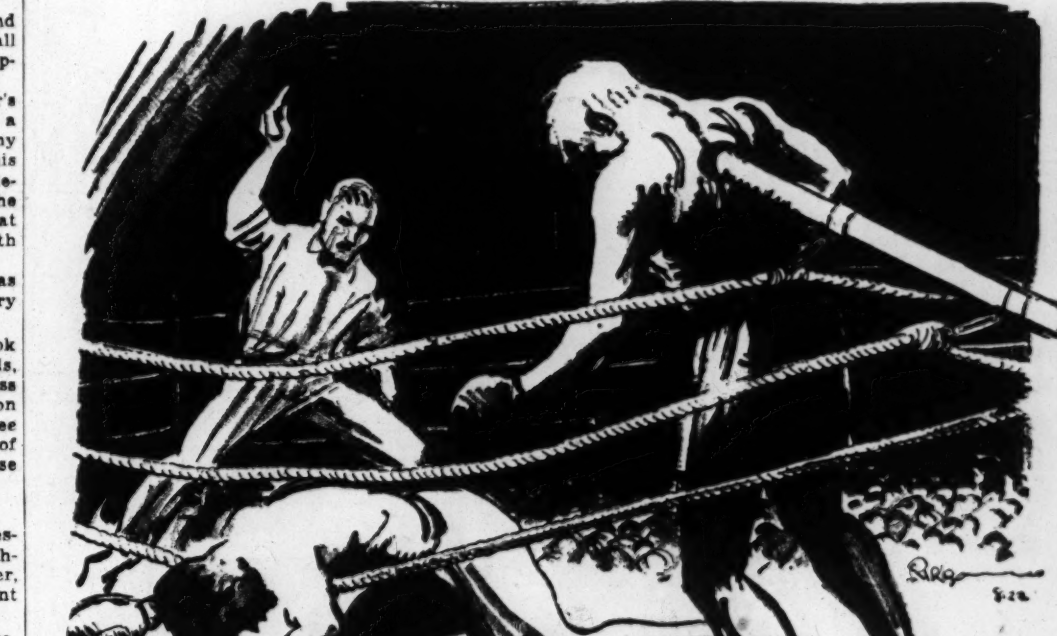
Lettie was spending the half-hour tonight in Una's dressing room, and was aglow about the management's compliments and the \$200 raise for the autumn. She was without a ready reply to Una's frank speech, and was still trying to think of one when her maid tapped and said: "Your brother is calling, Miss Lettie, and as he says he has only a minute, I've asked him here to Miss Una's room."

Lettie, and as he says he has only a minute, I've asked him here to Miss Una's room.

PAGE 5C

BELIEVE IT OR NOT

By RIPLEY



© 1934, King Features Syndicate, Inc. World rights reserved.

THE DOUBLE "KO"

BOB McCAMBRIDGE—VALE, Ore., High School KNOCKED OUT BOTH HIMSELF AND HIS OPPONENT WITH ONE BLOW!

HIS OPPONENT FELL INTO THE ROPES SO VIOLENTLY THAT THE CORNER POST WAS TORN FROM THE RING—AND STRUCK McCAMBRIDGE IN THE HEAD—PARALYZING HIM

BOTH BOYS WERE COUNTED OUT—AND THE BOULDER DECLARED A DRAW

MALONEY WILL OUTLAST THE BRITISH MONARCHY

Jefferson Heights, N.Y.

EXPLANATION OF YESTERDAY'S CARTOON

THE LUCK OF EDEN HALL.—This cup, one of the finest specimens of early glass, has long been in the possession of the Musgrave family of Eden Hall, Cumberland, England. It is reputed to have been seized from the "little people" by a retainer of the family at St. Cuthbert's Well, a pure water source on the estate. The Queen of the "little people" is reputed to have exclaimed, "Should the cup ever break or fall, Farewell the Luck of Eden Hall." The goblet is of an enamel-and-gold pattern, colored green, white, red and blue, and has long been kept in the vaults of the Bank of England to insure the continuance of the family fortunes. It is the subject of many ballads and legends.

RAT-TAIL MONEY.—Rats escaping from a shipwreck to Lord Howe's Island, about 360 miles east of Australia, presently multiplied so that they overran the island. The British Government offered a bounty of 8 cents for each rat killed to be paid upon the surrender of the rat's tail. The tails soon became so closely identified with the bounty that metallic money could be dispensed with, while the tail itself acquired an intrinsic value equal to 8 cents.

Lettie proved game. That night, for the first time since the encounter in New York, she visited Una in the latter's dressing room. "Una," she said, "those were great notices in all the papers today; but

of more importance is the fact that they belonged to you. Whatever is the change in you? You had me in excited tears all through the third act last night. I can't help wondering what you meant last

reason when you said there was something missing in your acting? Una laughed and kissed Lettie. "It's no longer missing, Lettie. I've got it now. Your brother and I are to be married tomorrow."

War on Crime—By Rex Collier

Bloodless Capture!

A STUDY BY THE FBI OF THE EARLY DAYS OF THE DILLINGER GANG SHOWED THAT AFTER KILLING POLICEMAN EAST CHICAGO, IND., THE GANG FLED TO FLORIDA AND THENCE TO TUCSON, ARIZ., WHERE

FIRE BROKE OUT IN THE HOTEL WHERE SOME OF DILLINGER'S GANG WERE STOPPING. TWO FACES SEEN STRANGELY FAMILIAR TO A FIREMAN

YES, SIR, CHIEF, I'M SURE OF IT! THESE ARE THE TWO MEN WHO KILLED ME AND MY PARTNER IN THE HOTEL ROOM!

RECALLING PUBLISHED PICTURES OF DILLINGER GANGSTERS, THE FIREMAN NOTIFIED POLICE AND IDENTIFIED THE TWO MEN AS CHAS. MAXLEY AND BOB CARPENTER, WHOSE IDENTIFIED PART OF THEIR LOOT AS FROM THE EAST CHICAGO BANK ROBBERY!

Ned Brant at Carter—By Bob Zupple

A Story of College Athletics

MIND IF I ASK YOUR COUSIN A FEW QUESTIONS, COACH?

I WANT A SHOT OF HIM ALONE, TOO

I SUPPOSE YOU HOPE TO BE AS GOOD A FOOTBALL PLAYER AS YOUR FAMOUS COUSIN

WELL, I'M GOING TO DO MY BEST EVERY TIME I PUT ON A SUIT

YOU DON'T LOOK LIKE A BOY WHO WOULD EXPECT TO MAKE THE TEAM JUST BECAUSE HIS COUSIN WAS COACH

IF I HAD TO MAKE THE TEAM THAT WAY, I WOULDN'T PLAY

THE KID WAS ALL STATE HIGH SCHOOL HALFBACK LAST YEAR!

YOUNG MED BRANT, EIGHT EIGHTY EIGHT, WILL BE ON THE TEAM

Marriage Licenses Births Recorded Burial Permits

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Births Recorded

Burial Permits

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

AT CLAYTON

BIRTHS REQUIRED

Angelo Patris Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Advice to Parents

Daily in the POST-DISPATCH

Angelo Patris

Toonerville Folks—By Fontaine Fox

(Copyright, 1936.)



Popeye—By Segar

There's Romance in the Sea

(Copyright, 1936.)



Skippy—By Percy L. Crosby

"Cutting" Words

(Copyright, 1936.)



Jane Arden—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



The Best Way to Beat 'em

By ARTHUR "BUGS" BAER

WE got a tip for this afternoon that will loop you. It's name is French Sirlon. Anybody who has ever been to Paris will tell you that French Sirlon is plenty of boss. He's all boss.

We stepped out of line last week



on Beetle Face in the third. This was a claiming race. Beetle Face finished last, with his jockey claiming he had been bumped, the bookies claiming they had been double-crossed and the public claiming it was as crooked as a dining snake. When better claiming races than that are run we'll be on the committee.

We should have started scoring in the first like the baseball game at an Elk's picnic. But a jockey swung his hose out under than an adagio dancer in Radio City Music Hall.

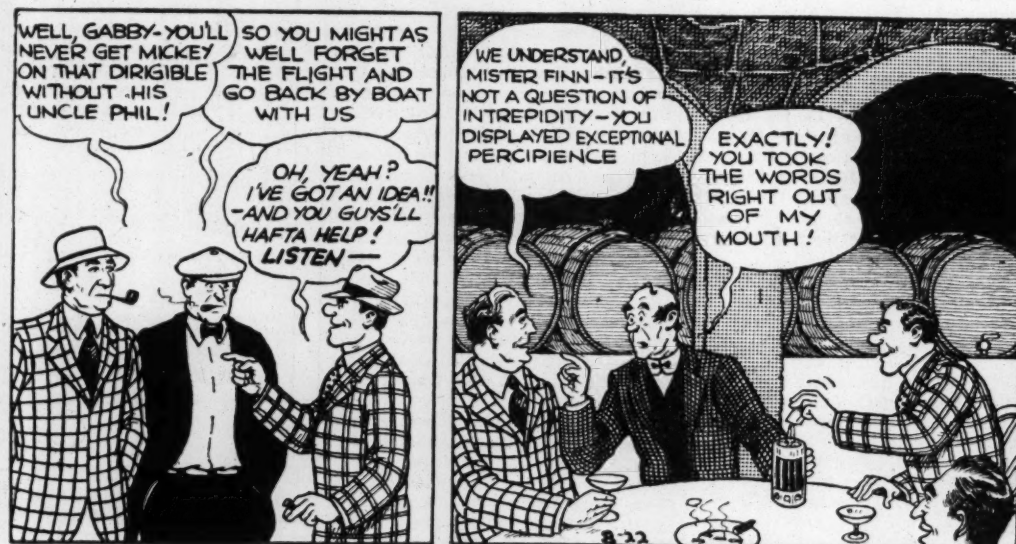
We got the winner for next Saturday night in our pocket. It's a \$5 bill we ain't going to bet. It stays in the pocket with the seam squirrels. But that doesn't square us for the ex losers we had last Saturday. They were in the bag like Long Island potatoes. But somebody tried them.

WRIGLEY'S
SPEARMINT
THE PERFECT GUM
THE FLAVOR LASTS

Mickey Finn—By Lank Leonard

He's Dopy

(Copyright, 1936.)



Henry—By Carl Anderson

(Copyright, 1936.)



Li'l Abner—By Al Capp

Said the Spider to the Fly

(Copyright, 1936.)



The Bungle Family—By Harry J. Tuthill

Fore

(Copyright, 1936.)



A WANT AD MA
BE CALLING YO

To come and take
profitable opportu
of today's want ad

VOL. 88. No. 353.

MRS. MUENCH
AND AIDS
BABY HOA
CONVICTE

Fines Decided on After O
Juror Holds Out Agai
Jail Sentences — So
Were in Favor of Ma
mum Penalty.

48 BALLOTS TAKEN
TO REACH VERDICT

Mrs. Muench and Wilfr
Jones Assessed \$4
Each, Dr. Muench \$3
and Mrs. Helen Berroy
\$150.

By a Staff Correspondent of
Post-Dispatch.

KAHOKA, Mo., Aug. 22.—Mrs. Nellie Tipton Muench and three co-defendants were found guilty by a Clark County jury of the perpetration of their notorious baby hoax which the Post-Dispatch exposed last September.

Mrs. Muench and Attorney Wilfred Jones, the baby broker, were fined \$450 each. Dr. Ludwig Muench, husband of Mrs. Muench, was fined \$350, and Mrs. Helen Berroy, friend of the Muenchs, \$150.

The fact that no jail sentences were imposed, the Post-Dispatch correspondent learned, was due to the persistence of one juror who voted "not guilty" through many ballots for all the defendants, a later only as to Mrs. Berroy.

The jury might have imposed sentences up to one year, plus fines of \$1000, had it assessed the maximum punishment. Some jurors voted for the maximum penalty.

Comment of Jurors.
Several jurors discussed the verdict with the correspondent, but would not permit use of the names for publication. "We wanted to give them heavier penalties including jail sentences," one said "but that was the best we could do."

Another juror, who said he was not satisfied with the penalties added: "We did the best we could. Of the juror who voted for acquittal through many ballots, one juror said: 'We argued and begged and pleaded, but he would not vote with the majority. Finally, by abandoning all jail penalties which were favored by the majority, we were able to win him over.'"

The correspondent learned that if the majority of the jurors insisted on jail sentences for four defendants it would have been impossible for them to return a verdict. The verdict they returned was a compromise.

13 Hours, 48 Ballots.
If the jurors had elected to so, they might, under the Court instructions, have convicted two or more of the defendants, conspiracy and found the other not guilty.

Circuit Judge Walter A. Higbee, presiding over the trial, ended the jurors for their patience, continuing their deliberations through more than 13 hours in stifling heat of a sweltering jury room on the second floor of the courthouse.

During their deliberations, jurors took 48 ballots. The first ballot was 10 to 2 for conviction and before last midnight the vote was 11 to 1 for conviction.

Judge and Mrs. Muench.
As Judge Higbee left the courtroom, after court had been adjourned, Mrs. Muench edged through the crowd to him, began to shake his hand, leaving and want to say good-bye to him.

"I also want to tell you," Mrs. Muench said as she stared at him, "that if you had one drop of blood in your veins you would be disqualified yourself." Apparently she meant to imply that she thought the Court was prejudiced against her.

Judge Higbee, somewhat amused at her remark, just smiled and patted her. "All right, all right," he said. "The four defendants were charged with criminal conspiracy to train a child in the juvenile court, without approval of the juvenile court, so that Mrs. Muench, as represented that she was a mother and Dr. Marsh Fitzmaurice, a physician, its father."

Only One Court of Appeal.
Any appeal which may be taken by the defendants would be by the St. Louis Court of Appeals, since the offense was committed in this state.

Continued on Page 3, Column 1